IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette.

THE OFFICES OF THE 'BOMBAY GAZETTE' are now situate IN HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 56,011.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 21, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY, MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 2-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
26th July.	EGYPT	8020	.....	...
2nd Aug.	SALSETTE...	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	10000
9th ,,	PERSIA ...	8000	.....	...
16th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MALOJA	12500
23rd ,,	CALEDONIA.	8000	.....	...
30th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
6th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
13th ,,	INDIA	8000	MACEDONIA...	10500
20th ,,	ARCADIA ...	7000	.....	...
27th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

21st Feb.	CALEDONIA ...	8000	.....	...
28th ,,	MALOJA	12500	.....	...
7th Mar.	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	9500	.....	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE....	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA....	7000	.....	...
4th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA....	10000
2nd May	CALEDONIA....	8000	.....	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE.		RETURN.	
	"A" rate. Rs.	"B" rate. Rs.	"A" rate. Rs.	"B" rate Rs.
To MARSEILLES.	594 or 495		891 or 742-8	
,, LONDON	627 or 528		940-8 or 792	

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on
Nera	5685	Lassince	30th July, 1913
Sydney	4142	Rat	27th Aug. 1913
Polynesien.	6385	Eschenauer	24th Sept '13
Dumbea	5685	Aumeran	22nd Oct. 1913.

PASSAGE FARES (including table wine)

		1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) ..	Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) ..	,,	891	743	405
To London (single) ..	,,	660	528	270
Do. (return) ..	,,	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One Sailing every 4 Weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES AND GENOA

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Port Said ..	5167	A. Muzio	20th Aug. 1913
Red' Italia..	6237	.....	17th Sept, 1913
A steamer ..	6000	.....	15th Oct. 1913
A steamer ..	6000	.....	12th Nov. 1913
A steamer ..	6000	.....	10th Dec. 1913
A steamer ..	6000	.....	7th Jan. 1914
A steamer ..	6000	.....	4th Feb. 1914
A steamer ..	6000	.....	4th Mar. 1914
A steamer ..	6000	.....	1st Apr. 1914
A steamer ..	6000	.....	29th ,, 1914

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER, AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available for two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special rates for Missionaries. Passengers can break journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste

Subject to alterations. For further particulars, apply to G. FERRERO, Agent. Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route
Dumra	1695	Thurs. 24th July.	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2185	Friday 25th July	6 a.m.	direct.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 24th July, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Bankura," 3,159, tons, on Thursday the 24th July, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Lindula	3358	Thursday 24th July.
*Pentakota	3413	,, 7th Aug.
†Pundua	3305	,, 21st ,,
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 4th Sept.

†Calls at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY. 21st July, 1913.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay 1913.
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	23rd July
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	3rd Aug.
*Elysia ..	6368	J.A.Coverley ..	17th Aug.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	1st Sept.
Olympia ..	5124	J. Kinnaird ..	17th Sept.
*Circassia ..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	15th Oct.
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	26th Oct.
*Elysia ..	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	29th Nov.
Olympia ..	5124	J Kinnaird ..	13th Dec. 1914
*Circassia ..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	16th Jan.
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	31st Jan.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES,	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., AGENTS, Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FROM NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO
TURNER MORRISON & CO., Agents

CLARKES B 41 PILLS

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE :—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armitsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities,

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY, RALPH KIDD, Acting Manager.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up ..	Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	,, ,,	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits....	,, ,,	627,775

LONDON OFFICE :—36, Bishopsgate E. C.—

BRANCHES :—

Bombay.	Cebu	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT, Ag. Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE, 42-43 Church Gate Street.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE :—Gresham Buildings.

PAID UP CAPITAL	Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 1,00,000

Banking business of every description transacted.

PRESENT RATE for SHORT DEPOSITS

Payable in 15 day's notice 2½ per cent. under Bank Rate.
Payable at 30 days' notice 2 per cent under Bank Rate.
Payable at 60 days' notice 1 per cent. under Bank Rate.

NO CHANCE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSITED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital show the Bank's progress in 1912

31st January, 1912 ..	Rs.	8,00,000
30th April, ,, ...	Rs.	24,00,000
31st July ,, ...	Rs.	52,00,000
30th December ,, ...	Rs.	100,00,000

S. N. POCKHANAWALA (C.A.I.B.), London. Manager.

"ROYAL" POINTS.

We have recently accepted the agency of the "ROYAL" TYPEWRITERS and have just unpacked our first consignment of these far-famed machines.

The "ROYAL"	is the most visible of all visible writers.
The "ROYAL"	is a modern, high-grade machine in every respect.
The "ROYAL"	has a Universal Keyboard comprising eighty-four characters, including fractions and other special marks.
The "ROYAL"	retains all its letters in true alignment *permanently* and is noted for the fine quality of its work.
"The ROYAL'S"	type-faces are ingeniously protected so that they cannot become battered by striking one type upon the back of another.
The "ROYAL'S"	Tabulator is operated by a natural forward pressure, which is quick and positive in its action. This device is useful in paragraphing and is a time saver in addressing envelopes, telegrams, statements, analyses and many other uses.
The "ROYAL'S"	Back-Space Key, another time-saver, which moves the carriage back one space, is one of its most useful features and greatly appreciated by operators.
The "ROYAL'S"	Two colour arrangement is unequalled for Stencil work a touch on the lever throws the ribbon out of operation. It is a boon for operators in not staining the hands or clothes and saves the trouble of frequently lowering the ribbon.
The "ROYAL"	is light running and speedy.
The "ROYAL"	has scarcely more than half as many parts as other standard typewriters, yet contains every essential feature; is compact, portable and light.
The "ROYAL"	is simple and durable and will do work of the best quality for a greater length of time than any other typewriter.
The "ROYAL"	meets every modern requirement.
The "ROYAL"	will do every kind of work that can be reasonably demanded of a typewriter.
The "ROYAL"	has an exceptionally heavy Manifolder and will make more Carbon copies than any other machine.
The "ROYAL"	has other practical improvements, the advantages of which will be apparent upon examination of the machine.
The "ROYAL"	is universally approved for the sole reason that it has proved itself the most satisfactory and economical and is sold at a reasonable price.

Should you desire to see how the "ROYAL" works please call at our establishment, or make an appointment at your office, when our operator will bring a machine for your inspection.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

SOLE AGENTS.
95, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 400,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS :—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shiply & Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E D Sassoon & Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE :

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE :

Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER, Acting Manager

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.....	,,	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antang-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)	
Bombay	Nagasaki	
Calcutta	Newchang	
Changchun	New York	
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka	
Hankow	Pekin	
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur.	
Honolulu	San Francisco	
Kobe	Shanghai	
Lioyaang	Tihling	
London	Tienstin	
Lyons	Tokyo	
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)	

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

S. UJIYE,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 415.000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

A. SCOTT SMITH, Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,200,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipok	Johore
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tienstin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hangkow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Pekin	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs.1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON, Agent,

40, Church Gate Street.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils,
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand,
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease,
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150	in cases.
White Rose	150	,, ,,
Chester	125	,, ,,
Devoe's	125	,, ,,
Monkey	125	,, ,,

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125 in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

Retail Agents for Bombay.

Messrs. F. M. CHINOY & Co., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS } SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY { LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND KARACHI.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES.

PETER'S AND NESTLE'S SWISS CHOCOLATES,
CADBURY'S AND FRY'S ENGLISH CHOCOLATES,
MORIONDS AND GARIGLIO'S ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
HELLERS' AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES,
KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES,
And Regal and Tudor Assortment of Chocolates.

NUT CHOCOLATE, MILK CHOCOLATE, CHOCOLATE NOUGAT, Chocolate Biscuits, Liqueur Chocolate, Chocolate Pralines, Chocolate in tablets, Chocolate in tins, and large assortment of beautiful chocolate boxes suitable for presentation.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Registered in { London on 27th June, 1905. Bombay on 16th August, 1910.

COLONIAL REGISTER KEPT AT BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PREFERENCE SHARES TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED, from the 24th day of July, 1913 to 6th day of August, 1913, both days inclusive, for preparation of Warrants for the Dividend payable to Shareholders, Registered on the 24th day of July, 1913, for the half year ending 15th August, 1913.

By Order of the Board,
C. LUCAS,
C. D. BAKER,
Joint Acting Managers.
Bombay, 21st July, 1913.

NOTICE is hereby given that from the 1st of August next, the "SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI S. N. Coy." will DISCONTINUE to run their Mail Service, Bombay-Genoa, which will be taken over by the "SOCIETA MARITTIMA ITALIANA S. S. COY."

This Agency will nevertheless continue in charge of the settlement of all pending transactions.

G. FERRERO,
AGENT: "Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi S. S. Coy. and Societa Marittima Italiana S. S. Coy."

LOST.

LOST by my Customs Clerk, on Friday, the eleventh inst., at Church Gate or Marine Lines, a BUNDLE of G. C. NOTES containing Rs. 700. The honest finder who returns same to the Undersigned or any person who can give information leading to the finding of the money will be handsomely rewarded.

A. D. MYER,
Dharavi.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ., RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP, AND LEAD SCRAP, PIECES OF OLD BRASS TUBES, BRASS BORINGS, ETC.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.), on WEDNESDAY, the 13th August 1913, for the purchase of above which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bunder, Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi, and at this Depot.

TENDERS.—These must be made out in the Company's authorized forms, which can be had on application to the undersigned at his office on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 and a minimum of Rs. 200 only), must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit, without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or order."

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.

NOTE.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

Applicants are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove within one month from the date of acceptance of Tender.

W. L. SHAW,
Ag. General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 11th July, 1913.

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette," Ld.

AMUSEMENTS.

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6-30 AND 10, COMPLETE PROGRAMME.
AT 8-30, PICTURES ONLY.

A GALAXY OF GOOD THINGS

The Programme speaks for itself:—.

WITH SCOTT TO THE POLE.
Being a pictorial record of the most sensational Expedition the world has ever known, taken by Mr. H. G. Ponting the official Cinematographer—
Exclusive to the Excelsior.

THE JACKOWLEWS,
the famous Russian dancers, by permission of the Royal Opera House Management in a new dancing and singing scena.

Mr. G. E. STILLWELL.
The Man with two distinctive personalities
KITTO
The American Patter Comedian and two more fine films, a Bumper Programme.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

ARRANGEMENT

Two Variety Performances on SUNDAY, at 6-45 and 10 p.m. One Performance, at 6-45 every evening during visit of the Court Cards.

Mlle. ROSHANARA
Special Indian Dances by request of the Bombay public.
(a) JINJOTIE GAZELLE.
In devotion to the Deities
(b) LALLA ROOKH.
In praise of a Spring Garden
The much admired
(c) SNAKE DANCE.

Mlles. BENZONI and DORION
the superb ballet dancers in an exquisite enactment.
THE LOVERS (Les Amoreux)

JACKOVLEW TRIO
in an entirely new role will provide a lively scena "SAILORS ASHORE."

The Feature Film.
THE SEEKER
A story thrilling with human passion.

Farcical:—"FURS."
A MAN OF MYSTERY.
THE ELEVENTH HOUR.
A farcical progress from a Cannibal Cauldron to a Throne.

Prices: Private Boxes from Rs. 3 to Rs. 12; Orchestra Stalls, Rs. 2; Stalls, Re. 1; Circle, Re. 1; Balcony, As. 8; Gallery, As. 4.
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OUR ATANK NIGRAH PILLS ARE THE WORLD'S ALL
as they give strength and vigour much desired. They are in use throughout the World, amongst rich and poor, males, and females, young and old. They require no obervance of diet, and in all seasons blessing the users with memory, energy, good appetite, etc., thus restoring them to full health.
Re. 1 for a tin with 32 Pills.
Available Everywhere.
Or from:—
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MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

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TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
Another "A 1" Exclusive.
COME AND SEE
THE GREAT VITAGRAPH PICTURE-PORTRAYAL
RED AND WHITE ROSES.
A Story of Life in Political Circles,
DEEP AND SOUL-STIRRING PATHOS!
INTENSE HUMAN INTEREST!
Also a full Programme of Comics.
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY,
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PRIZE SHOWS—SATURDAY and SUNDAY, 5-30 to 6-30 P. M.
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C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
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SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

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TAKE BATLIWALA'S
AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS
for Fever, Ague, or Influenza. They are a certain cure.
Price Re. 1 each.

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For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Re. 1-8 each.

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Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each

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Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

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DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY **PRICE Rs. 5.**

THE
Bombay Gazette
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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths
FROM
1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

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HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

A BOON AND A BLESSING TO WOMANKIND.
DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR LADIES
A Safe, Reliable and Certain Remedy for Irregularities, Delay and Functional Troubles. Ladies who once use them invariably keep a bottle in hand ready for emergencies. Refuse substitutes, no other remedy is 'just as good.' Insist on having Dr LeClerc's Pills for Ladies & you will not be disappointed. The genuine have words 'EUGENE LE CLERC' on Govt Stamp affixed to every package. Price 2/9 with full directions (Postage to Colonies 3d extra) from Dr Le Clerc Medicine Co. Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. Sold by LENNON, LTD all branches in South Africa. BEWARE OF USELESS IMITATIONS.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

G. MEHTA & CO., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdul Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

ROOMS TO LET in Elphinstone Circle Buildings, for residence, with Verandah, Bath Room, Kitchen, and Servants' quarters. Rent Rs. 50 to Rs. 100. Apply to D. NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10. Apply to Box No. 413, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 29,00,000
HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA
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Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.
CORRESPONDENTS.
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 upto Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 16TH MAY, 1895.)
CAPITAL AUTHORISED .....Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED .....Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP .....Rs. 9,71,432
RESERVE FUND (in Govt. Papers) Rs. 9,25,000
HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
BRANCHES—
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D.I. Khan, Ferozpore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

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LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out-stations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SRI RAM, B.A.
Manager.
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—20 h. p. Clement Bayard Car 6 cylinder, special magneto, Bosch dual, ignition, dynamo, electric lights, dashboard lamp, stepney wheel, Edison accumulators, speedmeter, glass screen, horn, hood and tools. In perfect running order. Owner buying larger car. Price Rs. 5,500. Apply to W. L. WELDOW, High Court, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—Offers are invited for the PURCHASE of any or all of the undermentioned PROPERTIES. Intending purchasers should communicate with the Undersigned, between the hours of 3 to 6 in the afternoon, offers will be accepted till 25th instant.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES.

1. Land adjoining to the road on the sea side west of Palli Hill, Bandra, near the European Gymkhana commanding a good view suitable for building purposes, admeasuring about 15,000 square yards and studded with Mango grafts yielding annually a very good income and also about 14,000 square yards of Paddy fields, on the West side of Palli Hill, near Amabai Petit's Orphanage.

2 Land at Malla, adjoining the road, opposite to Mr. M. Jalbhai Sett's property with out-house. Stable, Mango trees, and wells, a suitable locality for plantation with profits.

3 Batty and Paddy fields at Kastwady, Palli, Kari and Irla Parla, almost all adjoining to the road, also useful for plantation or building purposes.

(The total area about a lac of square yards).

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

REV. DR. B. DE MONTE,
Arbitrator,
Bhuleshwar Cathedral,
Bombay.

THE FINEST PEARS.—Will be ready the latter end of July, and APPLES in August. Sent to any part of India, by V.P. Parcel Post at Rs. 4-2 per 9lb. basket. Apples and Pears from Bundrole Orchards were supplied to H. M. The King-Emperor. Apply to A. H. LEE, BUNDROLE ORCHARDS, Kulu, Punjab.

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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

WANTED.

WANTED FOR SERVICE, in the Mombasa, Water Supply Works of the British East Africa Protectorate, a QUALIFIED COMPOUNDER. Salary Rs. 60 per mensem. Period of engagement twelve months. For further particulars apply in writing with copies of certificates to:—

MESSRS. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents in India,
British Protectorates in Africa,
Nicol Road, Ballard Pier, Bombay.

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WANTED.—ROOM and BOARD, with private family, for European gentleman. Moderate terms. Apply to Box No. 950, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A SMART CONTRACTOR, for the sale of Newspapers. Applicants must be prepared to deposit Rs. 100 as security on appointment or applications will not be considered. Apply with full particulars to MANAGER, 'Bombay Gazette."

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TO LET.—TOP FLOOR, PINTO MANSION, Sussex Road, Byculla, TO LET. Rent Rs. 60. Apply within.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

CEMENT
Phaeton Brand.
Guaranteed best English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

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BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY, at Girgaum Road and Agiary Street.

MESSRS. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 21st instant, sell by Public Auction, at 5 p. m. (S.T.), on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Mahant Ramprasad, and on account and risk of the mortgagors, Atmaram Ramchander Jayakar, since deceased, Ganpatrao Atmaram Jayakar, Gajanand Atmaram Jayakar, Vinayek Atmaram Jayakar, Ramchandra Gunpatrao Jayakar and Shamrao Gunpatrao Jayakar, both minors under an indenture of mortgage, dates the 30th March, 1911, made by their father and natural guardian, the said Ganpatrao Atmaram Jayakar, and Shrikrishna Gajanand Jayakar, and Yeshwantrao Gajanand Jayakar, both minors, by their father and natural guardian, the said Gajanand Atmaram Jayakar, the following properties:—

LOT No. 1.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at and fronting the Girgaum Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurements 190 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of the land containing by admeasurement four hundred and sixteen square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 11 and 59, New Nos. 63 and 549, Old Survey No. 247 and New Survey No. 246 and bounded on the East by the property described in Lot No. 2, on the West by Pallow Road now called Girgaum Road, on the North by Agiary Road and on the South by the property of Pandharinath Madanji and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward Nos. 2050, and Sereet Nos. 359, 361 and 363, and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the Mortgagors.

LOT No. 2.

All that piece or parcel of pension and Tax land together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at, and fronting Agiary Street without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 210 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of the land containing by admeasurements 416 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 11 and 59, New Nos. 63, 549, Old Survey No. 247 and New Survey No. 246 and bounded on the East by the property of Damodardas Ramji, on the West partly by the property described in lot No. 1 and partly by the property of Dadabhai Nusserwanji Kerawala on the North by Agiary Road and on the South by the property of Vasudeo Luximanji, and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward Nos. 3977 and 3978 and Street Nos. 154 and 1 and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the Mortgagor's tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Baishanker, Kanga and Girdharlal, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF SANDLEWOOD.

In accordance with sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Messrs. BENNETT and Co will on MONDAY, the 4th proximo at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Wari Bunder.

Re-Kothapur to Wari Bunder Invoice No. 350 of 14-4-13, one consignment of sandlewood.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 21st July, 1913.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best. Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

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Monthly...	„ 2
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For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette."

See Special Short Advertisements Column.

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For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

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AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

MR. EDGAR WARWICK

PRESENTS THE

COURT CARDS

In their novel and unique entertainment

MUSIC, MIRTH, MELODY, EXCELLENCE & REFINEMENT.

DON'T MISS THE

MALE QUARTETTE

Doors open 9-15, Curtain 10 P. M.

PRICES :—Rs. 5, 3 and 1.

Plan of Seats at ROSE & Co.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain Penny, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi 17th July with a general cargo and passengers.

The P and O S N Co's steamer Salsette, 2391 tons, Captain A. F. Vine, R. N. R. sailed on Saturday for Aden, with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Lindenfels, 3,525 tons Captain H. Muller, sailed on Sunday for Bremen and Hamburg via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The B I S N Co's steamer Shirala, 3399 tons, Captain E W Peck, sailed on Saturday for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

The steamer Mahronda, 4921 tons, Captain H. M. Armstrong sailed on Sunday for Dunkirk and London, with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 18th July 1913, should be regarded as a Non Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks. It has also been decided that Friday, 18th July 1913 should be considered as a Non Weather Working Day in the stream.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Bankura, 1905 tons, Captain T. B. K. Whytehead, which arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Busreh 6th July, via Karachi brought a general cargo and 1 cabin and 20 deckpassengers.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JULY 19.

Astoria ... 2743 Hogan .....T M and Co
Banca.....3794 Garwood .....P and O Co
Breconian .... 2577 Jones ....K N and Co
Cleopatra.....2129 Fronovich .. A L S N Co
City of Birmingham ...4038 .....Haughton ... K N & Co
Hortinee... 994 Fanning.....T Morrison & Co
Kasara..... .. 505 Morrison .....M M and Co
Khosron.....2410 Hannah .....Jeddah..... T M and Co
Kamakura Maru ...3798 Hori.....N Y Kaisha
Lindula.....2133 Walk .... M M and Co
Lawoe .....1917 Coates .. ..Jeddah ..... Khundwa
Marinaris ...Comdr Muhlis ...Turkish G Boat
Nyanza...2642 Mcallister.....W and A G & Co
Nairung.....2862 McNeil .....T M & Co
Ramsay..... 2739 Mullan ..... P and O Co
Salamis... 2796 Rodger...Portsaid.. T M & Co
Scharzfels ..2533 Stryker...W and A G and Co
Stephanotis...2584 Geoghegge...A Yale and Co
Schildturm...3187 Klappenberg ..W & A G &Co
Sofala.....3435 Moth .....M M & Co
Trieste.....3203 Grimme.....A L S N Co
Islawi... .. .. 1604 Hughes .....T M & Co
Canara.....3389 Dogge .. Java...M M and Co

VESSELS IN DOCK. JULY 19.

PRINCE'S DOCK

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
C & R Dido ...	3127	Williams ..	Hall...	24-7	J F and Co
& E Neumfels...	3541	Freiclis	Karachi.....		W and A G and Co
F Umta 3492		Babb ...	C'cutta...	21-7.....	M M & Co
G Budrie 1613		Fisher.....	Arab Strs Ld		
H Umsinga ..1369		Cox..Liverpool...	W & A G & Co		
K Villa-de-Oran.....30 4		Masson ...	! M & Co		
M Arcadia 3514		Barchan	P and O Co		
N Baron Balfour ..2653...		Symonds...	J F & Co		
O Salient...2419		West Cott...	24-7 S	Smid & Co	
P Clan Sinclair...3291		Smith ...	Antwerp...	1-8	J Finlay & Co
Q Abydos 1940		Davies...	Karachi ...	28-7...	B and A S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 City of Bristol...4345 Henderson... K'chi... 25-7...K N & Co
3 City of Bombay 3353 Scarry .. .K N & Co
4 Hidalgo .. ..2760 Horbord ...Huli ...25-7 J F & Co
5 Saaed.....157 Bonefield Port Said . Arab Strs Ld
6 Kybfels ...3159 Frisins ...Hamburg...19-7 W & A G & Co
8 Sildra ...2097 Bryn..... The Bombay Co
10 & 11 Chupra...3954 McFadyn...Antwerp... 21-7...M M & Co
12 & 13 Egypt ...4207 Summers London ... 19-7...P and O Co
14 Lhasa...950 Penny...Karachi .. M M & Co
15 Bombay Maru ...3398 Fazawa ...Kobe... 23-7...N Y Kaisha
16 Kirkfield ...3060 Dermody .. Jeddah... ... 25-7...T M and Co

Offside O

Scindia ..3253 Kelso .....Liverpool ...23-7..... W and A G & Co

Offside N

Markgraf.....2325 Tantzen .... A S & Co

H W P D

Netravati.....639 Fakeera .....B S N Co
Sabarmati.....124 Samsoodin ...Bo S N Co

ARRIVALS

July	Vessel.	Commanders	Destination
19	Bankura	Whytehead	Busreh, July 6
	Lhasa	Penny	Karachi, July 17

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels	Commanders.	From
19	Salsette	Vine..... ...	Aden
	Sicilia	Ronchi.....	Genca &c
	Meteor.....	Remnersson	Karachi
	Shirala.....	Peck.....	Karachi
20	Lindenfels ..	Moll r	Hamburg &c
	Mahronda ...	Armstrong.	Dunkirk &c

The following vessels obtained port clearances yesterday :—

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the morning of the June 18.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Stuart, arrived in London on the evening of the June 19.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Chanda, left Gibraltar on the evening of the June 17.

DAILY EXPORTS JULY 19.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Scindia s—400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 250 bales wool, B Hurbhum, 347 cwts cottonseed, sawri, R Harichand ; 13 bales wool D Kundannull ; 50 bales wool, H K M Jetha ; 56 bales wool, Bombay Co ; 104 bales wool, R Agarchand ; 34 bales wool, D Sasoon and Co.

City of Bombay s—1 bale wool, F F Campbell and Co ; 105 cwts gum arabic, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—9 cask chutney, F Nawroji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—2,900 gram, Ralli Bros.

City of Bombay s—200 cwts gum arabic, M Jafferbhoy ; 4,000 cwts wheat, K Devchand and Co.

FOR HULL.

Dido s—5,000 cwts cottonseed, A Khimjee; Hidalgo s—1,0001 cwts cottonseed, A Khimjee ; 12,000 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—110 cwts mica T Jones and Co ; 192 cwts rubber, A H A Shaiwala ; 26 casks chutney, F Nawrojee ; 18 casks Indian condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons ; 10 casks Indian condiments D D Framjee and Co ; 20 cask Indian condiments, D Dadabhoy ; 626 cwts turmeric, M Jafferbhoy ; 40 bales cotton and wool cutting M Samji ; 19 bales goat skins, E N Stein.

Mahronda s—5,089 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Mahronda s—3,200 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros

FOR HAMBURG.

Neunfels s—1,631 bales cottonfly, 151 bales cotton low, W Wolf and Sons. 50 bales hemp, E Oomersey ; 6,500 cwts mowraseed L Dreyfus and Co 55 bales cotton K Visram and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Cleopatra s—4,193 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros ; 332 cwts gum olibanum, P Jethabhoy ; 375 cwts gum olibanum, J Nurbheram and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Cleopatra s—1,999 cwts teelseed Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Cleopatra s—2,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, K Visram and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Clan Sinclare s—55 bales cotton waste, 55 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 80 bales cottonfly, K Visram and Co.

Chupra s— 7,400 cwts linseed, 500 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—500 bales cotton twist, M B Kaisha.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.

Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 20th July.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Ahwaz, Mohammerah, Schoushter, and Dizful should bear instructions "Post Bushire" till further notice (1-5-13).

Greek administration notify correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Salonika, Lemnos, Florina, Vodena, Servia, Kozana, Elassona, re-opened via Eastern. Bulgarian administration notify opening to International Service following places Prisvich, Gnailane, Gostiva, Kousouka, Krativa, Kitchsko, Vizes (Keoprulu), Bouchitron, Botolia (Monastir). Rates for abovementioned places same as for Europe (24-5-13).

Telegrams for all places in States of Cohuila, Chihua, Morelos, Sinola, in Mexico are accepted at sender's risk (1-4-13).

Telegrams for Buenos Ayres in Argentine Republic intended to be transmitted by cable to destination should be marked via Madeira (2-5-13).

Communications with Mexican States of Chihua for Cayenne are sent by the southern routes via Salinas (23-5-13).

Telegrams for islands of Metelin, Thassos Samothrace, Samos, Imbros, Ikrie, Pasra may be accepted at the same rates as in the case of Islands of Greece. Telegrams are despatched by best means with delay (2-6-13).

Cable between Jamaica and Colon interrupted (11-6-13).

Telegrams to Atzila are subject to long delay and should be accepted at sender's risk (16-6-13).

Islands of Chio and Metelin are now connected by cable and opened to international service. Rates same as for Greek Islands (24-6-13).

Telegrams for Salonika can no longer be sent via Servian territory. (17-7-13).

Private telegrams in code and cipher for Roumania are prohibited. (This applies only to Telegrams for Offices in Roumania. (12-7-13)

Exchange of telegrams with Bulgarian office at Salonika is suspended. (9-7-13).

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The charges for announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

EUROPE.

MARRIAGE.

BRUCE : NICHOLSON.—On the 28th June, at St. Mary's Church, Shackleford, Godalming, by the Rev. J.C. Montgomery, Rector of Shackleford, Captain Henry Harvey Bruce, M.V.O., Royal Navy, of H.M.S. Hercules, son of the late Captain Sir Thomas Cuppage Bruce, Royal Navy, to Nina Broome Nicholson, elder daughter of the late Mr. F. E. Nicholson, of Ashfield, Balby, and Leicester House, Doncaster.

INDIA.

MARRIAGE.

WEBB—CLIFF.—At Lahore, on the 17th July, Charles Archibald Webb, son of the late Edward Charles Hervey Webb, Esq., of Harrow-on-the-Hill, and late of the Accounts Department, U. P., to Violet Kathleen, third daughter of Mrs. F. Cliff, of Dunleath, Murree Hills, and of Captain William Cliff, Retired List.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, Extra-ordinary General Meeting, 89 Apollo Street, 3 p.m.
Harwood Association Football League : Y. M. C. A. vs. Commercial Gymkhana. Cooperage, 5-45 p. m.
Dancing Festival, Royal Opera House, between 7 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Excelsior Cinematograph, 6-30 to 8 ; 8-30 to 9-30 ; and 10 to 11-30.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim : Avarice is a murderer to the avaritious.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-20
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

The Vurjeevandas Madowdass Charitable Dispensary at Sion—During the month of June the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 1291, among them the number of new admissions was 386 being classfied as stated below: Hindoos 257, Mussulmans 56, Christians 33, and other class 40. The average daily attendance was 43·1.

SUN, MOON, AND TIDES, AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Meantime; depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	July	h. m.	ft. in.
Sat	19	m 4 57	16 8
		6 7 a	19 4
Sun	20	m 5 31	16 5
		6 41 a	18 11
Mon	21	m 6 7	16 1
		7 2 a	18 7
Tues	22	m 0 59	28 7
		1 28 a	27 18
Wed	23	m 1 30	25 7
		1 54 a	27
Thurs ...	24	m 2 39	25 7
		2 46	26

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	July	h. m.	ft. in.
Mon	21	m 0 20	25 4
		1 1 a	29 7
Tues	22	m 6 40	16 12
		7 41 a	18 51
Wed	23	m 7 11	17 5
		8 10 a	18 5
Thurs ...	24	m 8 12	18 9
		9 12 a	18 6

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

July	Sunrise.	Sunset.
20 (Monday) do	6h. 11m. do	7h. 18m
21 (Tuesday) do	6h. 12m. do	7h. 18m
22 (Wednesday) do	6h. 12m. do	7h. 18m
23 (Thursday) do	6h. 13m. do	7h. 17m

Phases of the Moon.—Last Quarter, June 26th, 11h. 10·8m. p.m. ; New Moon, July 4th, 10h. 36·2m. a.m. ; First Quarter, July 11th, 3h. 7·4m. a.m. ; Full Moon, 18th, 11h. 36·4a.m.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a.m. on the 18th July to 6 a.m. on the 19th July :—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	3	2
Total mortality from all causes	...	66

DIABETES.

An interesting treatise dealing with causes, different stages and the most effective treatment of Diabettes, Hydrocele and Skin diseases, will be given away free to the readers of the "Bombay Gazette" on application to—A. Chatterji & Co., (B. G.) 108-2, Machuabazar Road, Calcutta.

HYDROCELE!

RE-VACCINATION SCHEME.

DR. TEMULJI'S VIEWS.

The following minute by Dr. Temulji B. Nariman has been addressed to the Corporation :—

To avoid any misunderstanding, I am obliged to give some explanation, as my name is mentioned in the last report of the Committee of the Corporation, regarding the proposed introduction of compulsory re-vaccination.

As the Municipal Commissioner has rightly observed, I am not opposed to re-vaccination. In fact in my large and very long practice I had observed that among the Parsis particularly every child was vaccinated within the first year, mostly within six months, and that most of the children if not all were re-vaccinated between the ages of six and ten years especially if there was a small-pox epidemic and I have seen a very large number re-vaccinated for the third and fourth time. Whenever there was a scare of small-pox epidemic, a large number came forward to be re-vaccinated even though they were re-vaccinated only about two or three years previously. All this was done not through compulsion, but voluntarily, because they either believed in the efficacy of vaccination and re-vaccination or they were advised to do so. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of efficient vaccination as a preventive against small-pox. The quotation from the report of the Arthur Road Hospital "that out of 6466, small-pox patients admitted to the Arthur Road Hospital between the years 1896 and 1910, 3519 had been primarily vaccinated, but not one re-vaccinated" may prove both the necessity of re-vaccination as well as the inefficiency of primary vaccination.

INEFFICIENT WORK.

I still adhere to the opinion that primary vaccination was not efficiently performed in previous years, and even now it requires more vigilance and care on the part of those entrusted with the duty. The Municipal Commissioner wishes to know whether I based my remarks on personal visits to the vaccination station. I need hardly assure him that my remarks were based on personal visits, personal observation and after a long experience. At the head vaccination station as it was called, greater attention was paid to all details connected with vaccination as it was the seat of the Superintendent of Vaccination who was always a qualified medical man, but at all the other district stations, vaccination was not so efficiently performed, and I am not the least surprised at the large number of primarily vaccinated patients admitted into the Arthur Road Hospital. I have vaccinated and seen vaccinated and re-vaccinated thousands of children and adults and wherever I had seen good remarks as the result of primary vaccination that is whenever the vaccination was efficiently performed, I had very rarely seen small-pox in those patients and only in a small percentage of these cases was the re-vaccination successful showing considerable immunity againt small-pox.

The Superintendent of Vaccination in his report has been fit to make some remarks about my statement as to the indiscriminate way in which certificates of successful re-vaccination are given. He is justified in defending his own department, but when he contradicts my statement and tells us that in my opinion the result of the secondary vaccination ought to be similar to that of the primary vaccination, he must have misunderstood me when he visited me and talked with me on the subject. I agree with him when he says that "re-vaccination is successful even if there be an accuminated vesicle, reaching maturity early and scabbing off within eight to ten days." The cases about which I complained had neither a vesicle nor scabbing as the result of re-vaccination but still they were certified as successfully re-vaccinated.

UNSUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS.

One of the patients complained of was a girl about ten years old who was vaccinated twice during the first six months and for the third time at the end of the first year, but always unsuccessfully and I was anxious about her and I consulted our Executive Health Officer who kindly arranged to get her re-vaccinated with three of her brothers. All four were re-vaccinated and neither the girl who had three previous unsuccessful operations nor the boys had any result. There was a slight irritation of the skin due to the puncture but nothing more, no vesicle, no maturing, no scabbing, but the certificates they received were "successfully re-vaccinated." I did not expect any successful result in the case of the boys as they were very successfully vaccinated primarily, but as a safeguard I re-vaccinated them and probably will do so again a few years hence if I am alive. I, therefore do not oppose re-vaccination as every, member of my family and every patient in whom I took interest has been re-vaccinated three or four times. As I said I seldom witnessed re-vaccination successful in those successfully vaccinated primarily. Of course, there were cases where re-vaccination had shown results as good as that of primary vaccination and those would have most probably been attacked by small-pox if exposed to the infection had they not been re-vaccinated, but such cases were few. A certain number of people are always susceptible to catch infection and even when protected by vaccination and re-vaccination, they get small-pox but generally escape the dire results. I, therefore, insist upon primary vaccination being more efficiently performed and to do that we must engage a staff of qualified and medical men as operators instead of the present unqualified and poorly paid staff. I agree with Dr. Choksey that various factors contribute to the failure of vaccination to protect people from attacks of small-pox, such as the quality of lymph, non-sterilising of instruments and skin, want of due care after vaccination but above all the personal equation of the Vaccinator. If attention is concentrated for a few years on efficient primary vaccination, I am sanguine that better results will be shown in future if at the same time steps be taken to compulsorily vaccinate all children not only in large cities, but throughout the whole of India, including the Native States and the Portuguese territory. Some medical men who are considered Authorities on this subject suggest re-vaccination every seven years, and if you make re-vaccination compulsory, it must be every seven years which would be a most impracticable in our City.

The July number of the *Wireless World*, just issued, is as attractive as any of its predecessors. The article describing some experience with a portable Wireless Station in Bolivia makes attractive reading, and there are other interesting illustrated articles showing, not only the development of wireless telegraphy in all countries, but the conditions prevailing in those countries. In view of the public interest in the subject of long distance wireless telegraphy, an article dealing with the comparative merits of the various systems should be read with interest. There is a Serial Story and a number of useful hints and suggestions for amateurs.

PALITANA FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

Below we give a list of the donations to the Palitana Flood Relief Fund from July 10 to July 16. Help is given to the owners of houses which have partly collapsed owing to flood but can be repaired with a small sum of money. Those persons who have lost their domestic animals, which are necessary for their maintenance, are supplied with such animals from the fund. A kitchen is being maintained, and corn will be given to needy persons for a further fifteen days. More gifts have been received of ready-made clothes for distribution among the sufferers.

The amounts received are :—

From the people of Virpur Taluka Rs. 100-6, Shash Kala Gala from Karachi Fund Rs. 275, Kota Jain Tera Panthi Sabha Rs. 36, Pari Sankat Nivaruk Fund through Zavari Dahialal M. Rs. 40, Shet Rupji Jivaji Bilimora Rs. 11-4, Desai Dahyabhai Sundarji and Rupaji Jivaji and Co. Bilimora Rs. 21, Shah Tapidas Motichand Bilimora Rs. 5, Shah Nanchand Govindji Bilimora Rs. 5, one gentleman, Kalakpura Rs. 25, M. P. L. Vasavni S. R. Fund Secretary Haidrabad Rs. 100, Hindu Distress Fund Lahore Rs. 1,000. Mrs Framji Godraj Padamji Bombay Rs. 12, S. S. Bombay Rs. 1,000, Porbandar and Ranavan Fund Rs. 1,000, Officers of the Junagad State Rs. 1,000, Panch Samast Abheti Zilla Marvad Rs. 149, Mulchand Madhavji Firozpur Rs 10, Shah Mulchand Bhagvandas Firojpur Rs. 10, Navnihar Shah Amichand Padamshi Belgam Rs. 30, Sangh of Navsari and Jalalpur Rs. 500, Pandya Bhanushanker Krapashanker Kana Manglore Rs. 101, Sangh of Kapadvanj Rs. 620-2-3, Jamindar Maharaj Bahadursinhji Baluchar Nurshirabad Rs. 101, Nek Namdar Alijahan Viceroy Saheb Delhi, Rs. 1,000, Dr. Motiram Ootamram Hyderabad Sind, Rs. 5, Vishnusinh Atmasinh Hyderabad Sind, Rs. 5, Mrs. Vishnusinh Hyderabad Sind, Rs. 2, Mr. Balchand Hyderabad Sind Rs. 5, Mr. Parmeshwar Din Hyderabad Sind. Rs. 3, Mr. Navalshanker Hyderabad Sind, Rs. 2, Mr. Kemchand Hyderabad Sind Re. 1, Mr. Anayat Alikhan Hyderabad Sind, As. 8, Mr. Kalicharan Hyderabad Sind, Rs. 2, Mr. Dongara Hyderabad Sind, As. 5, Mr. Nancharni Shivchand, Godnadi, As. 4, Messrs. K. Vithalrao and Co., Mangalore, Rs. 10, Dr. P. M. Nanavati Baroda, Rs. 10, Jamnadas Babu in memory of Chandan Gauri, Rs. 5, Ranchordeji Fakirbhai Jalapur, Rs. 2, Mahanir Prasad Jaini Bhah' Rs 10, G. M. Munshi Barrister-at-Law Rajkote, Rs. 25, Ghanshamshah Dayachani Shah Indore, Rs. 30, through Ambachandji Hakim Sanchore, Rs. 9-14-0, Hematram Vithalji Manager Jangi Cutchh, Rs. 50, Mahajan Narsanda, Rs. 18, Scholars of the Gujarat College Ahmedabad, Rs. 48-5-0, Gaveri Chunilal Tribhovandas Bombay, Rs. 50, Chhaganlal Motichand Mahemdabad, Rs. 25, H. H. the Raj Saheb of Vankaner, Rs. 500, Fund of Bhadarva Sansthan Rs. 150.

Total.....	Rs. 8,131-8-2
Amount previously received	Rs. 74,159-15-0
Total sum received	Rs. 82,291-7-3

TRANSVAAL INDIAN FUND.

The undersigned begs to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following further subscriptions towards the above fund :—

Amount previously acknowledged	Rs. 1,91,662-10-0
Nawab Faridoon Jung Badur C.S.I., C.I.E., being the amount collected by the Military Secretary, H.H. the Nizam's Government from the Hydrabad Imperial Service Troops, the Regular Troops, the Nazm-i-Jamiat, the Nizam Mahboob Force and the Sikh Sorishta	Rs. 774-10-0
A "Sympathiser," through Mr. Narotum Morarjee Goculdas.....	Rs. 100-0-0
Bai Jamnabai Nagindas Sakkai, being the balance of the "Transvaal Indian Relief Fund" opened by her	Rs. 10-12-6
Total Rs.	1,92,548-6-6

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS

ASSAM JUTE.

The first forecast of the jute crop in Assam 1913, reads :—

Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1912-11 the area under jute in Assam represents some 2·4 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.

Character of season.—A heavy rainfall in February was succeeded by a precipitation below the normal for March and April in the Brahmaputra Valley, but in the Surma Valley it was 20 to 25 per cent. above the average. In May the rainfall continued above the average in the Surma Valley and was in excess also in the west of the Brahmaputra Valley, in June the excess still continued in the Surma Valley but the normal was not exceeded in the Brahmaputra Valley. Taking it all round the weather has been favourable and the crop is expected to the better than in last year.

Area sown.—The areas given are approximations in the districts of Sylhet and Goalpara, but it is hoped to procure more accurate statistics in the final forecast from the "panchayats." In the other districts there is a Land Records staff and the acreage probably represent facts. A remarkable feature is the large increase in Nowgong, which is attributed to settlers from Mymensingh. The total area under jute reported by the Deputy Commissioners comes to 100,875 acres against 95,650 in last year or an increase of 5 1-2 per cent, and on the whole, a better outturn than that of last year is expected.

Stocks.—Little or no jute remains from last year.

AN UNAUTHORISED VISITOR

A man went to Mr. Charles L. Dawni, residing on the first-floor of a house in Nesbit-lane on Friday afternoon, and represented that he was sent by the landlord to examine the premises. Mr. Dawni allowed him to go about the house. About half an hour afterwards it was discovered that a watch and chain anda pair of gold links kept in a drawer, had disappeared. It appeared on enquiry the landlord had not sent any one to the building.

Considerable difficulty, it was reported at the Essex Education Committee meeting had been found in getting sites for country schools. The price of one site of two acres at Earl's Colne was £740, or higher than any town site.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 19.

Before the Hon. Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

641-11—Chothia, H F Manekshana, N B. Panthaky and others, Raghavaya Edgelow.
766-12—Vachha and Co,—R D Sethna vs Motibai alias Gokibai,—Madhavji.
455-13—Little, Kavashala Dossabhoy Wadia vs Ebrahim Haji Ahmed, Juddah.
897-12—Maneklal Ladoba B Amrey-Sadanand Jaganath and others Shamrao.
1245-12—Mulji K. and T. Nana Yessoof Padval vs. Sitabai widow and another, Dastur and Co.
1308-12—Mulla and M. Pirat Hassan vs. Gulam Mahomed Sha Mahomed, Ardeshir H. D. and Co.
1319-12—Edgelow G W and Co. Jeewabai Vadilal and others vs The New Piece Goods Bazar Co Ld ; Payne and Co.
43-13—Edgelow G W and Co Jeewabai Vadilal and others vs The New Piece Goods Bazar Co Ltd ; Payne and Co.
309-03—Malvi H M and R, Jitmal Karayal vs Ebji Umersey Ardeshir H D and Co.
310-03—Malvi H M and R Jitmal Kanayal vs Shamji Ludha and Co Ardeshir H D and Co.
311-03—Malvi H M and R Mamraj Rambhagat vs Ebji Umersey, Ardeshir H D and Co.
1276-12—Chitnis M and K Manaji Cooverji Shirki vs Merwanji Jehangir, Vakil, Subnis and G.
1201-12—Subnis and G Merwanji Jehangir Vakil vs Manaji Cooverji Shirki, Chitnis M and K.
666-11—Jamshedji R and D. Sada Pang and Co ; vs Shivnarayan Parbulal Edgelow G W and Co.
O.S. 301-13—Patell, Rogue Estevao Pereira vs Rojario Mathias de Silva and others, Patell, Bhimji.
O.S. 303-13—Patell, Rogue Estevao Pereira Rojario Mathias de Silva and others, Patell, Bhimji.
O.S. 312-13—Motichand, Nemchand Nathubhai vs Dayabhai Mancharam and others, Ardeshir.
262-13—Pestonji, Bai Jeewanbai widow, Bai Amboobai widow and others, Madhavji, Edgelow.
441-09—Little, Mathuradas Gokuldas vs Tehelram Girdharidas and another, Jamsetji.
891-12—Mulla, Abdul Aziz V Mahomed Khatizabai Tyabji.
939-12—Smetham, Parwati widow G S Bole, Vachha, Payne.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.
Suits for Hearing and final Disposal
Long Causes.

45-12—Wadia G and Co. Ambalal Pragjiwandas vs Gulam Husein Keekabhoy and others.

For further directions and costs on Commissioner's report.

690-09—Muila, Mirza Bahadur Beg vs Bhagirthibai In person.
Long Causes.

355-11—Payne and Co. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Mirza Mahomed Shirazu, Shroff D and D.
27-13—Mulji K and Th. Lady Janbai widow vs Mahomed Husein Taria Topan Captain and V.
1190-12—Hiralal and Co. Hari Bhau Lapru vs Motabhai Dinshah Damkhanawalla. Pestonji R K and Co.
895-12—Bhaishanker K and G. The Laxmi das Khimji Spg and Wg Co Ltd vs Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal. Bicknell M R and Co.
242-12—Mulla and M Pohomal Bros vs Popatlal Narandas Janwalla and another Jamshedji R and D.
184-12—Mulla and M Pohomal Bros vs Kaliandas Vithaldas Kapadia and another Jamshedji R and D.
375-12—Captain and V Ebrahim Saleh Haji Pochoddin Dharu vs Vazir Begam widow and others. Crawford B and Co.
801-12—Shroff D and D. The Bombay Banking Corporation Ltd vs Krishnarao Gopalrao Bhabia Saheb Gaekwar. Subnis and G.
434-11—Mulla, S D Mehta vs J H Bamboar Shamrao.
1072-11—Mulla and M Shapurji Dadabhoy Mehta vs Jehangir Hormasji Bamboot. Shamrao M and H.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

229-12—Mirza The Oriental Bank of India Ltd Noormahomed Jina Payne.
1072-10 Payne, Gangabai vs V T Ramji Edgelow
1096-12—Daphtary Joshna H Hands Sheriff Bhimji Ardeshir.
O.S. 157-12—Jehangir G B, Simhabai and others Reuben S Pezarker and others, Jehangir G B Shamrao, Patell.
450-13—Khanderao, Hirabai and others, Ardeshir M Unwalla and others, Mulla.
232-13—Nadirsha, Esubai Haji Tarmahomed H Adam, Little.
1184-10—Payne and Co The Nord Deutsche Insurance Co vs Messrs F Fischer and Co.
195-11—Jehangir G B Kanayalal Jeynarayen and others vs Doorgaprasad Ramgoolam and others Payne and Co.
268-11—Pest R K and Co Mulji Jaitha and Co a firm vs B Maganbhai and Co Jain R and D.
851-11—Khund L M Versey Raghavji vs Mahomedkhan Valad Davood Khan and another Captain and V.
1022-11—Judah and S Lingos Pochetly Lingal vs Narayen Zellappa and others Ty D Co Jeh M S Dubasha Co Mal H M R B M R Co.
452-12—Shroff M S Mistry vs Perojbai.
863-12—Wadia, Fulchand Premji vs Khamisa Haji Jan Mahomed Edgelow.
915-12—Subnis, Sarasvatibai vs Dadoba, Daniel Pathare.
996-12—Daphtary, Bhimrao Atmaram vs Mithibai.
1048-11—Kanga bai Aditbai vs Nagindas Tribhowandas Malvi.
1147-12—Amin, Thaker Premji Naranji vs Nensey Mohanji Jehangir G & B
796-12—Shroff Bhimji and Co vs Shivji Meghji, Captain.
994-10—Shroff, Atmaram Pranjiwandas vs Mahomed Rahimtoola, Patel & E.
589-11—Surajmal, Mahomedali Hasanali vs Lukmanji Ebrahimbai Shamrao.
512-12—Mulla, R D Sethna vs K K Doctor Craigie
952-12—Bhimji Harakhbai vs Ladha Lakhamsey, Manekbai
1109-12—Mulji, Bai Raliat vs Veerchand Jairam, Mehta.
967-12—Muiji The Advocate General of Bombay vs Bai Nani Tyabji.
489-12—Payne A M Jeewanji and Co vs The B Bay Hirjaz S N Co, Bicknell.
1254-12—Surajmal Park Laji Deepaji vs Bhikaji Tulsiram.
758-11—Wadia Madan Gopal Chandraton vs Abdul Sakur Esmail Jehangir M and S.
759-11—Wadia Madan Gopal Chandratan vs Esack Ismail Jehangir M and S.

FACE BLEMISHES SPREAD 'ROUND NECK

Arms and Chest. Pain at Times Unbearable. Ashamed to Be Seen. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment Left Skin Clear and Fresh.

88, Albert Road, Dalston, London, N. E., Eng.—"For some years I suffered from nasty face blemishes which gradually spread round my neck, arms and chest. The pain at times was unbearable and they caused a continual itching and irritating feeling. At night I could get very little sleep and of a day time I felt ashamed to be seen.

"A friend who had noticed my condition sent me a little Cuticura Ointment. At first I hardly thought it worth a trial, as everything else had failed. One night the itching was very bad and I felt as if I could tear the skin from my face. I took the Cuticura Ointment and after washing my face and neck in warm water I rubbed it gently on the places inflamed and itching. Very quickly I found it gave relief and in my delight I purchased a box of Cuticura Ointment and some Cuticura Soap. By the time I had used a third box the blotches had quite disappeared, leaving my skin how it had never been for years, clear and fresh." (Signed) Arthur E. T. Robinson, July 1, 1912.

No other emollients do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough skins and itching, scaly scalps. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout India, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p

MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, July 18. BOMBAY, July 19

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	73		1-4
3 do. Rentes	84 1-2		1-2
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	88		1-4
do. do. Gov. Securities.. ...	64		1-4
Bar Silver in London Spot	27 1-1		3-16
do. 2 months' hence ...	27 7-16		3-16
Bar Silver in New York	59 1-8		1-2
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·24 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin.	20·46	1-4	
do. do. New York	4·86 1-2	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight ..	4	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans.. ...	2 5-3	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans ..	3	un	chgd

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days sight (Bank buying rate) 1s. 3 13-16d. unchanged.
Closing tone of silver—China buying.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	1,50,000
Gold to Bombay	£	1,20,000
Gold Coin to Bombay	£	10,000
Silver to Calcutta	£	.....
Silver to Shanghai	£	5,000
Silver to Colombo	£	2,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ...Easier. Quiet.
Futures ... Steady.
Manchester Quiet with a limited enquiry.
Total Sales ... 6,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 500
Imports ... 8,0 0
Mid-Americans ... 6·69 + 03
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown... 9·45 unchgd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6 44 —01	6 37 —01	6 23 —02	6·19 —01

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
	6·14 —01	6 14 —01

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.
15 —01	6·16 —01	6·17 —01

New York 11 a.m., July 12·05, Oct. 11·50.
New York official Noon call Aug. 12·05 Oct. 11·51.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Aug. 11·98 Oct. 11·51.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	5,000
„ Receipts at „ last year...	2,700
„ Exports to Great Britain „	2,000
„ Exports to Continent ...	.....
Spot Cotton ...	12·40 + 05

Futures—Month of Aug. 12·12 + 05
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·59 + 12

Decline owing to unfavorable cables and advanced later on bullish week and figures.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ...12 1-2 unchgd.
Futures month of Aug. ..12·08 + 08
Futures month of Oct. ..11·63 + 13
Tone of Spot Cotton ...Quiet.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	20,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	11,000
Do. do to France & Continent.	13,000
Do do to Japan	.....
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports.....	187,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports.....	162,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

	Bales.
Total Actual Exports.....	9,000
Do. Forwarded	82,000
Do. Imports	3,000
Do. Stock	8,35,000
Stock of Cotton in London	2,910

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Cocanada Fair Red C.I.F. London ... d 4 15-16
Cocanada Ginned do do ... d 5 1-32
W stern Good do do ... d 5 9-32

Liverpool, July 13.

Tone Dhooties and Shirtings—Increased business and more enquiry.
Tone Cloths Quiet Prices firm.

Weft American "54"	... 11 5-8
Weft Egyptian "80"	... 18 3-8
Tone—Yarn—Market	.. Quiet.
Weft Egyptian "32"	... 12 3-8
Twist "32" W T C...	10 3-16
Twist "32" B	... 10 1-2
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch	... ...
Twist "36" W T C	... 10 7-16
Twist "36" B	... 10 3-4
Twist "42"	... 12 3-8
Twist American "60"	... 16 3-4
Twist Egyptian "60"	... 17 3-8
Twist Egyptian "80"	... 21 1-2
F. G. F. Tinnevelly	... 5 27-32

July-Aug.—Sellers.

Manchester July 18.

Grey shirtings 41-42 in. by 38 yds 16 by 15 lbs Red Heading ... 8 7
„ „ 44 in. by 38 38 1-2 yds 9 lbs ... 9
White Shirtings 40-41 in. by 40 yds 18 square ... 10 3
White Nainsooks 43 in. by 19 yds by 21 ... 6 11

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... .
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat White Karachi 37 3-4 unchgd.
Do. Months ... July-Aug.
Do Name of Ports—London—Sellers
Wheat Red Karachi ... Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.
Rozario Santa Fe ... Unchanged
London—Quiet.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT
South Australian ... Unchanged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ...52 1-2 + 1-4
Do. Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs 85 p c ex ship ...53 unchgd.
Do. Months ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 48 1-2 unchgd.
Do Months ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Port.—Hamburg—Sellers
Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416lbs ex-ship ...48 1-2 unchgd.
Do Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

Linseed Calcutta ... 45 9—3d.
Do. Months— ...July-August.
London—Sellers—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ..44 1-2 + 1-4
Do Months— ...July-Aug.
Do Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market £3-16-6 + 0-0-3 July-Aug.—Hull—Done and buyers—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Rio Coffee ... 9 1-8 + 1-4

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 3 8 1-4 + 1-4d, July-Aug.—Quiet but steady.

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B ...	£ 63 3-4 + 7-16d.
Copper Braziers ...	£ 78 unchgd.
Yellow Metal ...	6 7-8d. unchgd.
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box c. i. f. Liverpool	.....
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F.O. B. Antwerp.	4 16 6
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O.B. Liverpool ...	10 12 6
Basic Steel Bars, C I F, India...	5 8 9
Basic steel BarsBelgian C.I.F.	

FREIGHTS—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay—13s. 6d.—Value.

ARRIVALS :—
"Clantsham," "Umona."

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C&F India(Double bags)... 126 unchgd.
Do. Months of Shipments Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Little doing.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...11 8 1-4unchgd.
Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Very quiet.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 8 11 3-4—3-4d.
Months of Shipments ... Aug.—Sellers. 9 2 1-4—3-4d.—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Flat with a fair business.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 13 6 unchgd.
Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... } No quotation.
Month of Shipments ... }

JAVA SUGAR.
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta—Do. 11 6—July—Value.
Fine White Java C & F Bombay & Karachi—Do. 11 7 1-2—July—Value.
Tone—Remains quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [July 19th 1913.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
33 Bars Silver	75,000	London	Comptoir National
70 Bars Silver	15,0,000	do	Hongkong Bank
186 Bars Silver	3,75,000	do	Yokohama Bank
377 Bars Silver	7,50,000	do	Chartered Bank
792 Bars Silver	15,75,000	do	National Bank
150 Bars Silver	3,0,000	do	International Bank
461 Bars Silver	9,00,000	do	Mercantile Bank
487 Bars Silver	9,75,000	do	Eastern Bank
1 Box Silver	9,75,000	do	do
1 Box Sovns	12,570	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 17th July 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	24	28,0 8
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	39	45,977

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

Bank of Ben. rate since 3rd July	3 p.c.
Bank of Bom. „ „ 17th July	3 „
Bank of Mad. „ „ 8th July	5 „

EXCHANGE—
The market opened steady at 1s 3d 29-32 T.T. and 1s 3d 15-16 on Demand. There has been little enquiry for bank remittance, and bills are very scarce.
We quote.—

T. T. on London	...1s. 3 29-32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 3 15-16d.
Credit 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 1-4d. Aug.
Do. do Francs	...'70
Do. do Marks	...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...148 3-4
Shanghai „	...198 3-4
Japan „	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—
The market opened firm at 96 7-9 for Cash and 96 13-16 for the near settlement and advanced quickly to 97 and 96 15-16 respectively. The rise has, however, been too rapid since yesterday and a slight reaction set in, prices dropping back to the opening rates, at which they close. A fair business was done.
We quote.—

Cash	...Rs.	96 14 0
1st Settlement	... „	96 13 0
2nd „	... „	96 13 0

BULLION.—
Yesterday, owing to China buying, the London market for bar silver advanced 3-16 both for ready and forward, the quotations being 27 1-4 and 27 7-16 respectively. New York was 1-2 up at 59 1-8. The local market opened at 69 3-8 ex duty for ready and the near settlemont and has declined 1-16 closing as under. A moderate business is reported.
We quote.—

English Bar Gold	... Rs	21 1 0
Australian Gold	... „	24 0 0
Sovereigns Gold	... „	15 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready	... „	69 5 0
1st Settlement	... „	69 5 0
2nd Settlement	... „	69 6 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready	... „	73 11 0
1st Settlement	... „	73 11 0
2nd Settlement	... „	73 12 0

MARKET REPORT.—
The following are the latest telegrams received here :—
GRUNING AND CO.—"Declined owing to selling orders of near months from the Continent. Market acts as if tired."
WELD AND CO.—"Liverpool market improved on some American straddle buying and spinners calling cotton. New York market very steady on Wall Street covering fearing high temperatures. Seven stations in Texas, fifteen in Georgia, thirteen in Oklahoma 100° and slightly higher at some points. Augusta cables; temperature entirely too high. We do not think plants can it many more days without serious damage to crop."
CHARLES WILLIAMS.—(Received last evening). "Crop accounts are good. There are signs of an effort on the part of operators to advance prices in order to make a market upon which to sell short. We advise selling out purchases, and to continue selling scale up."
HORNBY HEMELRYK.—"Market feels the influence of dry weather, Hot winds South,"
The American markets closed 5 to 8 points higher for the near position and 12 to 13 points higher for new crop. Temperatures continne too high in parts of Texas, Georgia and Oklahoma, and this is causing some anxiety, though so far no damage is reported. In the local market we have little change to report. Prices for new crop opened a trifle steadier, but there has been very little doing and rates close as under. For ready cotton there has been a small enquiry by shippers. and mills have bought quietly. Rates are unchanged.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	
Good M. G. Broach ...	286	Mar.
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	247-8	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	235 1-2	do
Fine M. G. Khamgaon Akola ...	271	do

OLD CROP

	Rs.	
Good Sawginned Dharwar ...	259	July
Good M. G. Coompta ...	269	do
Good M. G. Westerns ...	265	do
Good H. G. Westerns ...	259	do
Good M. G. Miraj ...	279	do
Fine Khamgaon Akola ...	241-42	do

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	Quiet.
Estimated Sales ...	6,000
Total Imports ...	2,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·47 + 03	6·40 + 03	6·27 + 04

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan
6·22 + 03	6·17 + 03	6·17 + 03

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apr.
6·17 + 03	6·18 + 03	6·20 + 04

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :
The market is steady.

Ready	Rs.	8 1 0 B.T.
September	„	8 14 0 R.T.
May 1914	„	9 8 0 R.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is firm. We quote :—

Brown Delhi May	Rs.	8 10 6 R.T.
Brown Cawnpore	„	8 0 0 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	„	8 12 0 B.T.
Yellow Guzrat	„	8 13 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Steady.

Bold White 85p.c.	62	0 0
Yellow Higanghat	65	8 0
Yellow Secunderabad	63	0 0

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 11 15 0 B.T

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 35 8 0

COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS :—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote :—
Bold ... Rs. 51 0 0

MOWRASEED—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Aug.-September ... Rs. 8 4 0 R.T.

WHEAT :—
The market is quiet.

White Pessi 85 p.c. ready	Rs.	5 3 0 R.T.
White Delhi Sept.	„	5 8 6 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914	„	5 10 3 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	1 660 x d
Bank of India ...	68 1-2c.d.
Eastern Bank ...	86
Indian Specie ...	66 c.d.

MILLS.

David ...	550
Fazulbhai ...	575
Kohinoor ...	800
Manockji Petit ...	3,195
New Great Eastern...	250
Standard ...	1,440
Swan Mill ...	360

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord...	193
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre...	175
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate ...	22 1-2
Treacher and Co ...	490

RAILWAY.

Central Provinces Ry ...	96 1-2c d.
Tapti Valley ...	602 1-2c.d.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	2,865	bales.
Wheat	39,419	cwts.
Linseed	36,289	„
Rapeseed	894	„
Gingellyseed ...	183	„
Poppyseed	317	„
Groundnuts... ...	683	„
Castorseed	4,554	„
Rice	44,999	„
Myrabollams... ...	420	„
Cottonseed	17,718	„
Mowrawood	13,748	„
Gram	2,634	„
Joowar	302	„
Maize	Nil	„
Barley	2,115	„

LONDON MARKETS.

[LONDON JULY 19.] [BOMBAY, JULY 20.]

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols.	72 7-8		1-8
3 do. Rentes...	84 3-4	1-4	
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.	88	un	chgd
do. Govt. Securities	64 3-16	3-16	
Bar Silver in London ..	27 1-4	un	chgd
do. 2 months hence	27 7-16	un	chgd
do. in New York	59 1-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris. ...	25·24 1-2	un	chgd
do. do at Berlin	20·47	01	
do do at New York	4·86 1-2	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4 1-2	since	
do. Short London Bills.	17th Apl		
3 months' sight ..	4	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	2 5-3	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans ...	3	un	chgd

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 13-16.
Closing tone of Silver—Quiet—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady. Fair demand.
Futures	Steady.
Manchester	.....
Total Sales ...	*3,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	2,000 „
Imports ...	2,000 „
Mid-Americans ...	6·73 + 04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	9 60 + 05

* Included in total sales are late yesterday 3000 bales.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·45 +01	6 39 +01	6·25 +02

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6 21 +02	6·17 +03	6·16 +02

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.
6·16 +02	6·18 +03	6·19 +03

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	1,000
„ Receipts at U. S. last year...	1,300
„ Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
„ Exports to Continent ...	3,000
„ Spot Cotton	12·40 unchgd

Futures—Month of Aug. 12·14 + 02
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·31 + 05

Advanced on unfavourable weather reports and on bull support and shorts covering.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	12 1-2 unchgd.
Futures month of July ...	12·04—04
Futures month of Oct. ...	11·31—04
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Quiet.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total into Sight	13,470,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	177,000
East Indian do ...	182,000
American do ...	1,566,000
Other do ...	147,000
Total Sales	52,000
East Indian sales	400
Total Speculation... ...	2,000
Do. Exportation... ...	2,000
East Indian Export ...	Nil
Do. Indian Stock ...	12,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	2,000
Do. Actual Exports ...	Nil
Do. Week's Imports ...	3,000
Do. Speculation	Nil
Americans Afloat	40,000
East Indian	8,000
Total afloat	66,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... .
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat White Karachi ... 37 7-8 + 1-8
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London — Sellers
Wheat Red Karachi ... No sellers
Do. Month—
Tone—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.
Rozario Santa Fe ... Nominal
Do. Months ... .

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian ... 37 1-4
Do. Months ... July—Nominal

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... 51 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months— ... July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 53 unchgd
Do. Months ... July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports ... Antwerp. Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 48 3-4 + 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Havre—Done
Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 48 1-4—1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk — Sellers
Tone—Quiet
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 44 1-4—1-4
Do. Months— ... July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market £ 6-18-0 July-Aug—Hull—Sellers—Firm

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... 9 1-4 + 1-8

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 3 8 July-Aug.—Value—Quiet but steady

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C & F India double bags. 12 5 1-4
Do. Months of Shipment ...Oct.-Dec. Sellers.
Tone—Very limited biz.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar C & F India ... 11 8 1-4
Do. Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar. —Sellers
Tone—Quiet.
German Beet-root 88 p.c.... 8 11
Months of Shipments ... Aug.—Seller 9 2 —Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Flat, prices lower.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 13 6
Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec. Sellers.
Tone—Remains quiet.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... No quotation
Months of Shipments ... .

JAVA SUGAR.
Raw Java C and F Calcutta—Do. 10 9—July-Dec.—Value
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi—Do. 11 10 1-2—July-Dec.—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Calcutta—Do. 11 9 3-4—July-Dec—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bom. & Karachi—Do. 11 11 1-4—July-Dec.—Value.
Tone—Still idle.

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, July 18.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports.	2,000 Bales.
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000 do
Exports to Continent ...	.....
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12·45
Future Cotton at New York August	12·12 + 5
Future Cotton at New York October	11 59 + 12
Spot closing tone	.....
Futures closing tone ...	Steady

General Tone of Market opened :—Steady and advanced on bullish private crop reports and foreign buying.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	12 1-2
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Aug.	12 03 + 3
Future Cotton at New Orleans—October ...	11·63 + 13
Future closing tone.— ...	Steady

LIVERPOOL, July 18.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Steady and closed steady.
The Liverpool market closed for futures—Steady.
The Liverpool market closed for East Indians.—Steady.

Total Day's Sales	6,000 bales.
Sales on Spec and export ...	500 do
Total Sales of Surats ...	.....
Total Day's Imports ...	8,000
Coconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F.	5
Coconada Ginned—London C. I. F.	5 1-32
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown	9·55
Good Bhownuggur ...	5 11-16d.
Good Bengal	5 6-32d.
F. G. Bengal	5 10-32d.
Fine Bengal	5 14-32d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn...	5 7-32d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F.	5 23-32d.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns ...	10 15-16
40's Mule Twist (Bannermills).	11
Weft 54 American ...	11 3-4
Weft 80 Egyptian ...	13 3-8
Weft 32's	12 3-8
Twist 36	10 7-16
Twist 42	11 5-8
Twist American 60... ...	16 7-8
Twist Egyptian 60	17 1-8
Twist Egyptian 80	21 1-4
Tone of Fine Yarns— ...	Steady.
Tone of Coarse Yarns—	do.
General Tone of Yarn Market—	.....
Mid American at Liverpool ...	6·69—3
Cotton delivery mid uplands G. O. C. Liverpool, July-Aug	6·44—1
Aug.-Sept	6·37—1
Sept.-Oct	6·23 —2
Oct.-Nov.	6·19—1
Nov.-Dec.	6 14—1
Dec-Jan.	6·14—1
Jan.-Feb.	6·14—1
Feb.-Mar.	6 15—1
Mar.-Apl.	6·16—1

MANCHESTER, July 18.

Manchester Piece Goods Market—Steady
There is fair enquiry for staples also for Shirting Dhooties or medium.

LONDON, July 18.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...July-Aug.—Ldn. 45 9 „
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) .....July-Aug.—Dunkirk ... 48 3 Done
Do. La Plata ...July-Aug.—Antwerp ... 44 „
Do. Tone of Market at close... Quiet
Do. Tendency of the Market— Buyers for lower rates.
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes .. July— do ... Sept-Oct.— £25-7-6 £24-10-0
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Do. total afloat for U. K. ... .
Do. River Plate exports ... .
Poppyseed Canal ...July-Aug. —Dunkirk... 65 3 Sellers
Do. Tone of Market at close. Quiet
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal July-Aug.—Hamburg 47 6
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship July-Aug.—Dunkirk ... 52 3
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship July-Aug.—Dunkirk ... 53
Do. Ferozepore usual bold .....
Do. Jamba Red— ... .
Do. Tone of Market at close. Firm
Cottonseed, Bombay parcels. July-Aug.—Hull ... £6-17-6
Do. Tone of Market at Close.. Steady
Gingellyseed. Bombay 15 p.c. May-June.—London. .....

LONDON, July 18.

WHEAT.

Wheat, Choice white Karachi Sellers.
July-Aug.—London... 38 „
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) July-Aug.—London... 37 6 „
Do. Club No. 2.. July-Aug.—London ... 38 „
Do. Choice white Delhi July-Aug.—London— Nom
Do. Tone of Market at Close Steady
Do. South Australian ... July—37 4 1-2 „
Do. Rozario Santa Fe, 62 lbs July-Aug.— 35 9
Do. do. Tone of Market at Close ... Quiet.
Do. Red Graded American per central Liverpool ...July— 7 5 7-8
Do. Afloat to U. K. ... .
Do. Stock at U. S. Ports ... 1,900,000 bushels

LONDON, July 18.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent Sellers.
F.O.B. Hamburg ...August. 9 „
German Beet-root. 88 per cent. F.O. B. Hamburg. Oct-Dec 9 0 3-4 „
Closing Tone of Market. Quiet
German Granulated C. and F. Calcutta (double Bags) July-Aug.... .....
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) Oct.-Dec.— 12 5 1-4 „
German Closing Tone Market— Quiet
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F Calcutta July-Aug. ....
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta Oct-Dec... 11 6 3-4 „
Do. Closing Tone of Market. Quiet
Mauritius Crystals ... .
Do. Closing Tone of Market.. .....
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— July-Aug. 13 3
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. & F. Calcutta (double Bags)— May-June... .....
Do. Closing Tone of Market.. Steady
Special Feature—General Report of Market ... .

LONDON, July 18.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Value C.I.F. Calcutta ...July... 11
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta July-Dec. 10 10 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta Jan-Mch 11 1 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July... 11 1 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July-Dec.... 11
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Jan-Mch... 11 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... July... 11 7 1 2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta July-Dec.... 11 6 3-4
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan-Mch.... 12
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi July... 11 9
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi July-Dec .. 11 8 1-4
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Jan-Mch... 12 1 1-2
Closing Tone of Market } ... Quiet and
Special Feature ... } unchanged.

LONDON, July 18.

METALS.

		£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B	...	63	15	0
„ Best English Selected.		69	0	0
„ Braziers ...	...	79	10	0
„ Tone of Market	—	Firm		
Hard Spelter ...	...	19	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...	187	0	0
Yellow Metal ...	...	6 5-8		
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G., G. O. B 1 p.c. F O B L'pool ...	...	10	12	6
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta ...	...	5	10	0
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta ...	...	6	1	3
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta ...	...	6	13	9
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp ...	...	6	5	0
German Steel Plates F O B Antwerp ...	...	5	15	0
Belgium Iron Bar No 2 ...	...	4	15	0
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20, 112 Sheets in box C I F L'pool	...	0	14	3
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ...		2	15	7
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro. ...	...	2	17	6
Pig Iron Gartsherrie ...	...	3	17	0
Lead Pig English		20	2	6
Tone of Steel Market ...		.....		
Silver, Spot		27 1-4		
„ 2 months hence ...		27 7-16		
„ Tone of Market—		Firm		
„ Special Feature		.....		

LONDON, July 18.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ...	27 1-4
Silver 2 Months ...	27 7-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market—Firm	
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market ...	.....
Rentes 3 p. c. ex div. ...	£ 84
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. ex div...	£ 73
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ 87 3-4
Sterling loan	£ 87 3-4
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. ...	£ 75 3-4
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...	£ 63 5-8
Bar Gold per oz. ...	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market	
Closing Tone of Finance Market	
Bank of England Rate of Discount	4 1-2 p. c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight	1 3 13-16
London at Paris Fcs. ...	25·24 1-2
Berlin cheques on London Mks	20·46
New york (Demand Bills)	4·86 1-2
Interest day to day loans	2 5-8
Interest 7 days Market loans.	3
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight	4
Discount Bank Bills 7 months Sight	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ...	4 5-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months ...	5

LIVERPOOL July 19.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ... 4,000
Tone of Market ... Steady.
Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
July-Aug....	6·44	6·45
Aug.-Sept...	6·37	6·38
Sept.-Oct....	6·23	6·24
Oct.-

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

OPIUM SMUGGLERS.

SENTENCE INCREASED.

Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor and Hon. Mr. Justice Shah, on the Appellate Side of the High Court, disposed of a reference made by Mr. Hudson, the District Judge of Punch Mahals, in a case in which Dalji Barbaria was sentenced to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. B. P. Shah, the First-Class Magistrate of Deohad on a charge of importing 77¾ tolas of opium from Rutlam into Bordi without a license.

The case having come to the notice of Mr. Hudson, he referred it to the High Court for enhancement of the sentence.

The story was that the accused was a passenger from Rutlam to Bardi, and on his alighting at the latter station he was searched by a sepoy of the Excise Police. He told the sepoy that he had some bread in the bundle he was carrying, but, when it was searched, the opium, weighing 77¾. totals, was found. He stated that a fellow-passengar had asked him to take charge of it for the consideration of a rupee.

The acused was placed for trial before Mr. B. P. Shah, the first-class Magistrate of Dohad, who was of opinion that the accused was too poor to afford to purchase such a large quantity of opium; but, as the accused had admitted that he took charge of the bundle knowing that it contained opium, sentenced him as stated.

Mr. Hudson, in his reference, observed that these opium smugglers, had confederates who, when caught, ought to be severely dealt with. There was every reason to suppose that smuggling was rife.

Their lordships agreed with the district Judge that the sentence of fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment was insufficient, and increased it to one of three months' hard labour.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S ORDER SET ASIDE.

In the case of Goodoosaheb Rajesaheb, and others, who were charged with rioting and culpable homicide, an enquiry was conducted before Mr. Moodbidri, the Magistrate of Bijapore. On the application of the Public Prosecutor to Mr. J. K. N. Kabraji, the District Magistrate of Bijapur, the case was transferred to his court for enquiry, on the ground that, if the case was allowed to be decided by Mr. Moodbidri, a grave miscarriage of justice would result.

On the motion of Mr. Kelker, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor and the Hon. Mr. Justice Shah issued the rule on June 12, to show cause why the case should not be proceeded with before Mr. Moodbidri.

Their lordships, having heard Mr. Kelker, set aside the order of District Magistrate, and made the rule absolute, allowing Mr. Moodbidri to proceed with the case.

POLICE COURTS.

ILLICIT COCAINE.

A party of excisemen, consisting of Inspectors Chinoy and Velloz and some sepoys, raided the house of one, Mohan Ranchod, in Duncan-road on Friday evening and seized twenty two grains ofcocaine packed in an empty match box. Ranchod was arrested, and later placed before Mr. A. H.S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

A WORK-HOUSE DESERTER.

John William Cashew was brought before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, for being a deserter from the workhouse. It appeared that the man obtained permission on July 17 to go out until 5 p. m. and seek work outside. He did not return and stayed away for two days. On Friday he surrendered himself to the police. The man had been convicted twice before for the same offence.

The magistrate sentenced him to three months' rigourous imprisonment.

FACTORIES ACT CASES.

Mr. Boughton Chambers, 1st Inspector of Factories, on Friday the 18th instant before Mr. Setalvad, 2nd Presidency Magistrate, charged Mr Christiansen, Manager of Messrs, Garlick & Co, of the well known Iron Works, at Jacobs Circle, for neglecting to fence the fly wheel of the Oil Engine in use there as required by Section 18 (1) (a) of the Indian Factories Act. The accused pleaded guilty, and was fined Rs. 25.

On the same date Mr. Macdonald, Manager of Messrs Richardson & Cruddas, Iron Founders, was charged for failing to comply with an order given by the Inspector under Section 18 (2) to cover certain Emery Wheels. The accused admitted the omission, but contended that the proposed fencing would hinder the work to which these tools were put. The Court held that Mr. Macdonald had failed to submit the necessary appeal against the order, as he was able to do under the Section quoted; hence must be held legally guilty. He was convicted and fined Rs. 25. Before leaving the Court Mr. Macdonald asked the Magistrate what action was now advisable seeing that he had no intention of carrying out the orders of the Inspector. The Magistrate suggested that he should take legal advice on the point.

BOMBAY E. S. & T. CO., LTD.

The monthly statement of earnings for June 1913.

	Earnings for June 1913.	Increase or decrease over same month last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction..	1,97,961	+ 11,654	+ 6·26
* Electric Supply ...	97,880	+ 24,4 8	+ 33·33
Total.....	2,95,841	+ 36,142	+ 13·91

	Total earnings from January 1913.	Increase over same period last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction..	1,236,995	+ 48,154	+ 4·05
* Electric Supply ...	5,24,768	+ 1,00,609	+ 23·72
Total.....	1,761,75	+ 1,48,763	+ 9·22

* Exclusive of Power supplied to Tramways.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE COURT CARDS

The after-dinner performance at the Opera House on Saturday was given by the Court Cards in their very successful first appearance in Bombay. Considering recent weather and remembering the size of the audiences, which have been seen at the Opera House lately, there was a surprisingly large number of people in the theatre at ten o'clock. However, it was obvious that everyone of them thoroughly enjoyed the entertainment, and, if we can only have a little dry weather, which is certainly due, the Court Cards will have the same success in Bombay, which they have experienced in other Eastern cities. There are seven of them, five men and two ladies, and they provide a programme which is much too long to describe in detail, but which can safely be said to be uniformly excellent. One of the ladies does not do a great deal, but her inactivity is fully made up by the other, Miss Maude Fane, who is one of the cleverest members of the troupe. With an unusually charming stage appearance, on Saturday night she did an unusual amount of work, but was always received with enthusiasm. She sings light humorous songs in a piquant way, and two of her best numbers were "Little Jammy Face," and a description of contrasts in kissing, before and after marriage. She also appeared with Mr. Reginald Palmer in an amusing little duet, in which a boy, who stutters, makes love to a little girl who lisps.

Of the male singers not one is a disappointment. Individually they have good voices, and as a quartette are very fine, their part singing probably gaining the greatest applause of the evening. Mr. Sydney Mannering is the tenor, and, besides giving an excellent rendering of the "Trumpeter" and "I hear the calling me," joined with zest in humorous ditties and scenas. Mr. Weldon Fordham is equally successful as basso singer or accompanist, and Mr. Reginald Palmer is an attractive baritone. Finally Mr. Edgar Warwick is the "Joker," and, as the principal comedian, does his full share towards the success of the programme. Among several successful appearances, two of his happiest efforts were his appearance as a man from Cook's, which included a number of up-to-date topical allusions, and a recital of an exciting adventure on a barge. The company also includes Mr. Gordon Nicholls, a clever exponent of "paper-tearing" and legerdemain, who agreeably fills two intervals in the vocal programme.

We are asked to point out that an error has been made on the tickets regarding the time of the performance. It will commence each evening at ten o'clock.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

During the visit of the Court Cards there will be only an evening performance daily at 6-45.

Mlle. Roshanara continues to be a great attraction and her special Indian dances have proved a great success. The dance entitled "Jinjotie Gazelle" is in the nature of a devotional exercise, and her subtle movements have been much admired. Her "snake dance" is both weird and fascinating, and her simulation of the reptile's convolutions is performed with much grace and ease.

As ballet dancers, Mlles. Dorion and Benzoni contribute largely to the success of the programme.

The pictures are an improvement upon what has been shown for some time. "The Seeker" is a rather inadequate title for so thrilling a drama. It is a heavy tragedy, ending with the death, under sensational circumstances, of the hero Paul Corradi. The leading parts are well enacted, and a sustained interest is created. Little Moritz is in trouble again in the "Eleventh Hour." Like the irresponsible person he is, he gets carried out to sea in nothing more substantial than an inverted umbrella, lands on a cannibal island where the inhabitants greet him with cordiality as a tasty chef d'oeuvre, and is rescued by a dusky royalty, who has fallen a prey to his charms, just in the nick of time. Two other comic selections are "Furs" and "A Man of Mystery."

THE EXCELSIOR.

An exceptionally attractive programme is being presented at this theatre during the current week, a special feature being the film depicting scenes connected with Captain Scott's expedition to the south Pole. This is one of the most remarkable cinema records produced in India, and, when shewn in Calcutta recently, proved to be an enormous success. The scenes are thrilling in their details, and the panoramic views are highly picturesque and entertaining.

The Russian dancers, the Jackolews, who have recently been performing at the Royal Opera House, and who have been engaged to perform for a short season at the Excelsior, will give a number of new dances, and also take part in an interesting singing scena. As they are already well known to local pleasure-seekers, their appearance at this place of entertainment will doubtless be welcomed.

Another attractive feature at the Excelsior this week is the performance of Mr. G. E. Stillwell. He is entertaining in more ways than one, and has some delightful running patter with which he keeps his audience highly amused.

The exhibition of "magic and mystery" by Mr. Harry Kitto is many of the performances to which the public have been treated recently by artistes who are adepts in the art of conjuring, and, as a typical American patter comedian, he has come to Bombay with an excellent reputation.

The film depicting scenes at the Italian School of Cavalry and the "comic," entitled "The button of his braces," are both interesting and entertaining.

THE NEW LAND TAXES.

An important decision has just been given by the official referee, Mr. J. Gould Drew, in the case of Dame Emily F. Smyth v. the Commissioners of Inland Revenue. The case is known as the Norton Malreward case. Lady Smyth appealed against the provisional valuation made on her model farm, near Chelwood, in Somerset, by the official valuer under the Finance Act of 1910. The appeal was against practically all the values. The two points of importance are, first, that the Government have hitherto valued agricultural land on the basis that the value of the tenant right, consisting of cultivations, unexhausted manurial and other improvements, was not included in the total value. Secondly, that in going through the divesting process directed by the Act to ascertain full site value, the value attributable to grass was not a subject to be divested. The referee has held against the practice of the Government valuers on both points. He held that total value should include the value of tenant right, and that the value attributable to grass was to be deducted in arriving at full site value. If the courts uphold this decision it means that practically every valuation of agricultural land in the country has been made on a wrong basis.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, &c.

Lt-Colonel W. E. Venour, 58th Rifles, assumed command of Quetta 1st (Infantry) Brigade on 3rd July, vice Colonel N. G. Woodyatt.

Major D. J. Collins, R. A. M. C., to command the Station Hospital Kirkee.

Brigadier-General E. H. Rodwell resumed command of 2nd (Secunderabad) Infantry Brigade on 6th July.

Major H. K. Palmer, R. A. M. C., is appointed Senior Medical Officer British Troops Aden.

Lt.-Colonel H. L. D. Fordyce, Supply and Transport Corps, is appointed Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 6th (Poona) Division.

Captain A. F. Cusins, R. E., on return from leave, is posted as Garrison Engineer, Jubbulpore.

Lieut. E. C. Doyle, Army Veterinary Corps, is posted to Nasirabad.

Captain E. J. Devine, Army Veterinary Corps, is posted to Mhow.

REGIMENTAL.

22nd Cavalry.—Lieut. O. A. Duke, to be officiating Squadron Commander.

1st Brahmans.—Captain D. V. Willoughby to be officiating Double Company Commander.

6th Jat. Lt, Infantry.—Lieut, A. C. Anderson, to be officiating Double Company Commander.

Captain J. P. Gilbert to be officiating Double Company Commander.

38th Central India Horse—Captain J. Courlie to be officiating Squadron Commander.

97th Infantry.—Lieut, R. A. Jenkins, to be officiating Double Company Commander.

3rd Sappers and Miners.—Captain S. Boyd, R. E., Company officer and Ajutant, to be Company Commander, vice Lt. E. C. Walker, R. E., transferred to the Military Works Services.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave:—

Major E. W. Bliss, R. A. M. C., 90 days, Privilege.

Captain R. H.Manners, 106th Pioneers, 60 days, Privilege.

Lieut. A.J. Woodhouse, 26th Battery, R. F. A., 1 month 17 days in India, General.

Major T. M. Archdale, 97th Battery, R. F. A., 1 month 18 days in India, General,

2nd-Lieut. H. G. Gordon, 10th Ammunition Column, R. F. A., 2 months in India, General.

Lieut. P. Prince, 2nd Bn. The King's (Shropshire Lt. Infantry), 2 months 16 days, ex India, General.

Captain A. W. Molony, 1st Bn. Royal Dublin Fusiliers, 2 months 17 days in India, General.

Captain J. S. Cunningham, 1st Bn. Middlesex Regiment, 4 months, ex India.

The Army Council has decided that honorary distinctions and regimental badges are in future to be recorded in the Army list. General honours such as "Peninsula" "Afghanistan," "Persia," and "South Africa" will be placed after other honours for the same campaign, and honours for two or more campaigns in the same theatre of operations will be shown in their chronological sequenceOfficers in charge records have been instructed to submit lists of honours and badges for the regiments affiliated to their respective Record officer.

As the services of officers are constantly required for the execution of survey work, either under the War Office or the Colonial Office, the Army Council has called for the names of any offices, who are desirous of having their names registered for such employment. The following are some examples of survey work on which officers have been, or are employed Permanent Surveys,—Surveys of Nigeria, the Gold Coast and East Africa; Temporary Surveys-Boundary delimitation commissions, chiefly in Africa; Reconnaissance in Cape Colony; Surveys of Mauritius, St. Helena Sierra Leone Uganda, and Orange Free State.

In order to secure uniformity in connection with the wearing of the new pattern Jacket for officers, the Army Council has issued instructions that only white shirts, white collars, and black ties are to be worn with the new pattern serge frock, and that with drab service dress or khaki drill, drab shirts, drab collars, and drab ties, are to be worn on all occaisions, whether on parade or not. Coloured shirts are not to be worn with either of the new pattern jackets, or with the serge frock, and no deviations from the colour of the sealed patterns of the drab shirt, drab collar, and black and drab ties, are to be allowed. While the adoption of either pattern of the serge frock remains at the option of the individual, the Council expresses the hope that regiments will arrange for all officers of a unit to be dressed alike.

There was an announcement of a golden wedding in the *Times* the other day which deserves note. It was that of Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred S. Jones, V. C., formerly of the 9th Lancers and 13th Light Infantry. Colonel Jones received his Victoria Cross in the Indian Mutiny campaign, and enjoys the proud reputation of having earned the honour every time he went into action. At Agra he lost an eye and part of his head, receiving in all twenty-two serious wounds, yet he lives still to tell the tale of his long suffering, and in comparatively robust health. The 9th Lancers paid him special honour on the occasion of his golden-wedding celebration at Finchampstead by sending him a gold cup, and their Band to discourse sweet music. Lady Roberts was among the guests of the veteran and his wife.

A 13-months-old child in a perambulator was struck on the head with a cricket ball knocked out of an adjoining field at Kilburn. It was apparently quite well when put to bed at night, but died next day from hemorrhage.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS
ALPINE SPORTS CLUB.

President:
The Head Master of Eton.
Vice-Presidents:
Field-Marshal Earl Roberts, K.G.
The Earl of Lytton.
The Headmaster of Harrow.
E. F. Benson.
Open to Officers in the Army and Navy and members of the Higher Civil Service.

The Year Book, containing full accounts of last Winter in Switzerland and the various centres of the Club, with the cost of each hotel, will be sent on application, to any of those entitled to join, to the Hon. E. C. Pery, Honorary Secretary, 3, Upper Woburn Place, Tavistock Sq., London, W.C.

THE WEATHER.

SOME HEAVY RAINFALLS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, July 19.

The storm yesterday near Nagpur has its centre this morning close to Mount Abu. It has given moderate to heavy rain to south of its track. Both monsoon currents are active.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, east Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, the Central Provinces, on the west coast, in the Bombay-Deccan, north Hyderabad and Mysore; fairly general in Assam and local in Uppper Burma, the east and north Punjab, the United Provinces, Kashmir, Sind and the north Madras coast. A few falls also have occurred in south-east Madras.

The principal amounts are:—Tavoy, seven inches; Kyaikpyu, four; Moulmein three; Rangoon, two; Sibsagar, Cheerapunji, Cox's Bazar, Saugor Island, one-and-a-half; Darjeeling, Bogra, Calcutta, Ranchi, one; Dehra Dun, one-and-a-half; Mussooree, Chadrak, Muree, two; Ajmir, Udaipur, Mount Abu, a half; Veraval, three; Surat, two; Rajkot, Ahmedabad, Indore, one-and-a-half; Khandwa, six; Akola, three; Hoshangabad, Seoni, Pachmarhi, two; Bombay, four; Cochin, two; Belgaum, Aurangabad, Parbhani, one-and-a-half; Mercara, five; Waltair, three-quarters.

Forecast:—An extension of rainfall in north-west India.

SIMLA, July 20.

The depression continued moving westwards. Its centre this morning was over Sind. It has given some very heavy falls in Gujarat and Sind.

Rainfall occurred in Burma, Assam, Bengal and in the country to the west of the line drawn from Allahabad to Bangalore. The chief amounts are:—Tavoy and Diamond Island, four inches; Bhamo, three-quarters; Bogra, two; Lahore one; Khushab, three; Fort Sandeman, one; Hyderabad (Sind), seven; Karachi, four; Udaipur, one; Deesa, two; Mount Abu, four; Bhuj, twelve; Dwarka, seven; Rajkot Bombay, Calicut, three; Mercara, four.

Forecast:—Decrease in rainfall in the central parts of the country and increase in Baluchistan and the south Punjab.

STORM SIGNAL.

The Port Officer, Bombay, has received from the Meteorological Department, Simla, the following notice:—

Depression crossing the head of the Peninsula from the Bay will probably give high winds, with squally weather at the coast. Hoist cautionary signal.

RAINFALL STATISTICS

IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.	Esplanade.	St G' Hos
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts
Previously registered	59·54	59·27	52·69
Sunday, 20th July.....	2·93	2·88	2·35
Total.....	62·47	62·15	52·04

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. July 20.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date. 1911	Total. 1912.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill.	2·85	50·53	21·65 23·11

BOOT FACTORY. SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 20th July	Total up-to-date.
In. cts.	In. cts.
2 45	65 52

Temperature.		Rain fall.	
Max.	Min.	Past 24 hours.	From 1st June to date.
		In. Ct.	In. Ct.
74	68	4 95	108 47

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall gauged during the week ending Saturday (14 a.m.), 13th July, 1912:—

	In. cts.		In cts.
Bandra	51 32	Broach	24 60
Panjab	31 0	Malsar	32 17
Vaiturni	40 57	Dabhoi	24 80
Palghar	37 11	Baroda	28 2
Gholvad	32 38	Mehmadabad...	13 21
Daman	55 20	Ahmedabad ...	13 32
Bulsar	56 49	Siramgam ...	4 99
Navsari	31 69	Patri	9 62
Bardoli	25 12	Sevalia	16 87
Nandarbar	11 66	Godhra	18 64
Nardava	10 95	Nimkhera	17 12
Surat	23 43	Dohad	15 1
Kim	31 22	Amargarh ...	19 3
Kosamba	34 0	Rutlam	8 16
Rajpardo	27 59	Nagda	6 42

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 19th July, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi record 0.65" of rain. Skies are heavily cloud ed in the extreme north and moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Night temperature is in defect at Rawalpindi and Sirsa.

The United Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the extreme southern districts; Allahabad has had 0.37" and Jhansi 0.10". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Rajputana and local rain in Sind; Karachi and Jaipur have had 0·12" each, Ajmer 0·46" and Kotah 0·13" Skies are moderately clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

Gujarat Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bhuj has had 0·85" Rajkot 1·40" Viraval 3·15" Bhavnagar-Para 0·94" Surat 2·38" Ahmadabad 1·71" Deesa 0·53" Neemuch 0·15" and Indore 1·33". Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been general Jubbulpore has had 0·42" Saugor 0·50" Hoshangabad 1·84" Khandwa 6·22" Akola 2·57" Amraoti 1·18' Nagpur 0·93" Chanda 0·16" and Raipur 0·12". Skies are heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in defect in the southern half of the division and at Khandwa.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 4·01" Ratnagiri 0·51" Marmugao 0·19" and Karwar 0·65". Skies are heavily clouded Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Malegaon has had 0·47", Ahmadnagar 0·39", Poona 0·74", Sholapur 0·11", Belgaum 1·40" and Nizamabad 0·52". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect.

General Remarks.—The storm has moved in a west-north-westerly direction and is central to-day between Ahmadabad and Neemuch. It has determined fairly heavy rain in the western half of the Central Provinces and the adjacent parts of west Central India and in Gujarat and Kathiawar. In will continue to move in a north-westerly direction. The deficiency of pressure at the centre is, however, less to-day. With the westward advance of the storm, rainfall has decreased, though it has still been nearly general, in the extreme eastern and south-eastern districts of the Central Provinces and in Hyderabad. Nearly general rain has fallen also on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Bombay Deccan, Rajputana and in the extreme southern districts of the United Provinces, and local rain in Sind and Mysore and on the north Madras coast.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Gujarat, Kathiawar, and west Central India; fairly general rain in the Central and the United Provinces, Rajputana, and the north Bombay Deccan; local rain in the south Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Sind; some showers in the Punjab.

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire	—			
Jask ...	94·8	86·3	...	...
Muskat ...				
Multan ...	105·8	86.0	...	4·46
Rawalpindi ...	87·4	72 1	0·65	6·81
Lahore ...	99·9	34·2	...	6·28
Sirsa ...	95·3	73 5	...	11·36
Ambala ...	88 5	77·9	...	13·49
Delhi ...	96·0	80·3	...	8 53
Agra ...	95 5	81·0	...	3·84
Mainpuri ...	91·8	81·1		4·53
Jhansi ...	91·1	75·0	0·10	2 67
Cawnpore ...	90·6	8.·0	0·07	7·39
Allahabad ...	92 6	79·0	0 37	7·10
Jacobabad ...				
Karachi ...	90·0	81·0	0·12	0·79
Ajmer ...	91·6	78 7	0·46	6·34
Jaipur ...	93·2	78·1	0·12	5·13
Kotah ...	95·6	79·6	0·13	4·04
Bhuj ...	94·0	76·0	0 85	6·96
Dwarka ...	88·3	81·2	...	3 35
Verawal ...	82·1	77·3	3·15	21·69
Rajkot ...	89·1	72·8	1·40	14 83
Bhavnagar Para.	87·0	78·8	0 94	27·33
Surat ...	85·4	7 ·6	2 38	26·12
Ahmadabad ...	90·1	76 2	1 71	18·11
Deesa ...	92·3	77·4	0·53	11 26
Neemuch ...	90·9	76 0	0·15	9·71
Indore ...	82 6	72·6	1·33	11·39
Jubbulpore ...	86·3	73 8	0·42	14·11
Saugor ...	85·3	73·6	0·50	12·63
Hoshangabad ...	88·1	74 4	1·84	13·44
Khandwa ...	77·2	72·6	6·22	19·07
Akola ...	77·4	73 0	2·57	13·44
Amraoti ...	75·8	72 3	1·18	18·87
Nagpur ...	88·1	72·8	0·93	20·70
Chanda ...	87·0	73·0	0·16	25 29
Raipur ...	90·7	73·6	0·12	15·04
BOMBAY ...	81·1	76·2	4·01	51·61
Ratnagiri ...	82·3	76·9	0·51	53·35
Mormugao ...	82·5	75·7	0·19	63·04
Karwar ...	82·7	75·0	0·65	62 43
Malegaon ...	78·4	72·6	0·47	9·15
Ahmednagar ...	74·6	70·0	0·39	16·02
Poona ...	75·5	61·8	0·74	17·66
Sholapur ...	77·8	72·1	0·11	9.10
Bijapur ...	76·7	76·3	0·04	8 52
Belgaum ...	72·3	68·0	1·40	20·63
Aurangabad				
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	76·9	71·7	0·12	24·62
Hyderabad ...	80·3	72·2	...	8·96
Mangalore ...	86·4	74·8	0·43	57·78
Calicut ...	80·8	74·8	1·61	44·45
Cochin ...	84·7	73·2	2 02	40·6
Colombo ...	81·5	72·0	0·95	11·16
Masulipatam ...	93·3	77·2	0·25	4·16
Bellary ...	89·0	75·3	...	3·04
Cuddapah ...	97·5	76·0	...	4·10
Madras ...	100·0	79·5	...	2·50
Bangalore ...	81·3	66·3	0·29	7·81
Coimbatore ...	83·4	72 3	...	2·81
Trichinopoly ...	93·1	80·3	...	1·23
Negapatam ...	93·2	77·7	...	1·04

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time), on the 19th July, 1913, was 29·692 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80° F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or Aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a. m (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

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CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

Mr. Clayton, Superintending Engineer, Central Provinces, will on return from leave be transfered in a similar capacity to Bihar and Orisa.

Major Harvey, I.M.S., who has been officiating as Director of the Central Research Institute at Kasauli, has been confirmed in that appointment in succession to Sir David Temple.

Electric power from the hydro-electric works at Basantpur is now available over certain sections of the Simla roads, and the electric lights on those sections are, says a Simla correspondent, a wonderful improvement upon the old oil lamps.

Nawab Rais Yar Jung Bahadur has married at Hyderabad the granddaughter of Sir Salar Jung. The "nikka ceremony" took place at Sir Salar Jung's Palace, and the guests present included all the nobility of Hyderabad. Nawab Rais Yar Jung is a son of one of the leading nobles of the State, Nawab Fakr-ul-Mulk Bahadur.

The question of the pilgrimage to Hadj, says our Calcutta correspondent, is engaging the attention of Bengal Mahomedans. The leading Mahomedans of Chittagong yesterday at a meeting formed a committe, with the District Magistrate as chairman, to provide Hadj pilgrims with the necessary information and to dissuade indigent pilgrims from going there.

The Mussoorie Ladies' Debating Society drew a very full house to hear a discussion on the impossibility of friendships between men and women, writes a correspondent. Mr. Ridgway and Miss Richardson spoke in favour of the proposition, and Miss Robinson and Mr. Fraser against it. The views of the majority were in favour of platonic friendship, and the motion was defeated by eleven votes.

Ceylon's new Cooly Observation Camp at Mantapam, which will have accommodation for some 4,000 coolies, is estimated to cost about Rs. 9,00,000. It is to be constructed in a thoroughly systematic manner, and have quarters for the Superintendent, Medical Officers, and Staff. The South Indian Railway Engineer will have charge of the work, the cost being defrayed by the Ceylon Government.

Captain C. E. Dease, 91st Punjabis, Honorary Secretary of the Burma Motor Association, is attempting to wake up Rangoon and Burma motorists generally to the desirability of a motor trial week in the Shan States next November. There are about a thousand motors in the Province, and he considers that it should be easily possible to obtain a sufficient number of volunteers for a week's outing on the Thazi-Shan States road.

A small committee is sitting in Simla to deal with the revision of military pay and allowances with a view to consolidating exchange compensation. The members are Colonel Walter, A.A.G.; Lieutenant-Colonel Black, Assistant Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief; Major Payne, Military Accounts Department; and Major Muscroft, Supply and Transport section.

The discovery of some old swords and guns in a box in a dilapidated house in Raviwar Peth, is reported, says our Poona correspondent. It appears, some boys were playing in the house when they discovered an old box in a godown. The police on being informed, had the box opened, when seven old swords and four guns of an ancient pattern were found. The owner of the house, on being questioned said he knew nothing about them.

The Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal (Municipal Department) has written to the Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation acknowledging the gift of Rs. 16,539 from Babu Rash Behari Karuri of Calcutta. The figure is the estimated cost of construction of a bathing ghat for females at Kalighat. The Chairman has been requested to convey the thanks of Government to the donor for his liberality and public spirit.

The report of the Allahabad Volunteer Rifles for 1912-13 has been issued and shows that the total strength of the corps was 641, consisting of 25 officers, 68 N.-C. O.'s and 476 rank and file on the active list and 2 officers and 72 rank and file in the reserve company. Of the active members 564 qualified for the capitation grant (560 being extra efficient) and all the reservists earned the minor grant of Rs 10. Fifty five recruits were enrolled and trained, while the increase of 61 trained volunteers enrolled during the season was balanced by a loss of 61, who resigned, were transferred or became non-effective.

The inclusion of the Hon. Mr. Godley, Director of Public Instruction, and of two Inspectors of Schools in the Sanitary Conference which is to be held in Simla in the last week of August, indicates that the conference is to take up the all-important question of school-hygiene. The Governmepnt of India have already commended to the consideration of Local Governments the question of holding a thorough enquiry by a small committee of experts, medical and educational, into school and college hygiene, and they have recommended that the scope of the enquiry might include the condition of school houses, hostels and other places where pupils reside and the introduction of a simple and more practical course of hygiene into the school course.

The children who were released from the Refuge in Calcutta on account of the Sara Bridge scare have an influence, it is reported, on the criminal return of the city. Judging from the law reports in the newspapers, the time these youthful vagabonds spent in The Refuge was markedly free from crime. Now that these boys have once again been allowed to roam the streets, their employers, the professional criminals of the city, will again resume their business of robbing pilgrims at the bathing ghats, the Kalighat temple, and on the tramcars. It is a pity the boys were allowed to leave The Refuge. Some other way should have been found to kill the Sara Ghat rumour.

Dr. J. De R. FRANKEL,
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We cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in their proper position if received after 7 p.m.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box No. 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

THE
Bombay Gazette
Monday, 21st July, 1913.

BOMBAY POLICE.

THE annual report of the Police of the Town and Island of Bombay, and a Government Resolution thereon, were published on Saturday, His Excellency in Council noting with pleasure the commendatory remarks by the Commissioner on his officers and men, and desiring to congratulate Mr. Edwardes and the officers under him on "a year of very heavy work zealously and efficiently performed." The results of the police working, as shown by the percentage figures for undetected cases, convictions and stolen property recovered are not quite so good as in the previous year, but the Governor in Council agrees with the Commissioner that this is inevitable when there is a general rise in crime combined with better registration. And, as the Commissioner is able to extend the beat-systems of patrols on the London model, it is hoped that many of the cases of theft and house-breaking, which now swell the returns under the Indian Penal Code, may be prevented. The Resolution contains a reference to the still further rise in the number of street accidents. No fewer than 58 persons were killed and 1,255 injured during the year. Tram-cars and motors were responsible for exactly half the fatal cases and for slightly more than half of the remainder. But it is satisfactory to learn that measures are under contemplation for strengthening the hands of the police in dealing with dangerous motor-driving, though it must be admitted that the careless habits of pedestrians, who are apt to disregard all precautions in crossing or using thoroughfares crowded with traffic, contribute to accidents in a very considerable degree. They are likely further to increase unless pedestrians grow more careful, for the year showed an increase of 282 private vehicles and 152 motors, the private and public conveyances all told numbering 19,341, the drivers of which, to the number of 2023, were prosecuted, whilst over ten thousand others were dealt with by the police.

The year reported upon saw the completion of four years of what we may term the experimental administration of the police by a civilian, and it may be well to run through the history of that period since Mr. Edwardes assumed charge. Two Deputy Commissioners were given to him, Mr. Vincent and Mr. Gadney, who, from the date of their first appointment, strove to co-operate with and loyally to support him. To them is due the fact that the force is now loyal, contented and more efficient than it was. Then came the re-organization scheme which was based "mutatis mutandis" upon the system followed in London. It was difficult to do all that could desire within the limit of two and a half lakhs extra annually, which was all Government could spare; but with that amount the pay and prospects of the European Police were improved and their numbers slightly increased, a new grade of educated Indian sub-inspectors was introduced, drawn from a higher stratum of society than the native rank and files, the Armed Police was increased, as also, slightly, the Divisional constables, and the C. I. D. organized on sound lines and strengthened. The Secretary of State's sanction to the schemes had a marked effect on the force. The European Police were grateful; the Native Police suddenly found that a fine vista of promotion was opened to those who took the trouble to educate themselves and earn approval for steady work. In the five new stations which have been opened is a full staff of educated officers and a complete record of all investigation. There are still twelve more stations required before the Island is completed, but Government are year by year providing funds for the necessary buildings, and every eighteen months the Police are sending English-knowing youths of respectable Indian parentage for preliminary training at the Nasik school. Meanwhile efforts are being made to improve the mental outlook of the constables by teaching them English, and lecturing to them on such subjects as their duty to the public, hygiene, and their powers under the Police Act. A trained master has been obtained from the Educational Department who holds three classes a day, and the progress some of the men have made, is justly approved, for the many who a year ago did not know the English alphabet, who can now read and write, and, in quite a number of cases, speak, with ease. It will take many years before the scheme attains full fruition; but, if it prospers, as there is every reason to believe it will, the two officers, who worked with the Commissioner, will have the satisfaction of knowing that they first directed the rank and file upon the path which leads upwards to knowledge and promotion.

As regards the public, the Police need be something more than policemen engaged in the repression of crime. They must also be, to some extent, a philanthropic agency, particularly in this country where the rayat looks first to the Sirkar for help, in other words, the Police must open a debit and credit account with the people and the credit balance must be at least equal to, and, if possible, greater than the total on the debit side. Take for example the Muharram, the police had to take repressive action, because the annual celebration had become a scandal to the city and minorities had to be protected. It was their duty, and they knew that they would incur a good deal of odium in the process. So they cast about for some means whereby they might benefit the Mahomedans and teach them to think more kindly of the police, not merely as the repressive agents of a Government responsible for law and order. They found the opening they wanted in a constant attempt to ameliorate the condition of the pilgrims to Mecca and in the Mussalman Girls' Orphanage which shelters, feeds, clothes, and finally arranges for the marriage of children, who would, otherwise, drift into the streets of the city. Police records, the C. I. D. records in particular, for the last four years testify to much work of a charitable nature performed by the Police outside the scope of their ordinary duties, for persons of various castes and creeds; and the officers, European and Indian, have loyally assisted in a policy, which was designed to narrow the gulf which generally divides the Police from the public. We believe that, at the present time, in spite of natural criticism and occasional complaint, the force is generally regarded favourably by the city. Government have read with especial pleasure the cases of exceptionally good and plucky work performed by the constables named in the report, and also the instances of assistance outside the scope of their ordinary duties given by the police. Such activities, it is felt, are of great value in promoting good feeling and confidence between the police and the public at large, and it is hoped that harmony will continue, and that, as the men become better educated and their outlook widens, they will stand in closer relationship with the people whom they are appointed both to protect and to serve.

TAXING BACHELORS. For years the French people have been watching with apparent unconcern the steadily decreasing birth-rate which is responsible for most of the difficulties they, as a nation, are encountering. Now, we are told by a Saturday's cable, the Budget Committee of the French Chamber has decided, in order to meet the danger of national decay, to adopt what is a very old expedient, both in theory and practice, ie., the taxing of bachelors. At Sparta, citizens, who remained unmarried after a certain age, suffered various penalties. They were not allowed to witness the gymnastic exercises of the maidens, and during winter they were compelled to march naked round the market place and sing a song composed against themselves and expressing the justice of their punishment. At Athens there was no definite legislation on the matter, but there were certain minor laws akin in spirit to the Spartan doctrine. At Rome, though there appear traces of some earlier legislation on the subject, the first clearly known law is that called the Lex Julia, passed about 18 B.C. We are told, however, that there is little evidence of it ever having come into full operation, and in A.D. 9 it was incorporated with the Lex Papia et Poppaea. This law, while restricting marriages between the several classes of the people, laid heavy penalties on unmarried persons. Isolated cases of such penalties occur during the middle-ages. In Britain there has been no direct legislation bearing on bachelors; but occasionally taxes have been made to bear more heavily on them than on others, instances of this being an act passed in 1695, by which bachelors and childless widowers had to pay a yearly tax of one shilling up to £12-10 according to rank; an act in 1785, by which a higher tax was imposed for the servants of bachelors; and income-taxes since then by which deductions were allowed to married person with children.

On the whole, however, the survey of a brief history of the taxation of bachelors does not reveal the method as being a very effective one to strengthen national life and to arrest decay; certainly it did not save the Roman Empire. And in this age, when there is quite a considerable tendency towards a lessening of that ideal sentiment which is the basis of happy unions, it is a policy which can do but little good to thus endeavour to force marriages by law. It is time our French cousins took up this problem seriously; and there is only one really efficacious way, and that is by a general awakening of the nation's conscience to the danger. The vital statistics for 1912 just published showed a slight improvement compared with those of 1911. The excess of births over deaths in 1912 was, in round figures, 58,000, compared with an excess of deaths over births in 1911 of 30,000. But the actual increase of births was only 8,500, while the decrease in the number of deaths reached the high figure of 84,000. The total number of births — 750,000 — compares very unfavourably, however, with the average of 800,000 and 900,000 which prevailed 10 and 25 years ago. As an illustration of the contention that any artificial raising of the marriage-rate is not a sound policy, we have only to note that, while increasing facilities for divorce in France have resulted in more marriages, there has not been the proportionate growth looked for in the birth-rate. Meanwhile, the vital statistics of most European countries show, though not to such a serious degree, the same decreases, though there is one satisfactory feature—the reduction of the death-rate.

"CRAMMING." We are glad to see that some witnesses before the Public Services Commission are giving their opinion against the "cramming" system. The value of the examination as a test of a candidate is very much over-rated in England. It is not the student gaining the highest number of points, who is necessarily the best man. Our secondary schools, public schools, and universities, are constantly turning out men who have achieved brilliant successes in examinations, but who in the walks of life often fail to achieve any great distinction, and are again and again passed by men who did not shine particularly in scholarship. There are several reasons for this, one of the most important of which is the ability "to cram." More and more nowadays are examinations mere tests of a boy's powers at "cramming," and the system is responsible to no small extent for the physical defects of so many of our young people, who take up professional careers. In an age when life involves an ever-increasing strain every effort should be made in the direction of simplifying labour and conditions of work and of reducing the causes which lead to neurasthena and nervous diseases. So far as our educational system is concerned, this is really not a very difficult task, if only the principle is properly grasped, for there are often subjects set, which are of little ultimate use to the candidate, and certainly the standard required to be reached in them represents a considerable misapplication of energy. The primary consideration is from the first to educate a youth on the lines of the profession he is going to take up, not endeavour to teach him something for almost every career, which is in many cases the tendency. As for civil service examinations, there is as great a difference of opinion among the witnesses called in London as to whether the age-limit should be reduced as there was when the inquiry was held here. One of latest experts called expressed himself as opposed to the suggestion on this very ground that it would lead to more "cramming." Another witness, Earl Ronaldshay, did not see how "cramming" could be eliminated unless "crammed" boys were barred. If this is the only way—and we doubt it—we have no hesitation in saying that in their own interests and in the interests of the Service "crammed" candidates should be barred. Whatever the results the Commission may accomplish, it is to be hoped that they will not necessitate more "cramming," rather the contrary.

SALAR-ED-DOWLEH'S CAPTURE. There will be a feeling of relief in the Foreign Offices of Great Britain and Russia at the reported surrender of Salar-ed-Dowleh to a Persian force. It is to be hoped that the Government will be careful to keep a tight hand on this rather slippery person, so that his constant meddling in Persian affairs may cease. Ever since the deposition of the late Shah, he has been a regular source of trouble. He has repeatedly raised bands of tribesmen to set out on crazy campaigns on behalf of his brother, and these continual distractions have interrupted the Government in their work of reforming the administration, and the gendarmery in their task of protecting the trade-routes. Salar-ed-Dowleh now apparently wants to reside in Teheran under Russian protection. Although the Russian Legation has telegraphed to St. Petersburg for instructions, we do not imagine that much attention will be paid to this rather naive request. In Teheran itself Salar-ed-Dowleh would probably stir up more trouble than ever. He will be generously treated if he is allowed to enjoy a moderate pension abroad. He deserves no more from Persia than a prison, but it will probably be better to put him somewhere beyond Persian territory.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer "India" arrived at Plymouth on the morning of 18th July.

SIR James Meston will leave India by the mail steamer of September 20, and will return by the steamer reaching Bombay on November 14. The Hon. Mr. Baillie, who will act, will have Captain Watson Smith as Private Secretary and Captain Black as A. D. C.

IN connection with the decentralisation of the Calcutta police court, says our correspondent, a suggestion has been made to abolish the present court at Sealdah, and to distribute suburban cases among three proposed courts in Calcutta proper.

There is a movement on foot, it is rumoured, amongst the ruling princes of the Native States in India, to memorialize the Government of India to prevent the rich landholders and zemindars from styling themselves Rajahs etc., and from acting in such a manner as to lead the people to believe that they are ruling princes.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

BALKAN IMBROGLIO.

FEELING ON THE CONTINENT

GERMAN ARMY BILL PASSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, July 5.

Your telegrams will have told you of the progress of what is everywhere termed "the squated war" of which everybody is much ashamed. There is no need to recapitulate. From Belgrade a message is published which says the Skupshtina has agreed to the acceptance of arbitration between Servia and Bulgaria by the Czar and to the proposed conference of the Premiers of the Balkan States at St. Petersburg. M. Pasics, the Premier, in reply to the interpellations in the Skupshtina outlined in detail the relations between Servia and Bulgaria, especially in regard to arbitration by the Czar. He declared, in the course of his speech, that "the Royal Servian Government maintains that by virtue of the very development of the war and of external circumstances, the Serbo-Bulgarian Treaty of Alliance has undergone serious and fundamental modifications, while the Royal Bulgarian Government contends that the Treaty of Alliance has not been modified in any way. Servia consents to arbitration on the basis of the modified treaty, and Bulgaria accepts it on the bases of the treaty which, according to her, must upheld intact. . . If we suppose that each side persists in refusing arbitration except on conditions laid down by it there could then be no arbitration at all. In giving his verdict the supreme arbitrator cannot accept conditions. Besides this difficulty there is another, also the outcome of the war, and interesting all the Allies. . . . All the Balkan States are allied one with another and all have given a pledge to protect each other against any attack from whatever side it may come. If it is desired to avoid a conflict between Servia and Bulgaria, we must set to work to avert a conflict between Greece and Bulgaria, for the Balkan Alliance does not of itself ensure peace in the Balkans, if one of the questions at issue is settled without regard to the solution of another. In accordance, therefore, with its engagements, and in view of its vital interests, Servia is interested in the Graeco-Bulgarian delimitation, just as Greece is interested in the Serbo-Bulgarian delimitation. All four Balkan States fought in common, and all four conducted in common, the peace pourparlers with Turkey, and, what is even more serious and of capital importance, Turkey, by the Peace of London, ceded her territory to all the Balkan States. . . . In inviting all four Premiers to meet in St. Petersburg, and to try to settle all their differences there between themselves, the Imperial Russian Government allows a favourable basis to be found for the settlement of all the questions "The Royal Servian Government considers itself entitled to declare that in accepting the invitation to arbitration and by its reply to the supreme arbitrator it is fulfilling a treaty pledge and consequently is thereby giving a further proof of its readiness to see the differences that have arisen solved in peaceful fashion."

GREEK v. BULGAR.

The Greek Minister has distributed a copy of the following despatch from the Greek Government which is said to "offer an official and unimpeachable account of recent occurrences." At the very moment when we entertained the hope that the Note we had lately addressed to the Bulgarian Government appealing for a friendly understanding would bring about a less strained situation, the Bulgarian Commander-in-Chief was busy ordering his troops to attack us at all points, they violating the line of demarcation fixed only lately by the two staffs and compelling our weak outposts to abandon the whole of the Panghaion district, as well as Nigrita and Matsikovo. They are now quite near Salonica. At the same time—almost at the same hour—the Bulgarians engaged the Servian lines at Ghevgheli, which they occupied. Thus the attack was simultaneous along a front of nearly 300 kilometres. This is but a repetition of the onslaughts of the Bulgarians, with the manifest object of occupying important territories, and possessing them, in view of the eventual settlement between the Allies. In the face of these treacherous proceedings, we have to declare that we ordered our forces to advance; and, in order to safeguard ourselves against the danger of having a hostile force in our midst, we were obliged to proceed to the disarmament of the Bulgar battalion, the presence of which at Salonica we had so long tolerated. They telegraph from Sofia, that stringent orders have been issued to the Bulgar troops to cease operations, and not fire, except if attacked by Greeks and Servians. But "ils se moquent du monte entier." The Bulgars have again resumed their onward movement, declaring that they are ready to stop if they are allowed to retain the districts they have occupied by violating the compacts previously agreed upon. It is impossible for us to tolerate this sort of game. Our troops will advance, and will not halt until the Bulgars have evacuated the positions they have appropriated beyond the line of demarcation. If Bulgaria wishes—for the first time—to be sincere, she will at once accept this proposal, and will respect it, unless, indeed, there are two Bulgarian Governments—the one in Sofia and the other with the commanding general. A further despatch received from Athens, describes the attacks made by the Bulgarians upon Greek posts, thus "violating every previous understanding." As a consequence, the Greek army has been ordered to advance, and the Bulgarian Government notified of this decision.

ATTITUDE OF RUMANIA.

Whilst no fears are entertained in Vienna of international complications resulting from the internecine qurrels of the Balkan Allies, some phases of the latest development give rise to a certain amount of disquietude. The chief of these is the news, received to-day, that Rumania has decided to mobilise her army against Bulgaria. This step on the part of Rumania is considered in the light of a serious reverse to the Austrian official foreign policy. Under the influence of the Hungarian Government, which hates and fears the Servians, both inside and outside the Monarchy, Count Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs, has favoured Bulgaria in the hope that Servia would be crushed, and the feeling of southern Slave solidarity in the Monarchy, which has been much enhanced by the war against Turkey, would be damped. Austria, however, cannot afford to allow Rumania to become estranged for fear that she should join Russia in the hope of some day annexing parts of Hungary, notably Bukevina, which is inhabited by over three million Rumanians.

The Government at Belgrade has issued no reports from the theatre of war to-day, but the Minister of Justice and Commerce coming from a meeting declared with broad smiles that they were quite satisfied with the war operations. According to private information a decisive battle is in progress. The "Samuprava," in a leading article, admits that the Servians have had one thousand killed and 3,500 wounded, but thinks that judging from the fierceness of the fighting the Bulgarian losses must have been much heavier, and is fully satisfied with the results so far.

The "Fremdenblatt" considers that the political significance of the meeting between the German Emperor and the King of Italy at Kiel, lies above all in the demonstration of the unimpaired continuance of the intimate union between the Powers of the Triple Alliance, the pacific tendency of which has been strongly emphasised throughout the Balkan war, which is not yet ended. "It goes without saying," proceeds the semi-official organ, "that the drastic changes in the Balkans and the resultant problems, the majority of which have not yet been difinitely solved, will come up for discussion at Kiel. In view of the tried peaceful disposition of the Triple Alliance, such a discussion can only be regarded as an event standing to strengthen confidence in the maintenance of tranquillity in Europe.

The "Tageblatt's" Constantinople correspondent states that the Turkish Government has decided to keep the Army on a war footing and to suspend all pending negotiations with the Allies. The Turkish Press is inclined to rejoice over the present state of affairs in the Balkans, and points out that Turkey should seek to obtain some profit from the situation. The papers add that the army at Chatalja has now been supplied with all necessaries. The "Tanin" is of opinion that Turkey should mould her policy on the lines of Servia and Greece against Bulgaria, even though difficulties exist with Greece, inasmuch as by the unheard-of cruelties perpetrated by Bulgarians, Bulgaria has rendered Turkey an eternal enemy of the Bulgarians.

GERMAN ARMY BILL PASSED.

Voting on Monday, on the Government's defence proposals, the Reichstag agreed to the six new cavalry regiments originally demanded by the Minister of War, the Poles, Alsatians, Socialists and Radicals voting in the minority. The House then finally passed the Defence Bill itself. The Socialist motion for the introduction of the principle of extenuating circumstances in the military penal code was subsequently passed through all three readings the Imperial Chancellor declaring that he would support the proposal before the Federal Council. As he recognised that for a number of military offences the admission of extenuating circumstances was desirable. The motion which it was originally intended to submit as an amendment to the DefenceBill came before the Reichstag to-day in the form of a private Bill. Its effect is to enable courtsmartial in cases where extenuating circumstances can be found to pass sentences of simple imprisonment for various offences for which a present penal servitude is the minimum penalty.

The Reichstag also passed the final reading of the Levy Bill, which is to cover the non-recurring expenditure of the Government's defence proposals, and of the various financial Bills providing for the recurring expenditure involved by the increase of the army. The Socialist amendment to the Property Tax Bill, establishing the liability of the Federal Sovereigns to taxation, was rejected by 19 5votes to 169.

SEDITION IN FRANCE.

Twelve secretaries, former secretaries, or treasurers of labour organizations were arrested in Paris on Tuesday on a charge of inciting soldiers to disobedience and desertion. In the "Revue des Deux Mon des," the well-known political writer, M. Andre Tardieu, gives some startling figures of the growth of desertion in the French army. Nearly seventy-seven thousand young men tried to escape from their military obligations last year. The year before the figure was 70,000. M. Tardieu blames the anti-patriotic crusade of the Socialists. "It was established during the course of the Franco-German crisis in 1911 that Anarchistic Syndicalists had managed to glide into posts in the army most favourable to sabotage in case of mobilisation." When this fact was brought to the notice of M. Poincare last year the then Premier replied: "The Government does not deny it." It is impossible to measure the peril, insists M. Tardieu. At a meeting at Rheims this month Socialists ardently praised Germany.

ATTACK ON KING ALFONSO.

King Alfonso arrived in Madrid, on Thursday morning and presided over a Cabinet meeting. As his motor car was entering the principal gate of the palace a suspicious-looking man attired in a long blouse rushed to the back of the car. He was immediately arrested by a policeman standing at the gate and was taken to the Prefecture of Police. When questioned there the man talked in an incoherent manner and appeared to be insane. He said he was the Sultan of Morocco and wished to greet the King. It was found, however, that he had been imprisoned in connection with the disturbances at Barcelona in 1909. When the man was searched by the police a number of pieces of broken glass were found in his pockets. He gave his name as Paul Fernandez. King Alfonso entered the palace without being aware of the incident. The incident, though less alarming in its nature, recalls the attack made on King Alfonso on April 13 last, when a man named Alegre attempted to kill his Majesty as he was returning from a review of troops. The King's presence of mind in making his horse rear probably saved his life, one of the bullets striking the charger in the chest. Two more shots were fired by Alegre before he was disarmed.

THE TURKISH ADVANCE.

TROOPS BEFORE ADRIANOPLE.

DESPATCH OF BRITISH WARSHIPS.

BULGARIAN REVERSE AT FERDINANDORO.

The latest telegrams from the Balkans are of a startling nature. Turkish troops are reported to be before Adrianople, and three British warships arrived at Piræus yesterday, evidently as a result of the dicision of the Powers to intervene should Turkey persist in her designs. Four destroyers have also been despatched.

From Rome the announcement came on Saturday that the Powers had decided to take collective action should Turkish troops enter Adrianople, and the warships, have been sent as a show of force, doubtless, to prevent the occupation, and to be in readiness for any eventualities.

In the meanwhile, Greece and Servia are marching on the Bulgarian frontier, and that another conflict is feared may be gathered from the fact that the main Bulgarian army is preparing itself, between Kustendi and Dubnitza, for contingencies.

Another Bulgarian reverse is reported from Ferdinandoro, where the Rumanian cavalry forced the surrender of a Bulgarian general and twelve guns.

WARSHIPS AT PIRÆUS.

FOUR DESTROYERS ON THE WAY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY].

LONDON, July 20.

The British warships "Yarmouth," "Inflexible," and "Proserpine," have arrived at Piræus. Four British destroyers are also expected there.

CAVALRY BEFORE THE TOWN

POWERS' THREAT TO TAKE ACTION.

LONDON, July 19.

A telegram to Berlin from Constantinople, says that Turkish cavalry has arrived before Adrianople.

It is semi-officially announced in Rome, that the Powers will exercise direct collective intervention, if Turkey allows her troops to march into Adrianople.

In Constantinople it is stated that the Porte promises to give courteous attention to the advice of the Powers, but the Porte is maintaining complete secrecy regarding the movements of the Army. The newspapers are unanimous in urging the Government to take a bold course. The Russian Ambassador has had repeated interviews with the Grand Vizier, and, it is understood, condemned in the strongest terms any encroachment on Bulgarian territory.

Replying to the request of the Queen of Bulgaria to suspend the Rumanian advance, "Carmen Sylva" replied that the advance would be carried out with the greatest consideration.

THE ALLIES' ADVANCE.

BULGARIAN ARMY FORTIFIES ITS POSITION.

LONDON, July 19.

Sensational rumours of the flight of the King and Queen of Bulgaria have been rife, but are discredited. It is stated in Bukharest that the Queen of Bulgaria telegraphed to "Carmen Sylva," appealing to her to suspend the Rumanian advance.

There is no doubt that Bulgaria's attempt to detach Rumania from Greece and Servia has failed. The Greeks are advancing in three columns on the Bulgarian frontier. The railway is working, enabling the Greeks to be easily reinforced. The Servians state that the main Bulgarian army is massed over a small front between Kustendil and Dubnitza, where it is fortifying itself.

The Powers are applying pressure to Turkey by hastening the work of the International Commission for the delimitation of the Turco-Bulgarian frontier, which will begin next week, thus hinting to Turkey that no transgression of the line fixed by the Treaty of London will be allowed.

ANOTHER BULGARIAN REVERSE.

BUKHAREST, July 19.

Rumanian Cavalry has defeated a Bulgarian Brigade at Ferdinandoro between Lompalanca and Sofia. The Bulgarians, with a general and twelve guns, surrendered.

BULGARIAN CABINET.

SOFIA, July 18.

M. Radoslavoff has formed a coalition Cabinet.

BULGARIAN EX-PREMIER SENT TO BUKHAREST.

LONDON, July 20.

It appears, from an article in the semi-official *Norddeutsche Allgemeins Zeitung* that the new Bulgarian Ministry has sent ex-Premier M. Guechoff to Bukharest, thus meeting the wishes of Rumania, Greece, and Servia, for direct, independent negotiations.

INDIAN MISSION TO THE FRONT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

Dr. C. Muhammad Hussain, officer in charge of the first Indian Red Crescent Medical Mission, has been instructed by wire to accompany the advancing Ottoman army.

DOCK STRIKE.

SHIPPING HELD UP AT HULL.

TROUBLE AMONG TRAMWAY MEN IN EDINBURGH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.].

LONDON, July 19.

The strike of dockers at Hull, which was settled yesterday, has broken out again. All the shipping is held up.

Carmen in Edinburgh have struck, and the trams are stopped.

INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

SPECIAL HONOURS COURSE DEVISED.

LONDON, July 18.

Before the Public Services Commission to-day, Mr. Neill, Censor of the Indian School at University College, submitted a report by an inmate of the College, stating that they would be prepared to devise an Honours course in Indian studies suitable for probationers in the Indian Civil Sevice between the ages of eighteen and twenty, such course leading up to the Honours degree. The teachers of the Indian school recommended a course, which should include law and the elements of either Sanskrit, Arabic or Persian, leaving one vernacular, Indian history, sociology and economics. Mr. Neill thought that if the age were reduced the University would have to provide hostel accommodation.

The Rev. W. A. Heard, headmaster of Fettes, was not in favour of reducing the age limit to nineteen as boys were then immature and too precocious. He was in favour of a preliminary examination and ultimate selection by evidence of general quality. He thought there would be considerable public opposition to a Selection Board to supersede the present system.

SUBORDINATE SERVICES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

It is understood that a mass meeting will be held in the near future of the members of the subordinate staffs of the different branches of the Government services, the object being to protest against the decision reached in connection with the exclusion of the condition of surbordinates in India, from the scope of the enquiry of the Royal Commission during their visit next cold weather. Should the meeting prove a success a memorial will be submitted to the Secretary of State for India on the subject.

COMMISSION'S RETURN TO INDIA.

ALLAHABAD, July 20.

The Public Services Commission are likely to reach India again on Novem ber 7, and begin their sitting at Delhi.

MR. GOKHALE'S PLANS.

POONA, July 19.

Mr. Gokhale has decided to leave for India by the s.s. "Egypt" sailing from Marseilles on September 5, and arriving in Bombay on September 19. This will enable him not to miss a sitting of the Public Services Commission and to have his cure at Vichy before returning to India, and also to attend a meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council, which will be held after September 22. Mr. Gokhale's health is now fairly good.

ATTACK ON SOCIALISTS.

MOB HEADED BY AMERICAN SAILORS.

SEATTLE, July 20.

A mob has wrecked the halls of the "Industrial Workers of the World" and other Socialist organisations, burning the contents. The wreckers were headed by bluejackets from the American cruisers in harbour, whom the Socialist speakers had described as the enemies of labour.

MILITARY SERVICE.

FRENCH CHAMBER ADOPTS THREE YEARS' BILL.

LONDON, July 20.

The French Chamber has adopted Three Years' Military Service Bill by 358 votes to 204.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

PREMIER REFUSES TO SEE LIBERAL DEPUTATION.

LONDON, July 18.

A deputation of Scottish baillies and town councillors called on Mr. Asquith to-day to urge the enfranchisement of women and the repeal of the "Cat and Mouse" Act.

The Premier refused them an interview, whereupon the deputation, the great majority of whom were Liberals, held an indignation meeting in Downing Steeet.

One speaker declared that Mr. Asquith's decision would mean the loss of every Liberal seat in Scotland.

MRS. PANKHURST RE-ARRESTED.

LONDON, July 20.

Mrs. Pankhurst has been re arrested. [The leader of the suffragettes was released on June 16, and just now makes the third time she has been re-arrested following her conviction at the Old Bailey for inciting to fire at Mr. Lloyd George's Golf Villa at Walton-on-the-hill, for which offence she was sentenced to three years' penal servitude. Since her last release, she has been seriously ill. Recovering, however, Mrs. Pankhurst addressed a meeting in London a few days back, when the Police attempted to re-arrest her, but her friends vigorously resisted the officers, and she escaped in the confusion.]

OIL FUEL.

FINANCING OF THE NAVAL SCHEME.

CONFERENCE WITH BANK OF ENGLAND GOVERNOR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 19.

A conference was held at the Treasury to-day, between Mr. Churchill, Mr. Lloyd George, the Governor of the Bank of England, and others, with reference, it is believed, to financing the Admiralty's oil scheme. It is understood that certain sites in Egypt, Canada, Borneo, Burma, and Australia, have already been ear-marked.

CHINESE REVOLUTION.

BRITISH DESTROYER ON THE WAY TO CANTON.

HONG-KONG, July 19.

The Chinese Press reports that the Governor-General of Canton has proclaimed the severance of Canton from the Central Government. He declares that the Provincial Council has appointed him Commander-in-Chief, and that he will lead troops against Yuan shi-Kai on account of the latter's despotism. Business with Canton is at a standstill.

The British destroyer "Otter" is proceeding to Canton.

SMALL-POX IN AUSTRALIA.

SERIOUS EPIDEMIC AT SYDNEY.

SYDNEY, July 18.

Small-pox is still spreading. The Government has decided to introduce legislation to provide for compulsory vaccination. Owing to the large number of vessels in quarantine, trade, particularly shipping, is seriously affected.

One case has occurred in Melbourne.

THE GIFT TO THE TROPICS.

MR. ROCKEFELLER BELIEVED TO BE THE DONOR.

LONDON, July 19,

It is surmised that Mr. Rockefeller is the donor of the twenty millions sterling for combatting tropical diseases, as the International Health Commission mentioned by Dr. Page is one of the agencies of the Rockefeller foundation, being an enlargement of the commission founded by Mr. Rockefeller to discover a cure for the hook-worm disease.

In an interview, Dr. Page said his remarks had been misunderstood. The gift was not that of an individual, but a foundation established by a number of wealthy citizens of the United States. Dr. Page had no information as to their identity. Special attention would be paid to the cure of anæmia among the natives of the tropics.

MONGOLIAN PERIL.

DISTURBED SITUATION CAUSES ANXIETY.

PEKIN, July 19.

High Chinese authorities, interviewed by Reuter, after pointing out the consternation aroused by the new Russian demands regarding Mongolia, and stating that only hostile Senators have delayed the signing of the Russo-Chinese agreement with the Legation, almost unanimously expressed the hope that Russia will agree to an early settlement, which China desires in view of the situation in Inner Mongolia, where the lives of foreigners and peaceful Chinese and Mongols are in constant peril.

SALAR-ED-DOWLEH.

SURRENDERS TO PERSIAN COSSACK FORCE.

TEHERAN, July 19.

Salar-ed-Dowleh, brother of the ex-Shah, has surrendered to a Persian Cossack force near Senneh. It is understood that the Government will be asked to pension him if he consents to live abroad.

LATER.

The Russian Legation has telegraphed to St. Petersburg for instructions with regard to Salar-ed-Dowleh, who wishes to come here under Russian protection.

JAPANESE COLONISERS IN MEXICO.

MEXICO, July 19.

A committee of Japanese subjects has appealed to the Government for permission for Japanese to colonise the entire state of Morelos. Negotiations are in progress.

TAX ON FRENCH BACHELORS.

PARIS, July 19.

The Budget Committee has decided to impose a surtax of 20 per cent on bachelors, over the age of thirty.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, July 19.

Nottinghamshire beat Gloucestershire, at Nottingham, by an innings and 134 runs.

Sussex beat Lancashire at Manchester by five wickets.

The matches between Hampshire and Essex and Kent and Yorkshire were drawn, the first-named teams leading on the first innings.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, July 20.

The P. and O. Co. steamer "Persia" left here for Bombay at 3 p. m., with the outward mails of July 11.

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety, impossible with solid fuel.

PRODUCTION OF COTTON.

PROCESS TO REDUCE THE COST.

AN IMPORTANT GERMAN DISCOVERY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 18.

The *Westminster Gazette*, in a special article, refers to the discovery by a German, named Schuetze, who is now in London, which, he claims, will reduce the cost of cotton production by one-half. The discovery has been patented in Germany.

The process, in which grafting plays a prominent part, purports to eliminate the annual re-sowing, thereby effecting an enormous saving in labour. It is further said that it will restore the natural perennial character of the plant while maintaining the yield, and render it immune from insect pests and frosts.

The experiments hitherto have been conducted in East Africa.

RACING AT HOME.

RESULT OF THE ECLIPSE STAKES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 18.

The result of the Eclipse Stakes was as follows :—

Tracery	1
Louvois	2
Bachelor's Wedding	3

Won by four lengths; one length between second and third.

Seven started.

Tracery was ridden by Whalley and Roseworthy by Maher.

Lorenzo did not start.

Bachelor's Wedding made the running until close home, when Tracery went to the front and won easily.

The betting was :—

2 to 1 on Tracery.

6 to 1 against Louvois.

100 to 6 against Bachelor's Wedding.

SHOOTING AT BISLEY.

SCOTLAND WIN THE ELCHO SHIELD.

LONDON, July 18.

Scotland won the Elcho Shield with score of 1,732. England was next with 1,722, and Ireland third with 1,669.

LAWN TENNIS.

AMERICA TO MEET ENGLAND IN CHALLENGE ROUND.

LONDON, July 19.

In the final round of the Davis Cup for the right to meet England, which was played at Wimbledon to-day, Williams (America) beat Schwengers (Canada), 6-4, 6-2, 6-4, and McLoughlin (America) beat Powell (Canada), 10-8, 6-1, 6-4.

LATER.

The match between Canada and America was continued, when McLoughlin and Hackett (America) beat Powell and Schwengers (Canada), 6-3, 6-3, 12-10.

America therefore meets Britain in the challenge round on July 25.

DEFEAT OF McLOUGHLIN.

The Australian papers give a full account of the great match between Wilding and McLoughlin for the All England Championship, in which McLoughlin's service was collared for the first time. A message dated London July 5 says :—

The American champion lawn tennis player, M. E. McLoughlin, who won the final game of the All England Championship Singles, to-day met A. F. Wilding, the holder of the title, and the New Zealander successfully defended it, winning three straight sets, 8-6, 6-3, 10-8. Great interest was taken in the meeting of the pair, as McLoughlin has, of late, been showing splendid form. Ten thousand people were present, and several thousands were unable to gain admission. The American began well by securing the first two games, using a cannon shot service. Wilding, however, quickly collared the service and nonplussed McLoughlin with his brilliant terrific lifting drives. Wilding's service was untakable, and at 6-5 McLoughlin lost his chance of victory. Wilding won the second set, and became master of the situation. McLoughlin was at see with the champion's service and his own was weakening. The third set was exciting. McLoughlin made many great strokes, and secured two love, but the New Zealander won the next four games straight off, being wonderfully resourceful and active. McLoughlin secured the following three games. and Wilding equalised. A tenacious struggle followed, each player winning alternately until McLoughling's service gave him the lead 8-7. Here Wilding's physique triumphed, and he won the match. McLoughlin showed signs of distress at the finish.

Critics of the game are surprised at Wilding's comparatively easy victory, and admit that it greatly increases his reputation. They declare that an all-round man defeated a specialist in serving and volleying, and that Wilding's victory was similar to Doherty's, when he beat Brookes in 1905. Wilding met his opponent's service with a top spin forehand shot with clock-like regularity, and shattered his opponent's game by the style he adopted for the occasion. McLoughlin began to lose faith in himself, and his service became harmless. It was a match between a man's coolness and a boy's inexperience.

LAMA'S GIFTS TO THE KING.

LONDON, July 19.

King George has loaned to the British Museum a number of gifts sent by the Dalai Lama.

SHAM ASTROLOGER.

DETECTIVE'S WORK IN DISGUISE.

INTERESTING EVIDENCE IN BARISAL TRIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BARISAL, July 19.

At the hearing of the Barisal conspiracy case to-day, Inspector Fanindra Basu, of Bhola, said that on the 1st of April last he went to the boarding-house attached to the Kalkati National School, and took possession of the boarding-house register.

Deputy Superintendent Chakravary, of Dacca, said that, when he searched the Dacca Anusilan Samity, he found the members engaged in drill; he saw thirty young men parading in the compound, holding their lathis in the way in which soldiers hold their guns. The police were refused admission until they showed the search warrant. Among the articles seized was a copy of the "Paridarshak."

After other formal witnesses had been examined, Nishikanta Chakravarty, Head Constable of Alipur, was examined. He deposed that he went to the Bengal boarding-house at Barisal kept by Chandi Ghose, and said that he was an astrologer and palmist, and wanted to practise his profession at Barisal. He used to read people's palms, and examine their horoscopes, and, under that pretence, noted the persons, who used to frequent the boarding-house. While examining people's palms he used to draw diagrams, and, instead of the names of the planets in the Zodiac, he used to put down the letters of the names of the inmates and visitors. In this way he managed to note particulars of all the suspicious characters, who used to come to the boarding-house. After leaving Barisal he went to Dacca, and traced Jatin Roy, one of the absconding accused, in the previous conspiracy case.

The court then adjourned.

BETTING ON FOOTBALL.

FIRST CASE UNDER THE BENGAL GAMING ACT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 20.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta yesterday disposed of the first case under the new Bengal Gaming Act. Kishen Chunder Mitter was prosecuted for accepting bets on the football match between the Mohun Bagan A. C. and the Eastern Bengal Railway teams on Friday. The accused was fined Rs. 20, and the money found on him was confiscated.

BANGALORE SURPLUSES.

MUNICIPAL PROTEST TO THE VICEROY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, July 19.

The Municipal Commissioners this morning unanimously passed the following resolution to be forwarded to the Viceroy.—"That the Commission regret to learn that the Government of India are of opinion that the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore have no right to any part of the surplus revenue of the assigned tract, and respectfully request them to reconsider their opinion, as funds are urgently required for improvements, such as the erection of a hospital, drainage, water, lighting, etc. They also pray that in future all surpluses may be spent for the benefit of the station, and that the taxation be reduced."

THE GOVERNOR AND LADY WILLINGDON.

COLLEGE AND LEPER HOSPITAL VISITED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, July 19.

This morning H. E. the Governor, accompanied by Sir Dorab Tata and Captain Vaughan, A. D. C., visited the College of Engineering. A guard-of-honour, about forty strong, of the Poona Volunteers and students belonging to the college, under the command of Captain MacMillan, was drawn up, and presented arms on His Excellency's arrival. He was received by the Principal and members of the staff, including Professors Cree Brown, Wren, Audich Heron, and Framjee, at the entrance to the college. His Excellency inspected the buildings and the chemical and physical laboratories. Dr. Allen explained the work going on in the different places. His Excellency stayed about an hour.

The same morning Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, accompanied by Lady Tata and Captain C. Lucas R.A.M.C., visited the Leper Asylum, at Khandwa Budrak. There were present, to receive Her Excellency, Mr. S. R. Arthur, Commissioner, C. D.; Mr. C. E. Mountford, Collector of Poona; the Rev. S. N. Macnicol, honorary superintendent of the Asylum; and Dr. Rutter Williamson, honorary physician in charge. Lady Willingdon showed great sympathy with the unfortunate sufferers, and had sweetmeats distributed to each of them. After inspecting the different departments of the institution, and before leaving, the women-patients sang the National Anthem in Marathi.

NAWAB OF DIR RETURNS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 19.

The *Pioneer* states:—It is reported from Peshawar that the Nawab of Dir, with a few followers, has left Drosh in Chitral, where he took refuge, and has returned in the direction of his State. It is not known exactly upon what adventure he is bound, but it is possible he may be seeking help from some of the Bajour clans.

BISHOP ACQUITTED.

LAWYER'S HERETICAL WRITING.

EXCOMMUNICATION LEADS TO THE COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, July 19.

The District Magistrate, Rangoon, to-day passed orders in the defamation case brought by Mr. J. M. Xavier, barrister, against Bishop Thargot.

His Worship held that the Bishop was not responsible for the publication of the letter, and Mr. Xavier, having in various exhibits in the case, showed his animus against the clergy of his church, it was plain that it was his own aggressive conduct which provoked the editor of the *Rangoon Times* into telling him what his Bishop thought of him. The letter was completely covered by the ninth exception to Section 599, I.P.C. Complainant had only himself to thank for the exposure which had taken place.

The case was dismissed.

In dismissing the case against the Rev. Father Chav, who was prosecuted by Mr. Xavier for defaming him by excommunicating him, His Worship at the conclusion of his judgment remarked that it was perfectly possible of course that excommunication might form the subject of a criminal or civil case, and that a priest would not be entitled to plead the orders of a superior; but complainant must bring clean hands into court and show that he had not deliberately provoked the sentence complained of by facetious conduct and "heretical" writings. As that was precisely what Mr. Xavier had done in the present case, the accused was discharged.

EXPEDITION'S TRIALS.

VILLAGERS' REVENGE FOR THE ACT OF ONE MAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

Captain Waterfield, in passing through Calcutta, en route to Simla, was interviewed by a Press representative, and gave the following details of the trouble with the villagers. He said that, after having been on the frontier all the winter and completing one successful trip, the party started out in March to survey the Taron river, which is the main branch of the Nmika-Lka or Irrawady river. All went well until towards the end of April, up to which time the party were always well received by the natives through whose villages they passed.

Then they got to a village, the headman of which complained of the behaviour of one of the advance party, who had passed through the village and had done a good deal of damage and also thoroughly frightened the people. Captain Pritchard spoke to the people reassuringly, compensated them for any loss they had been put to, and passed on, hoping that he had succeeded in mollifying the villagers. They, however, had been thoroughly angered by what had happened, as was proved by subsequent events. They were very timid people, and very easily frightened; and it was evident that they had made up their minds to be revenged on the whole expedition for the misdeeds of only one of the party.

The expedition pushed on through the wildest country,—"the worst I have ever travelled in," was the laconic way in which Captain Waterfield described it,—and, after a few days, they were brought to a full stop by snow. Thirteen inches of snow fell in twelve hours, and huge drifts made it impossible for the party to go further. They had perforce to retrace their steps. They found all the bridges partially or completely cut away. It was on arriving at one of them that Captain Pritchard made his ill-fated attempt to swim across the river in order to repair it, he being swept away into the rapids in the endeavour.

MAHOMEDAN EDUCATION.

COMMITTEE TO ASSIST UNITED PROVINCES GOVERNMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 19.

It is stated that the United Provinces Government intend to assemble a purely non-official Advisory Committee of seventeen representative Mahomedans in August to assist it with recommendations on the subject of Mahomedan education.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The Calcutta University Senate to-day decided to establish a professorship of comparative philology. The Senate also decided to appoint Dr. Otto Strauss to the professorship of comparative philology, and Dr. W. H. Young, lecturer on higher analysis at Liverpool University, to the Hardinge Professorship of Mathematics on a salary of Rs. 15,000.

PORT OF KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, July 19.

The Commander-in-Chief has thanked the Karachi Port Trust for the assistance given to trooping.

The Karachi Port Trust is supporting a scheme to build a Seamen's Church at Keamari.

BURMA SHOOTING CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, July 19.

The Commanding Officer, Rangoon, has received a telegram stating the result of the trial by the civil authorities of Cpl. Wild in connection with the shooting of Po Sein of the Cantonment Police Station at Thayetmyo on last Saturday. It has been decided that Po Sein met his death by an accident.

ROUND THE TOWN.

A CASUAL CAUSERIE OF LIFE'S LITTLE VANITIES.

LONDON, July 4.

BACK TO THE LAND.

As I pointed out a week or two ago the present has been one of the shortest 'seasons,' I should think on record. The restlessness of rag-time and the revenues seems to have pervaded London with the result that theatrically and socially stability has been absolutely demoralised. Already the exodus is taking place, and half a dozen theatres have shut up shop, whilst the majority have knocked off one or both matinees. Had it been an intensely hot June, such as that a couple of years back, the situation would have been more comprehensible—as it is there is really nothing to account for the stagnation. There was a wonderful cast at the recent matinee given at the St. James' of Boucicault's old play 'London Assurance' last week, including, as it did, Herbert Tree, H. B. Irving, Henry Ainly, Arthur Bourchier, Charles Hawtrey, Weedon Grossmith, Phyllis, Neilson-Terry and Marie Tempest; but even then celebrities were unable to endow with life the wooden persons of the play. Probably "London Assurance" was one of Bowcicault's worst plays just as the "Colleen Bawn" and the "Shaughram" were two of his best. And yet "Diplomacy," which is almost as old in years as "London Assurance" possesses just as many thrills as of yore and is still crowding Wyndham's Theatre.

REVIVALS AD LIBITUM.

At present, baring 'Oh I say,' which, as I prognosticated, has proved a tremendous success, the only plays, which are attracting at all are revivals. Martin Harvey has resuscitated 'The Only Way' Alexander is doing big business with 'The second Mrs. Tanqueray,' 'Bunty' holds the boards at the Playhouse whilst Cyril Maude takes a trip to America and 'Officer 666' has been reproduced at the New Theatre. By the way James Welch has hit upon novel form of advertising 'Oh I say,' in the matter of a number of damsels in blue and helio rope suits—I had almost written 'costumes,' but of course that word is now quite taboo—and with purple sunshades on which are written the title of the play. Fortunately for the proprieties, the sunshades scare off any would-be gallants. The 'Oh I say' girls are hunting in couples now in the Strand, and now in Regent Street, and so forth. Time was when the mere announcement of the title of a piece was sufficient to draw people to the box-office, but now it is only the management which emulates pills or soap, in the matter of advertisement, that can keep going.

ROUND THE REVEUES.

As I have already said the Reveues are still going strong, though where the attraction in them lies, I cannot fathom. The majority of them are not funny, they are not chic, and the musical numbers, both as regards the libretto and the score, are banal in the extreme. Is it that we are becoming Americanised or is it merely that we are seeking an antidote for suffragitis and Marconi-ism? Truly, despite the rigours of your hot weather, your toll of sudden deaths and connubial separations due to Her having to come with the children whilst He strains every nerve to find the wherewithal for a re-union in the future, you are very much to be congratulated and envied—particularly whilst Parliamentarians are busy with the Home Rule and Welsh Disestablishment Bills, and so unable to worry you with their futilities. And there is glee in the thought that the present Government are making themselves so unpopular that they will probably be out of office before they have the opportunity of interfering with Indian affairs once again. But I am afraid, I am digussing and encroaching upon matters other than should be treated upon in a column devoted to Life's Little Vanities. Still, when all is said and doae, there is very little that could be vainer than the present legislative system. However, May Yohe—do you remember 'Honey Ma Honey' goodness knows how many years back—is at the London Opera House and singing first in the same old sweet way? The 'knuts' are being temporarily ousted in consequence by some of the older buffers who are endeavouring to regain a fleeting moment of their youth and memories of the days when Lloyd George was still in his Welsh birth place.

A BOOK OF TRAVEL.

Have you read "The Surgeon's Log," and, if not, why not? The house of Chapman and Hall have recently published a reprint in a new and cheaper edition; half crown only is the price. So, if you want to spend a few delightful hours in quite the best company possible, why, plank down your two rupees and invest in a copy. It is really a very simple book. The log kept by the ship's surgeon on a glorified tramp steamer during a voyage to the East. But it is in the author's charm in describing the little things and the true picture presented of life as it is realised by the sailor man, that its fascination lies. Apparently "Macassai" in the Celebes is the sea-farers' Olympus, and from all accounts it is just the kind of resting place that a number of us would like to be stationed in, lacking, of course, the genuine South Sea Island of one's youthful dreams. What a pity it is that those glamorous spots are so far away; they must be so restful after the hurly-burly of the strenuous modern life. Unfortunately, even with the necessary wherewithal, the desirable islets are difficult of access save to the exceptionally seasoned voyagers. A couple of weeks in a small trading schooner would put off any but the most hardy. No, I think it will have to be Macassai in the Celebies for me personally if the hustle for existence doesn't slack off a little.

UP THE RIVER.

Mother Thames—or is it Father Thames—has been in great request for the past couple of weeks, and on Ascot Sunday the punts and boats and launches and houseboats were packed together as closely as the much quoted sardine,—in fact the river traffic was the heaviest yet recorded. Fortunately the day was fine so that the frocks and frills of the fairer sex fluttered to their best advantage. Nice may boast of its battle of flowers, and Paris of Ma Careme; but for sheer healthy jollity and picturesqueness, there is nothing to beat Boulter's and Cookham Lock on Ascot Sunday, and it is

such a good humoured crowd too. At Taggs Island there was an entirely new attraction in the matter of a 'Karaino', so called after its owner Fred Karno of music-hall celebrity. The whole place has been laid out 'regardless', and was a rendezvous, apparently of great favour with 'The Profession.' There is a bar—when drinks are dispensed at ruinous prices—indeed a number of people were so indignant at the charges made that they left in high dudgeon—a cafe chantant, and for any, who wish to spend the week end then—a number of bedrooms. The idea is quite a good one, and, if only the proprietor can see his way to make the charges reasonable, I should say it would form quite a successful venture.

A RECORD IN DAMAGES.

What constitutes, I should say, almost a record in the matter of damages for 'a blighted heart,' was paid over on Tuesday last by the Marquis of Northampton to Miss Daisy Martchasa, who will probably be remembered in the part of Suzanne in the 'Glad Eye.' Apparently the cleavage was due to the Marquis having promised his father that he would not marry the lady—the assurance having been given almost upon the late Marquis's death bed. Considering the exceedingly high premiums demanded for taking risks which might result in the loss of an eye or a limb, by the insurance companies, fifty thousand of the best seems rather a stiff price to pay for a small accident to the heart, but British juries, particularly democratic ones, are notoriously susceptible to the wrongs of their weaker sisters. In this particular case, however, the damages were not granted by the jury, but the amount was volunteered by the Marquis, it being based upon the provision to which she would have been entitled, had she attained the position of Marchioness. Twenty thousand were, I believe, the damages awarded in the last theatrical cause celebre of this nature: but fifty beats that hollow, particularly as the plaintiff was given an indemnity for all costs. Who says the stage doesn't pay, occasionally, at all events?

R. E. G.

MYSTERIOUS TUNNEL.

INTERESTING BUILDING TO BE DEMOLISHED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 20.

It is proposed to demolish by degrees the present building occupied as the Police head-quarters at Lall Bazar and to re-construct it on up-to-date lines. The building is over a hundred years old, and has recently shown signs of decay.

There is an interesting history attached to this building. It was originally built for use as the first artillery gun-shed of the old John Company. There is a mysterious subterranean passage to the north of the building which is supposed to lead to a site of the old Fort William, which was once situated on the present site of the head office of the East Indian Railway in Fairlie place.

It is said that, some time ago, a servant, while cleaning some utensils in the rear of the sergeants' quarters, saw the utensils gradually sinking into the ground. He, however, continued the operations of cleaning until he heard the sound of falling earth, followed by the complete disappearance of the utensils, and it was thus that the existence of the tunnel was discovered. Several attempts have been made from time to time to measure the tunnel, and in every instance there seemed to be no end to it.

CHASED BY AN ANGRY MOB.

EXPERIENCE OF ALLEGED KIDNAPPERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The kidnapping scare in Calcutta was responsible for another outbreak, which took place last night in Cornwallis Street. Two Punjabi electricians, it is said, were standing on the footpath of the thoroughfare, when a rumour spread that they were there for the purpose of kidnapping children. They were immediately surrounded by a large number of municipal sweepers, and would, probably, have fared badly at their hands, had it not been for their presence of mind. The pair, finding that they were being pressed, rushed into the local Municipal Office, and were quickly followed by an excited mob. The police were communicated with by telephone, and on arrival rescued the men, and arrested nine of the ringleaders, who will be placed on their trial shortly.

DEATH OF MR. JAMES BELL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

A cable has been received from England announcing the death of Mr. James Richard Bell, late of the Public Works Department, who, since his retirement in 1896, was consulting engineer to Messrs. Martine and Co. He joined the service in 1868, and retired with the rank of Chief Engineer in 1896. A man of powerful personality and great skill in his profession, Mr. Bell made a great impression among those with whom he associated. Among his many admirers was Rudyard Kipling, who made him a character in the well-known tale "The Bridge-builders."

FLOODS IN ASSAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The floods in Cachar, Assam, have begun to subside. About 630 acres of land on one side of the river was under water. The loss of life has not yet been ascertained. Rice is scarce, and times are hard. Tea-garden managers are importing rice from Calcutta.

FOURTEEN WOMEN DROWNED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

It is reported that 14 women were drowned in a colliery at Topsi, near Panchra, in the recent floods at Raniganj. The water rose 30 feet, and went down the shaft drowning the women.

KARACHI NOTES.

WATER FAMINE AVERTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, July 16.

The rain for which we have been longing for some time has come at last, our water famine has been averted, all nature has revived, every thing has put on a cleaner and fresher appearance, the terrible dust has been laid for a while, and the few nasty muggy days we have lately had—the usual precursor of rain in these parts—have given place to strong breezes that blow night and day, and heavy clouds shut out the face of the blazing sun and keep our days cloudy and cool. This is Karachi hot weather in its best phase, and we are hoping that the rest of the season up to October will continue in this way as it can do sometimes. In this land of fervent heat where the sun blazes down upon one, at times for 14 or 15 hours daily, where the glare from the roadway beneath one's feet is too often aggravated by the glare from the surrounding buildings which is seldom relieved by any shade trees or green of lawn or garden where the dust blows in clouds and penetrates into the houses making the tidy housekeeper's life a burden, what a welcome advent is that of the rain, and what a pleasure to have the sun shut out for a while! As is not unusual in Karachi, no great thunder-storm heralded the approach of the rain; though there was some thunder and lightening, it is very doubtful if any but a very few heard or observed it, the wind from the sea dropped, the clouds, which for days had been chasing each other across the sky going heaven knows where in their journey landwards, ceased in their mad rush from the sea and began to pile up in the north, and then, when the super-saturation of the atmosphere became too great to hold the vapour, down came a sharp shower, the tail end of some heavy rain more inland. Jupiter Pluvius, however, abstained from any further concession to the universal demand for more rain that day, and in consequence the next day was muggy and warm, but on the 3rd day the thirsty land could no longer denied its right to refreshment, and our hearts and bodies were delighted with a downpour which continued from the afternoon to late at night with a cessation for a few hours in the evening.

CRICKET MATCHES.

KARACHI GYMKHANA VS. NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Cricket is in full swing, and lately two very interesting matches have come off. In the first between the Gymkhana and N.-W. Railway, the former eleven after compiling 211 runs for 8 wickets declared, leaving their opponents about hours for their innings. Very soon after the opening of the Railway innings it looked a certainty for the Gymkhana to win, as they had contrived to get 5 of their opponents' best batsmen out for 12 runs, G. W. Wilson holding a very difficult catch, and Chetham doing some smart wicket keeping, while Capt. Twiss's bowling seemed to baffle the batsmen. Some of the succeeding batsmen, however, made a better stand, and 2 of the last wickets kept in till time was called, thus making an unexpected draw. The following are the scores:—

KARACHI GYMKHANA.

F G Travers, c and b H Cabral	...	57
C H Wilson, c E Khan, b L Semper	...	0
F C Waite, b H Cabral	...	24
Capt Turner, b L Semper	...	35
H Geary, b L Semper	...	16
G K Chetham, b Greene	...	15
K H Coxe, l-b-w Mobed	...	25
Capt Twiss, c Mendis, b S E West	...	17
Maj Cates, not out	...	5
C N Wright, not out	...	7
G W Wilson, did not bat,	...	0
Extras	...	10
Total for 8 wickets	...	211

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

L Semper, c F G Travers, b Capt Twiss	5
H Greene, c G W Wilson, b Capt Twiss	1
S E West, c G R Chetham, b Capt Twiss	3
D Judah, c F G Travers, b Capt Turner	3
L De Kunha, c G R Chetham, b Capt Twiss	0
E Khan, b Capt Twiss	15
L Mobed, c F G Travers, b Capt Twiss	25
C A Beaty, c K H Coxe, b Capt Twiss	0
H Cabral, c G W Wilson, b F G Travers	18
L Mendis, not out	32
H Judah, not out	1
Extras	1
Total for 9 wickets	104

CIVIL VS. MILITARY.

This match was made up of the members of the Gymkhana, and show such an array of cricketers as Karachi has never before seen, the batting and bowling throughout the game being of a very high order. The superior batting of the Civilians being more than counter balanced by the excellent bowling, for the Military, of Capt. Twiss, who, as in the preceding match, took most of the wickets. He was a tower of strength for his side, for he also made the highest score of the match, and really won it for the Military, though Travers and Ludlow were bowling well, the latter taking 5 wickets for 6 runs. The following are the scores:—

CIVIL.

F G Travers, c Turnar, b Capt Twiss	19
F Ludlow, b Capt Twiss	30
K H Coxe, c Sgt Sinfield, b Capt Twiss	1
F Waite, b Capt Twiss	8
S E West, l-b-w, Capt Turner	37
C H Wilson, b Pt Hill	8
G R Chetham, c Elsden, b Major Gresson	11
L Brachi, c and b Capt Twiss	0
G W Wilson, c Turner, b Capt Twiss	7
R W Cocker, c Mather, b C G Burge	2
G N Morgan, c Gresson, b Capt Twiss	0
O Turton, not out	1
Extras	5
Total	129

MILITARY.

H Geary, b C H Wilson	1
Maj Cates, b F G Travers	0
Capt. Turner, c F G Travers	6
Lt S Bamford, c West, b C H Wilson	8
Pt Hill, c Turton, b F Ludlow	37
Lt J Mather b C H Wilson	2
Major T T Gresson, c Travers, b C H Wilson	0
Capt E K Twiss, c G W Wilson, b F Ludlow	73
Lt C G Burge, c and b F Ludlow	9
Capt H G Bower, c C H Wilson, b F Ludlow	5
Gur Elsdon, c Turton, b F Ludlow	4
Sgt Sinfield, not out	0
Extras	0
Total	145

HOSPITAL FOR SEAMEN.

Last year, in response to the public efforts that were being made to set the Civil Hospital here on a sound financial basis, and for the formation of a fund for training nurses, the Port Trustees generously resolved that they were prepared to contribute the sum of Rs. 70,000 for initial expenditure and Rs. 12,000 per annum recurring expenditure on the lines indicated in a scheme put forward by Major Murison, Acting Civil Surgeon, Karachi. The resolution authorized the Chairman to address the Commissioner-in-Sind and request that a definite scheme be determined by the medical authorities in consultation with the Municipality of Karachi and stated that on the approval of such a scheme the Board would pay their contribution.

No scheme having been prepared, and Government having withheld sanction to the payments provided in the Port Trust Budget, the Commissioner-in-Sind, after a full consideration of the case, expressed the opinion that in view of the great expenditure involved, it would be far better the Port Trust were to provide a good hospital of their own at Keamari, and were to make their own arrangements for nursing the sick. The Chairman recorded his opinion that not only the proposed contribution out of proportion to the requirements of the Port, but was greatly in excess of the grants made for a similar purpose by the Port Trustees of Calcutta, Bombay and Rangoon, and he therefore recommended the adoption of the proposal made by the Commissioner-in-Sind, as ensuring prompt attendance at the port itself to sailors and to many others connected with the port for whose welfare the Port Trust were more or less responsible. The Port Trustees, at a meeting held the other day, however, passed the following resolution:—

Resolution.—The Commissioner-in-Sind to be informed that the Board are not prepared to undertake the establishment and maintenance of a Hospital at Keamari which moreover they find is not a charge they can incur ordinarily i.e. without special sanction of Government (to the building and establishment charges if exceeding Rs. 50,000) and of the Commissioner-in-Sind otherwise.

They are of opinion that it is preferable they should subscribe to the Government Civil Hospital under Section 36 (5) b of Indian Ports Act, that their offer, to contribute on the preparation of a sanctioned definite scheme Rs. 70,000 in lump and Rs. 12,000 per annum not having been sanctioned and no definite scheme having been approved by Government should be considered as having lapsed.

On a further review of the circumstances the Board are prepared to make an annual grant of Rs. 7,200 or Rs. 600 per mensem to the Civil Hospital Nursing Fund Association and will move for the sanction of Government to this.

This decision has been hailed with considerable satisfaction by the public who are interested in Our Civil Hospital, as the scheme of a separate hospital at Keamari would have seriously crippled the funds of the Civil Hospital.

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.

The Karachi Municipality is trying, like so many other of the big city municipalities, to solve the best method of preserving the life of the roads, giving them a good travelling surface, and allaying the terrible dust nuisance, which is here infinitely greater than that of Bombay at its worst. They have tried the tar-maccadum process in which the tar is actually mixed with the road material, but this has been found to be very expensive. Then an experiment has been made with tar-painting, but as the commercial tar is rather variable in consistency and in the amount of water it holds, this process has not been a satisfactory one. Another painting process by means of a new substance called 'tarco,' which is claimed by the inventors to the the best dust laying and road preserving paint, is now being tried. The ordinary maccadum is laid down in the usual way, but before it is covered with gravel, a thickish coating of the 'tarco' is laid on, then the gravel is spread over it and the lot well rolled. The surface so obtained is excellent and dustless. This experiment has not yet had a sufficiently long trial, but if it turns out that it will prolong the life of the road by one-half, it will be well worth the expenditure.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

A tennis tournament,—a men's four and a mixed four, has been in progress and has drawn a considerable number of competitors, some of whom are no doubt getting into form for the Sind Championship meeting to be held here next month. One of the mixed interesting matches so far was played the other evening when Messrs. Hayward and Hudson (30) met Messrs. Thorburn and Manning. After a hard fight the forme won the first set by 6-4. In the second set their opponents took the first three games to love, but failed to keep up this form, Manning's forcing tactics and too great a proneness to poach did not meet with success against such well known steady players as Mr. Hayward and his partner, who took the next 6 games and so won the tie.

KARACHI-LONDON MAIL.

Interest has been greatly excited here on the subject of the renewal of the Indian Mail contract, since both the "Pioneer" and "The Civil and Military Gazette" have lately drawn attention in a forceable manner to the desirability of giving India something more than a single mail per week with Europe. Both the Allahabad and Lahore journals strongly advocate the institution of a bye weekly mail, and suggest that instead of the long talked of Aden-Karachi link, there should be a direct weekly service with Europe to and from Karachi, the weekly mail to Bombay running as at present. The linking of Karachi by a broad guage line with Delhi will probably be completed by the time the present mail contract expires, and doubtless this will, it is hoped, influence the authorities to view the project favorably. During the next 2 or 3 years the demand for such a service will become very insistent, and if the opportuninty for making provision for it in the new contract is neglected, the postal interests of all Northern India at any rate will suffer.

NATIVE OFFICERS' PENSIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 20.

Sanction has been given by the Secretary of State to the proposal that Native Officers of the Indian Army, on passing permanently into a civil employment, should be allowed to count the military service (after the age of 24) up to the limit of ten years towards their civil pension.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The share market to-day was steady with fair business in jute shares, but not much was doing in coal. The jute market was easier with no great disposition to trade shown by buyers. In the gunny market, buyers seem to have reached their limit in both price and purchasing power for the time at all events, and to-day the share market was quiet and a bit irregular.

THIS AND THAT.

A short time ago, having on my hands a spare half-hour, I decided that I would occupy myself by going to the Sessions Court, and there see the law in all its majesty perform its most awful office. A murder case of exceptional brutality had for many hours occupied the attention of a patient because somnolent jury. After mature deliberation the nine good men and true had returned a verdict of guilty; it but remained for the presiding Judge to pass the established sentence. I have said that I expected to observe the law in all its majesty. I was, however, sadly disappointed. The law was there; all majesty was absent. Where were the trappings, those outward emblems that usually had the scales of justice? Where indeed? The venerable wigs, for instance, which from my childhood I had always associated with Bench and Bar, found, I discovered, no resting place on the heads of the pundits of the Bombay High Court. These relics of the days when clerical advocates decently concealed their naked tonsures from the public gaze were seemingly considered unnecessary by the barristers of the east, whose scanty locks brazenly advertised to the on-looker a sad neglect of hair drill and then I listened to the death-sentence! Shorn, as it was, of that historic symbol, that terrible introductory ceremony, the assumption by the president of a black cap, its pronouncement seemed to me the merest mockery. A marriage celebration, unaided by the picturesque bonds of the bridal ring, could not have been more incomplete than was this unassisted condemnation to the noose. Wedded to death, indeed, was the craven occupant of the dock, but wedded with the nuptials of a Magdalen rather than of a Mary. Reprieve, I think, should surely be that prisoner's portion; such a loose connection with the scaffold would in all fairness release its victim to kill another day. What think you?

It is after all, quite possible that the convicted felon might become a useful member of society and that little mercy for him at the right moment would have an influence for untold good. A man with a past, even if he finds entire reform an unattainable ideal, is, at any rate, a subject for the interested speculation of his men friends and the pity and admiration of the women. The fact that he thus contributes to the entertainment of this dull old world is surely some recommendation to our forgiveness Why is it, however, that the sower of wild oats is invariably so popular with the fairest sex, such a stealer of their hearts, such a matrimonial magnet? The unthinking will reply to this connundrum with the nice-minded but over-hasty assertion that woman is filled with ambition for reform. Are they not wrong? Woman, though by convention brought up in a highly moral atmosphere, is by nature a non-moral creature, and the Eve within her soon desires to burst its bounds. Though in this rationalistic age she knows she's but an elevated monkey, she still prefers the role of fallen angel, and who would better help her fall than the gentleman with a past? His brain is the tree of every knowledge; his lips are full-flavoured with forbidden fruit; his tongue is the serpent to teach her good or ill. She well knows this and she flies to him. It depends upon the man, a very Adam having fallen once, whether when tempted he falls again and falling drags the woman with him. She well deserves her fate.

We, English, are certainly upholding our long-earned reputation for madness. It seems that that the wetter and more unpleasant the weather so much the more are we consumed with a craving for moisture. I refer to the present Bombay craze for mixed bathing. Though in the devastating sun-baked days of the past hot season the Breach Candy swimming baths were desolate and unoccupied, now that the swishing monsoon rain is tiring us of sounds of water its precincts ring with noisy splashings reminiscent of Dieppe, or Ostend. The sounds are similar; the environment, however, is very different. The untidy superstructure of the Breach Candy baths forms an unpicturesque background for the display of mermaid's confections when compared with the delightful amenities of those abodes of continental naughtiness haunted by the Britisher in his midsummer flight from the ogress Mrs. Grundy. When this drawback, however, is mentioned, almost the worst is said. For "joie de vivre," healthy exercise and innocent amusement, these delightful bathing parties would be hard to beat. Who cares if we dissolve in a cramped and shabby sentry box instead of in a beribboned cabine-de-luxe, if we swim in a fluid of more than doubtful hue instead of in an ocean-coloured ultramarine, if we play at ring of roses with English "knuts," and "peaches" rather than with pumpkin figured people of the genus "parley-voo?" Who cares? Certainly not I. Swimming with Ursula, diving with Ermyntrude and racing Lavinia are ample compensation for any number of such petty discomforts. Three hearty cheers for the Bombay Bathers!

B 3.

INVESTITURE OF A RAJAH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAMANDRUG, July 20.

The investiture of the Rajah of Sandur took place to-day. In the absence of the Governor, who was to have installed the Rajah, the Political Agent performed the ceremony in the presence of the Chiefs of Jath and Jamjhandi and other nobles and numerous visitors and subjects of the State, who assembled in Durbar. The Political Agent, Mr. Moscardi, delivered a speech, exhorting the Rajah to keep up to the traditions of his ancient, and loyal house and to promote the welfare of his subjects. He then installed the Rajah on the Gadi. The Rajah made a suitable reply, and the ceremony concluded with the usual distribution of *pansupari*.

THE ARAB RISING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 20.

News received from Muscat states that the Sultan's son is besieged by rebel Arabs at Samail, and his position is critical.

SPORTING NEWS.

BANGALORE RACES.

FAVOURITES WIN ON A SHOWERY DAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, July 19.

It was a very damp afternoon at the races to-day, a couple of smart showers falling. Again the favourites had a day out and the top weights stood the heavy going admirably. The results were as follows:—

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE, 6 furlongs:—

The Maharajah of Mysore's Master Priam, 8st. 9lbs.....Melsom 1
Mr. A. Himeed's Primoa, 9st. 10lbs. Hoyt 2

ALSO RAN:—Molly D, 8st. 2lbs.

BETTING:—5 to 4 on Master Priam and Primoa, 3 to 1 against Molly D.

THE RACE:—Run in a shower of rain and won by three lengths; two lengths between second and third.

TIME:—1min. and 23 3-5secs.

LEONIDAS PURSE, 6 furlongs:—

The Yuvaraja of Mysore's Little Speed, 11st. Melsom 1
Mr. R. R. S.'s St. Gilgen, 10st. P Brown 2

ALSO RAN:—Glendook, 8st. 9lbs.

BETTING:—Evens Little Speed, 5 to 4 against Glendook, 4 to 1 St. Gilgen.

THE RACE:—After some trouble at the start, Little Speed came away and was never headed. Won by six lengths; half a length between second and third.

TIME:—1min. and 25 2-5secs.

THE GRANT PLATE, 7 furlongs.

The Kour Sahib of Patiala's Vigour 8st. 13lbs.....Southall 1
The Maharaja of Mysore's Chemise, 8st., Melsom 2
Mr. M. Lakshmi Kantaraj Urs' Crowbar, 9st. 7lbs.....Ames 3

ALSO RAN:—Cowslip, 10st.; Harebell, 9st. 13lbs.; F 7s. 10lbs.

BETTING:—3 to 1 on Crowbar and Vigour, 5 to 2 against Chemise, 6 to 1 Harebell, tens the others.

THE RACE.—Chemise won by a length the same distance between second and third.

TIME:—1 min. 43 1-5 secs.

BANGALORE CUP, 1 1-4 miles:—

Mr. R. R. S's Coat-of-Arms, 10st. 12lbs, P. Brown 1
Kour Sahib of Patiala's Mil, 9st. 4lbs., Southall 2
Col Desaraj Urs' Metal Maid, 7st. 9lbs.....McGlone 3

ALSO RAN:—Tiercel, 9st. 5lbs.; Airman, 8st. 8lbs.; Pelargonium II, 7st. 5lbs.

BETTING:—6 to 4 against Mil, 2 to 1 against Coat-of-Arms; 5 to 1 Metal Maid, 6 to 1 Airman, 8 to 1 Tiercel, 10 to 1 Pelargonium II.

THE RACE:—A grand race, only marred by Airman slipping heavily at the distance and throwing Pratt, who, however, was uninjured. Won by three lengths, two lengths between second and third.

TIME:—2 mins. 33 1-5 secs.

SUBSTITUTION LAL BAGH PLATE, 3 furlongs:—

The Maharajah of Mysore's Red Patch, 9st. 2lbs.....Melsom 1
The Maharajah of Mysore's Betty, 10st. 5lbs.....Ames 2 } Dead heat.
Mr. A. Sattar's Nyria, 8st. Hoyt 2 }
The Yuvaraja of Mysor's Saraswati, 7st. 12lbs..... Sherwood 4

ALSO RAN:—Blarney Maid, 9st. 9lbs.; Madrid, 7-5; Fairsex, 7st. 11b.

THE RACE:—Won by half a length; 1 1-2 length between the dead heaters and Saraswati.

TIME:—41 secs.

SUBSTITUTION MYSORE PLATE, 4 furlongs—

The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Vic's Pride, 8st. 6lbs.....Southall 1
The Maharaja of Mysore's Bambra, 8st. 7lb..... Melsom 2
Col. Desaraj Urs' Chestnut Park, 7st. 10lbs.....McGlone 3

ALSO RAN:—Stable Boy, 10st 2lbs.; Reinstated Now, 8st. 4lbs.

BETTING:—5 to 4 against Bambra, 2 to 1 against Vic's Pride and Reinstated Now, 6 to 1 Stable Boy, 12 to 1, Chestnut Park.

THE RACE:—Won by three lengths, four lengths between second and third.

TIME:—55 2-5 secs.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

For the weekly mud sports on Wednesday, July 23, the programme of events will be the same as announced for the meeting of the 16th inst., which was not held owing to the state of the ground.

FOOTBALL.

SHERWOOD FORESTERS VS. SHERWOOD FORESTERS "A."

Owing to the inclemency of the weather the match between the Sherwood Foresters and the Sherwood Foresters "A" which was to have taken place on Saturday afternoon was postponed to a future date.

POONA HORSE SHOW.

LIST OF PATRONS AND COMMITTEES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, July 20.

The following is a list of the patrons, and the general and executive committees for the forthcoming Poona horse show which has been definitely fixed for September 17 and 19 next. The arrangements this year have been again entrusted to Major J. H. M. Davis.

PATRONS.—H. E. the Right Hon. Freeman Freeman-Thomas, Baron Willingdon of Ratton, G.C.I.E; the Hon. Sir R. A. Lamb, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.; the Hon. Mr. C. H. A. Hill, C.S.I., C.I.E.; the Hon. Mr. P. D. Pattani, C.I.E.; and Lieut.-General Sir A. A. Barrett, K.C.B., K.C.V.O.

GENERAL COMMITTEE:—The Hon, Mr. C. H. A. Hill' C.S.I., C.I.E.; Brigadier-General S. C. U. Smith, Lt.-Colonel W. V. Scudamore, R.E.; Messrs. H. O. Quin, I.C.S. and M. Kennedy, C.S.I.; Lt.-Colonel R. J. Windle (M. B.) R.A.M.C.; Lt. Colonel J. F. Cadell, R.F.A.; Lt.-Colonel U. Evans, R.E; Lt.-Colonel J. C. C. Perkins, D.S.O., I.A; Lt.-Colonel J. H. Pollard, 20th Lancers; F. Eassie, D.S.O., A.V.O Major T. E. Hughes, Major F. Morrit, Captain R. E. Berkeley, L. N. Lancashire Regiment,; Captain H. K. Utterson, Dorsetshire Regiment; Captain T. C. Lucas, R.A.M.C., M.F.H.; Captain K. O. Goldie, 10th Lancers; Captain S. J. Donovan, A.S.C., attached to the S. and T. Corps and Lieut. C. Harvey Kelly, 127th Baluch Light Infantry.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:—Brigadier-General S. C. U. Smith, Captain W. H. Anderson, 33rd Cavalry; Mr. A. H. M. Wilson, Bombay Bodyguard, and the Honorary Secretary

INDIAN CHALLENGE SHIELD.

MATCH DECIDED AFTER THREE DRAWN GAMES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 19.

In the Indian Football Challenge Shield competition (1st round) the King's Own played again meeting Dalhousie F. C. this evening, the match, after three drawn games, at last being decided. Played on the Dalhousie ground, before a large crowd of spectators, the game on this occasion proved much more interesting than in the previous encounters. After about a quarter-of-an hour's play, Reynolds scored for Dalhousie. The soldiers equalised during the second half. On extra time being played, the King's Own scored their winning goal.

In the third round, the Black Watch had an easy win over the Port Commissioners by 2 goals to nil, on the Rangers' ground.

On the Customs' ground the Argyll Highlanders beat the Eastern Association after a well-contested game by 3 goals to one. The Indian team played pluckily all through against their sturdier opponents.

BELGAUM HUNT.

ACCIDENT TO MRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, July 19.

On July 14 h hounds met at the kennels at 6.30 a.m. and moved off to the valley and beyond the Point, which was drawn blank. Crossed the Markandiya by the Kangrali ford, where, by-the-bye, there was enough water to make it very wet for those mounted on ponies, and drew the coverts near Alitgi, where a jack was found almost at once, who raised our hopes by breaking away without hesitation up the valley in a northerly direction; hounds ran fast for nearly a mile, and then threw up their heads, and, though cast all round, could not own to the line again.

Continuing up the valley, the Master turned right-handed, and, after making a circle of about two miles without meeting any luck, returned to Alitgi, and drew all the cane to the South of it without any result Recrossing the river by the Alitgi ford—another wetting for most of the Field—the cane field under Flat Top Hill was drawn, and almost immediately a jack went away up the hill. At the same moment, a second jack broke away towards the Vingurla-Road, followed by four couple of hounds and about eight of the Field. This fellow was finally lost near the Plague Huts. Meanwhile the body of the pack was running hard over the hill and with only a couple of short checks where the jack had been turned by some cattle, ran down and across the valley towards Tarakmati; delayed by the paddy, the Field lost sight of hounds as soon as they got on to the high ground; but, taking it for granted that the jack would take the usual line, galloped on towards Tarakmati only to find, when half way there, that there were no hounds in front; what had happened was that hounds, as soon as they had topped the high ground, had swung left-handed, and run back to Flat Top where they eventually lost the line. Hounds were now collected and taken back to kennels.

I regret to say two of our keenest lady-followers had the bad luck to take falls. Mrs. Sheppard was fortunately unhurt; but Mrs. Scott-Elliott was not so lucky, and sustained a broken collar bone. The Field had a little unusual excitement at a check, being charged, by a female buffalo, who actually butted into the acting-fieldmaster's horse (but finding him too large a proposition, (14st. 10lbs. in his natural, I believe is inside the mark) to shift, chased other and lesser fry, who had to clear out of her way pretty quickly.

On July 17th the Meet was at the 6th Milestone Kaladgi-Road, on a very dirty day, pouring rain and a high wind making things seem unpleasant even to the keenest. Trotting along to the Balikundei Nullah all the coverts up to Menhatti and Basirhatti were drawn blank. Moving up on to the hills, a faint line was picked up which hounds slowly puzzled out down to some cane fields which they entered; almost at once four jack broke away in different directions, but the whole of the pack, getting on one of them, ran him up on to the hills; our hopes of a run were, however, soon cut short, once off the grasshounds were unable to own to the line at all, and all further trace of the jack were lost. We drew one back to Samru, but, though we touched a line once or twice, hounds could make nothing of it, scent being conspicuous by its absence. On getting back to the Kaladgi Road, the Master gave it up as a bad job.

GRIM EXECUTION SCENES.

HANGING OF THE TURKISH CONSPIRATORS.

A Constantinople message says: Owing to the rigorous censorship, it was impossible to telegraph direct anything regarding the words uttered by the condemned conspirators at the moment of their execution, especially those of Captain Kiazim Bey, who was the first to be hanged.

When facing the scaffold he shouted in a stentorian voice: "Long live justice!" and after the reading of the death sentence by Captain Riza Bey, Kiazim again shouted: "Long live justice! I have done everything wittingly knowing that the end would be the scaffold."

Some persons present at the executions report that Kiazim made a little speech in the course of which he extolled the murder of Mahmud Shefket Pasha, adding that there were a thousand more Kiazims to continue the work, and concluding by shouting: "Long live the nation! Down with the Freemasons."

Topal Tewfik, another of the condemned men, shouted in a firm voice: "Tewfik dies, but the Fatherland will produce ten thousand more Tewfiks"; while Mehmed Ali, addressing a group of onlookers, exclaimed: "Well, well, young gen lemen, you will now govern."

News of the executions was telephoned to the headquarters of the army at Chatalja and to Enver Bey, commanding the division at Kalikratia.

A feeling of relief that the sentences imposed by the court martial have been executed without disturbance is noticeable in official circles, which now appear more confident as to the future, and the infantry patrols have been ordered to return to barracks.—Reuter.

THE WHITE STAR LINE.

RETIREMENT OF ISMAY, IMRIE, AND CO.

On June 30 there was withdrawn from the business world, or to be more precise from the shipping world, the name of a firm which for the past 45 years has stood not only for progress and success, but for foresight to an extent that has made the activities of the company a subject of world-wide interest. Founded in 1868 by the late Mr. T. H. Ismay at the age of 31 for the purpose of bringing into existence the now famous White Star Line, officially known as the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company (Limited), the firm of Ismay, Imrie, and Co. closed its career with the retirement on Monday of Mr. J. Bruce Ismay, from the position of President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, the company generally known as the "Morgan Combined." There were other shareholders in the old White Star Line besides its founder, some of whom had comparatively large holdings, but it is no exaggeration to say that Messrs. Ismay, Imrie, and Co. and the White Star Line were convertible terms, and that the late Mr. Ismay and his son after him were its dictators.

INDIVIDUAL CONTROL.

The articles of association contained some unusual clauses (among them one restraining a shareholder from disposing of his holding to an outsider) designed to establish a benevolent autocracy. As an illustration of this it may be recalled that on one occasion at a general meeting during the long stretch of seeming inactivity in building new steamers between 1874 and 1889 a shareholder who ventured to hint that the line was lagging behind in developments was reminded that the alternative to accepting the existing policy was to hand in his shares—it is true, at a premium. The relevancy of such an incident arises from the fact that the present withdrawl of the firms name is also a result of its founder's policy. The late Mr. Ismay held that the successful conduct of shipping called for strong individual control and deep personal interest in all details of the business. Under other conditions he regarded it as a doubtful venture; hence the clause in his will that the money in trust must not be invested in shipping. When Mr. Bruce Ismay accepted Mr. Morgan's offer to purchase the line and also necessarily the business of Messrs. Ismay, Imrie, and Co. he made it a condition of the sale that on his retirement, the date of which was definitely fixed much earlier than is generally supposed to be the case (it has no connexion whatever with the Titanic disaster), the name should no longer be used and that it should remain his personal property.

Though the White Star Line has always been a limited company its affairs had been kept so close a secret that no figures dealing with its operations had appeared in public print until there was published in the first issue of the "Financial and Commercial Section" of the "Times" a table showing together with other details, the net profits for each year from the beginning until the sale of the concern to the late Mr. Peirpont Morgan. The story of that transaction has not yet been made public, but it can be told in very few words. Mr. Morgan approached Messrs. Ismay, Imrie, and Co., who, in accordance with their traditions, declined to divulge any figures, and thus the deal was arranged, as it were, in the dark on the basis of ten times a year's profits, a recent year of ordinary trade conditions being selected. Examination of the books disclosed the fact that the net annual profits were in round figures at the rate of 100 per cent.

Mr Ismay's policy, from which he never departed, was only to build new steamers when conditions permitted a marked advance to be made in ship construction. The pioneer vessel of the line, the first Oceanic, was, all things considered, perhaps a greater advance on preceding steamers then any other of the later White Star triumphs has been. The Britannic and the Germanic held their own as popular favourites for years after their contemporaries had disappeared. The Teutonic and Majestic are in service to-day. The Oceanic created a greater stir at the time of her appearance, and was deemed a more daring venture, than any of the more recent leviathans. To the White Star Line is owe the great cargo steamer, the still larger freight and passenger steamer, which has attained mammoth dimensions in the last few years, and the "one-class," Australian liner, of which the triplescrew Ceramic (18,000 tons) is the latest example.

ARMED MERCHANTMEN.

The late Mr. Ismay was the originator of the real armed merchantman—a vessel which in an emergency could take an active part in repelling "commerce destroyers." The Teutonic and Majestic, specially built with this end in view, had their engines placed below the waterline and could steam at cruising speed round the world without recoaling. In their day, too, they were fast ships, and could reach India via the Cape in what was then a surprisingly short space of time. The Teutonic, with her guns in position took part in the Naval Review at Spithead in 1889 and was inspected by the late King Edward, then Prince of Wales, and the German Emperor who paid great attention to everything on board. Turning to Prince Henry of Prussia the German Emperor said "We must have ships like this without delay."

The late Mr. T. H. Ismay was little known to the general public. He took no part in politics though he did much good service on various committees and commissions connected with the mercantile marine, the Army and the Navy, national defence, and life-saving appliances. After consultation with his eldest son, Mr. Bruce Ismay, he declined the offer of a baronetcy.

As regards the future of the White Star Line and its allied companies it may be assumed that there will be no break in a remarkably successful policy. Mr. Bruce Ismay, it has also been announced, retains his various directorships at the request of his associates.

THE NEW RIFLE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 20.

It is understood that the manufacture of the new rifle at Home will now be carried on as quickly as possible. The complete re-armament of the infantry will take several years to accomplish.

ENGLISH MAIL STEAMER FEES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, July 19.

The Karachi Port Trustees have declined to act upon the suggestion of the Commissioner in Sind that they should refund the Sunday fee charged to the English mail steamer, which arrived on a Sunday owing to unavoidable detention.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

LAND REFORM.

The following news which is later than the mail, appears in the Australian papers :—

London, July 6.

Speaking at Dulwich yesterday, Mr. Lloyd-George (Chancellor of the Exchequer) declared that Lord Lansdowne's proposal that the State should advance the purchase money at a low rate of interest to enable tenants to buy what the landlords chose to sell, meant paying a high price for land because there would be no compulsion to sell. The adoption of anything like the Irish land scheme throughout the United Kingdom would smash the country's credit, for it implied a loss to the taxpayers of £ 300,000,000 of solid money. England was utterly unsuited to a peasant proprietorship. There was an alternative purchaser to the peasant, and he hoped that before finally deciding the question of purchase statesmen would carefully consider the reversion of the land to the State. The first task, however, was to recast the whole conditions of the tenure of land and to put them on a better business footing.

Several suffragettes who interrupted Mr. Lloyd-George had to be ejected.

FOURTH OF JULY.

OMINOUS PROTESTS IN CANADA.

New York, July 4.

Several fatalities occurred to-day in connection with the celebration of Independence Day.

At Ogden, in Utah, four persons were killed in a collision between two electric trams, and at Philadelphia seven persons were killed in a collision between a railway express and a goods waggon. Twenty-five fires were caused at St. Louis during the celebrations. Hundreds of persons throughout the country were injured by firecrackers.

Winnipeg, July 4.

As a regiment of Winnipeg troops was returning to barracks to-day an American waiter flourished the Stars and Stripes in front of the soldiers. A soldier demanded that the waiter should desist. Some civilians interposed and a riot in which many persons were injured ensued. The police restored order.

At Mossejaw a similar incident occurred. Hundreds of persons attacked a young man who waved the Stars and Stripes in a public place. The assailants beat the young man and rolled the flag in the mud. Crowds of Americans carrying flags, then attempted a march through the streets. The police, however, stopped the procession.

San Francisco, July 4.

During the Fourth of July celebrations at Los Angeles yesterday the Consul-General for Paraguay flew the flag of his Republic over his residence. Several Americans objected to this action and, notwithstanding that the Consul explained that his desire was to honour the United States, they climbed to the roof of the house and removed the flag.

SCOTT-SACKVILLE CASE.

London, July 5.

The Probate Court yesterday continued the hearing of the case in which Malcolm Scott is contesting the will under which his brother, Sir John Murray Scott, left to Lady Sackville estate valued at £1,000,000.

Lady Sackville admitted that she considered Mr. H. G. Herkomer's picture of Sir John Scott as indifferent.

Lord Sackville stated that he had approved of his wife's friendship for Sir John. He had had several financial transactions, including a mortgage of £36,000 on Knole House, with Sir John but he had never asked Sir John for a penny. Financial help had been given spontaneously. He denied having influenced Sir John in any way.

Miss Sackville-West (daughter of Lord and Lady Sackville) denied Major Arbuthnot's statement that he had seen her and her mother in the library of Sir John's house, Sir John had acted like a grandfather towards her, and he had told her she would be very rich when he died.

THE IMPERIAL BOND.

London, July 5.

His Majesty the King arrived at Bristol yesterday to attend the local show. Replying to a welcome accorded him by the Bristol Corporation, His Majesty said he had learned with interest of the introduction into the show for the first time of a section illustrating the progress of agriculture in the overseas dominions. This would do not a little to strengthen the bonds of mutual help and affection between the various parts of the Empire.

In the Commonwealth pavilion, which is the largest in the show Sir George Reid received the King.

A suffragette was arrested for throwing a petition at the King's carriage as His Majesty drove through the city.

LABOUR TROUBLES.

London, July 6.

The stike in the Black Country is waning, as many of the employers are conceding the strikers' demands.

London, July 6.

The South Wales Miners' Federation has tendered notices under the Minimum Wages Act to secure a revision of the rates of wages and working rules in the mines.

St. Petersburg, July 6.

At Lodz, in Poland, 30,000 cotton operatives have struck for an increase of wages.

RUSSIAN HOLOCAUST.

St. Petersburg, July 5.

In the village of Ascadamoyka, in the Alatyr district, in the south-east of Russia, yesterday, three hotels and drinking hops were destroyed by fire. In the ruins of the buildings 154 corpses were subsequently found.

AN AIRMAN'S ERROR.

London, July 5.

On June 14 last Mr. Gordon Bell while flying an aeroplane at Brooklands met with an accident that resulted in serious injuries to himself and fatal injuries to Lieut. Kennedy, who accompanied him as a passenger. The Aero Club has inquired into the accident, and it has decided that Bell was guilty of a grave error of judgment in flying so low as to permit of one of the wings of the machine touching the ground on rounding a curve.

TELEPHONE SERVICE.

London, July 5.

The Postmaster-General (Mr. Herbert Samuel) yesterday informed a deputation from the London Chamber of Commerce that he intended to ask Parliament for authority to borrow £10,000,000 from the National Debt Commissioners to develop the telephone service.

BOXING.

San Francisco, July 4.

A boxing contest between Ritchie and Rivers aroused tremendous excitement. It was witnessed by a big crowd. Rivers led at the start and had Ritchie groggy in the fourth round. Even fighting followed till the eighth round, when Ritchie split Rivers' mouth. Ritchie led for the remainder of the contest, and knocked his opponent out in the 11th round.

Los Angeles, July 4.

Leach Cross knocked out "Bud" Anderson in the twelfth round with a right swing to the jaw.

Reno, July 4.

A fight between Willard and Al Willams was stopped in the eighth round. Willard gained the decision, his opponent suffering heavily.

CRICKET.

Philadelphia, July 6.

The Australian cricketers played a mixed eleven of Canadians and Americans. The visitors scored 223 runs in the first innings to the home team's 90. The second innings of the Australians realised 285 runs for the loss of six wickets. A thunderstorm put an end to play.

SWIMMING.

San Francisco, July 5.

Duke Kahanmoku, of Hawaii, won a 100 yards swimming race in 54 3-5 sec. He also won a 75 yards even, his time being 39 4-5sec. Both times are world's records.

GOLF IN FRANCE.

Paris, July 6.

Lord Charles Hope won the French amateur golf-championship, beating Lassen at the 37th hole after a tie.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

HOW TO KEEP WICKET.

A "Manchester Guardian" correspondent is reminded of a good wicket-keeping tip he (the writer) once received (but did not act upon) from a very famous professional stumper of long ago.

I was keeping wicket in a charity match (he says) and the famous man was present while I was putting on my gloves in the dressing-room. All the other players had gone on to the field. "Let me see your gloves," said X., as we will call him. I held them out. "Oh, they're no good," he said laughing; "look at these." With that he took out of his bag a pair of black-fronted gloves, put them on, and picked up a cricket ball. Then he held high his left hand opened flat, with the palm facing downwards, and with his right hand he threw the ball up against the palm of the left. The left hand remained flat, it did not grasp the ball at all. Yet the ball stuck to it. "Those are the gloves with which I made the record number of catches in a first-class match," said X. gleefully. I examined them. They were covered with sticky stuff.

KINDNESS IN DISGUISE.

Employee: "Mr. Hirem, my wife wants me to go shopping with her. Can I get off this afternoon?"

Employer: "Positively, no! We're too busy, and can't spare you."

Employee: "Thank you; you are very kind, sir."—"The Bystander."

RICOCHETTING GOOSEBERRY.

I was walking down Market-street, on the kerb, writes "O.D." in the "Manchester Guardian," when a boy at the other side of the footpath, who was eating gooseberries from his pocket, found one that was too hard for food and flung it towards the roadway with a quick jerk of the arm.

It struck accurately upon the toe of my boot just as I lifted that foot briskly, and, bouncing into the air, very nearly hit a lady in the eye. She gave me a glance of angry astonishment, evidently doubtful of the sanity of a staid-looking man like me who would go playing such silly games along a city thoroughfare.

If the precious thing had actually struck the lady's eye presumably I should have been cast in damages or fined for assault or something.

Naturally no common-sense magistrate or judge or jury would have credited my absurd story about that boy, its only merit being exact and literal truth.

BUNTY SPENDS £5.

A column article describes in detail how Miss Kate Moffat, Bunty of the piece at the Play-house, spent £5 8s. 6d. at the bargain sales, to which, it appears (says the "Glasgow News") , she went accompanied by a reporter from Fleet-street.

He writes that, though fortune has come magically to the lady from the world-wide success of the play, there were times in the old days when she had to buy three dresses for the price of one. "So you see," she remarked to the reporter, "I've had plenty of practice, and I've played Bunty so often that I know all about the management of money."

We are further informed that it was the first time she had been at a great sale, also that until a few years ago her knowledge of shops was bounded by the stores at Wormit, where her mother lives. Miss Moffat was shown an accordion-pleated dress of crepe de chine, with a pink rose at the waist, and a large V-shaped collar.

The dress was a little short. "It widna fit," said Miss Moffat. "You could easily put a deep hem on it," said the shop assistant. "Will you put a hem on it for the same money?" asked Miss Moffat.

"Will ye tak' the clock back if it disna go?" she asked over the purchase of a shilling timepiece, and so on.

It is to be trusted the reporter, the advertised firms, and Miss Moffat are satisfied.

HARRY LAUDER IN THE PULPIT.

Apropos of Mr. Harry Lauder's recent appearance in a Bristol chapel, the "Glasgow News" writes :—

"Twelve hundred people went on Sunday to this Bristol church for their soul's good, and as many were turned away. The place was packed half an hour before Harry's number went up. There were no pass-out checks. The free-list was suspended. To most of the audience it was interesting to note that little change had taken place in the interior arrangement of churches since they were there last. The pulpit was exactly where it used to be the offertory bags came round, as in the dear old days, while the organist played loudly to drown the sordid clink of the threepenny-bits.

"But, instead of a stiff old party in the pulpit, there was Harry—the one and only Harry, telling them to be gay and sunny all the time, same as he was, and at the box office, we presume, the reverend George Adam (Scotsman, cleric—of the same race and calling as Knox, Chalmers, Guthrie, Bonar, and Caird), in an evening dress suit and a gibus hat, dictating frantic telegrams for dates to Little Tich, Happy Fanny Fields, and Mrs. Thaw."

THE RAND STRIKE.

PEACE SUCCEEDS A NIGHT OF HORROR.

The following description of scenes at the Rand was telegraphed to Australia. A message dated Johannesburg, July 6 stated :—After a series of exciting and sanguinary conflicts, in which many persons were killed, the strike on the Rand seems to be in a fair way of settlement.

At the outset the Government was censured in some quarters for appearent initial mistakes, but it is now generally admitted that never for an instant was it inactive, and that it was fully aware of the tremendous issues involved.

Yesterday evening the Prince Minister (Mr. Louis Botha) and the Minister for Finance and Defence (Mr. J. C. Smuts) conferred with Sir Lionel Phillips, Sir George Farrar, and Mr. Chaplin on the one side, and the strike leaders on the other, and as a result it was decided to terminate the crisis immediatley on the following basis :—

(1) The strike to be declared off.
(2) The strikers to return to their homes,
(3) All disturbances to cease.
(4) The new Kleinfontein strikers to be reinstated.
(5) The Government to suitably compensate the strikebreakers, who must in nowise be victimised.
(6) Strikers in other mines to resume work.
(7) The representatives of the workers to be entitled to submit any grievances to the Government, which will inquire into the grievances.

The same correspondent in a later message wrote :—

The settlement came none too soon, for although the night of horrors was succeeded by a strangely quiet morning, sinister forebodings were renewed, and the trouble led to the proclamation at noon yesterday of the strictest martial law on the Witwatersrand area. Several firms enrolled special constables, and many members of the old Imperial Light Horse enrolled with hundreds of others in a special citizen police force. Fifty Rhodesians at Salisbury offered to enlist to assist the authorities on the Rand. Special constables, when sworn in were armed with rifles and fifty cartridges.

A great mob early yesterday afternoon, outside the Rand Club refused to disperse and was subjected to a dragoon charge. Another mob quickly formed and stoned the club. The troops fired and numbers fell, while the remainder fled. The casualties exceed a hundred. The troops were for two hours raking the principal streets with fire. All the ambulances are busy. Sixty persons were killed or wounded within a comparatively small time in a small area.

A SAVAGE ONSLAUGHT.

While the police and troops were dispersing the demonstrators in Market-square on Friday a big mob seized the Park railway station and the Braamfontein goods station and engine yards. The stationmaster appealed to the ringleaders to allow the trains to leave with women and children hastening from the danger zone. The ringleaders promised to do so but the promised was not fulfilled. An attempt to dispatch the Southern mails was the signal for a savage onslaught, and a mob, using stones, over, powered the police defending the station. Troops arrived and charged the throng three times. The mob replied with revolver shots, and set the station ablaze from end to end. Another party of incendiaries marched to the "Star" office which was soon a mass of flames. Troops galloped to the scene, but the crowd was strong enough to resist them until the building was doomed.

Inspector Vachell, guarding Corner House, summoned the rioters, pouring in against it from Market-square, to surrender, but they jeered at the summons. Inspector Vachell then ordered the police to fire a volley over the heads of the rioters. The latter hurled bottles and stones at the police. A second volley was fired into the crowd and several persons fell with the result that the rush was checked. A hundred Dragoons then charged and scattered the rioters pell-mell.

Riots also occurred in Commissioner-street near the Standard and the National Banks. These places were strongly guarded, as was the "Leader" newspaper buildings. For the next three hours severe rioting occurred in this quarter.

Towards midnight the mob looted a gunsmiths shop and the firing became general. The troops repeatedly charged the crowd, but the latter being scattered reformed and attempted to destroy the electric light, which was helpful to the troops. For an hour after midnight there was incessant firing in the riot areas and repeated cavalry charges volleys, and fusillades. The crashing of glass and the jeers of execration in the semi-darkness created such an impression that exaggerated estimates of the casualties were circulated. The troops in most cases fired over the heads of the rioters.

A mob wrecked the offices of the Village Main mine and beat three policemen guarding the place into unconsciousness.

At Park railway station the rioters removed the drivers from the locomotives, drew the fires, and wrecked the carriage windows. The rioters included many half-castes and ruffians.

The Royal Scots Fusiliers, with fixed bayonets, prevented a mob from entering the Kleinfontein mine.

THIEF IN A LOVING GRIP.

An amusing story of his dealings with a pickpocket was told by Mr. James Millard, an elderly but powerfully-built builder and surveyor, of Wyatt Park, Stretham, at the London Sessions. He was giving evidence against Harry Marney, twenty-four, painter, who also found guilty of stealing a watch and pendant from an elderly Scripture reader, was convicted on both counts, and sentenced to three years' penal servitude.

Mr. Millard described how, going through Lincoln's Inn in the early evening of June 6, he felt a jerk at his watch and chain.

"The prisoner," said the prosecutor, ran away like a rat, (Laughter.) I forgot I was an old man, and chased him.

"I said to the thief, 'You will have to come with me until I get a policeman.' and I put one arm on him rather lovingly, and with the other hand I tickled his fingers. (Laughter).

That was a gentle way," explained the witness, "for holding his hand, but if he had struggled I could have broken his wrist. He seemed to understand the grip, and walked along with me as if he was my sweetheart." (Loud laughter.)

A detective stated that the prisoner was a member of a gang of young thieves who robbed elderly people. In the prosecutor, however, he had found more than a match. (Laughter.)

After a strike extending over fifteen weeks the Southampton engineers have returned to work at an increase of 1s. 6d. per week.

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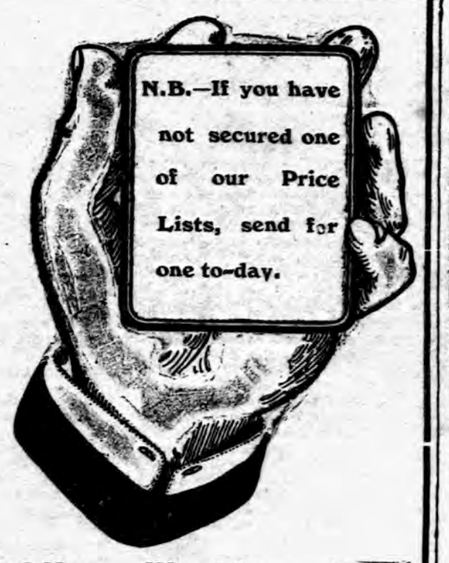

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Promptly Remedied.

Miss Sybil Keymer, "Riversmere," Albany Rd., Leighton Buzzard, Eng., writes: "I think I should inform you that I have recently derived very great benefit from the use of Phosferine. In the course of my profession I have to travel a good deal in getting to my various concerts, and I find that since using Phosferine I am never troubled with the headaches and listlessness which follow a long railway journey, particularly during hot weather. This is of very great importance to me, as frequently only a very little time elapses between reaching my destination and the commencement of a concert, and it is such a relief to feel fresh and ready for playing in public undisturbed by the fatigues of long travelling. It is because I feel that Phosferine enables me to do myself justice as a violinist, preventing any of the unsteadiness of the muscle nerves, which is so harmful to tone and quality, that I confidently commend the tonic at every opportunity."—July 11, 1912.

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ROMANTIC BREACH OF PROMISE.

£ 50,000 SETTLEMENT.

Crowds clamoured for admission on July 2 to the King's Bench Court, in which Mr. Justice Bucknill was sitting with a special jury, in the hope of hearing the action brought by Mrs Daisy Annie Moss, the actress, professionally known as Daisy Markham, to recover from the Marquis of Northampton damages for breach of promise of marriage.

Shortly before half-past ten o'clock the Marquis of Northampton took a seat at the solicitors' table, and the plaintiff a slight, girlish figure dressed in black with a laced-edged corsage and black hat trimmed with chiffon, followed him a few minutes later.

Counsel engaged in the case were: For the plaintiff—Sir Edward Carson, K.C., Mr. Hemmerde, K.C., Mr. McCardy, and Mr. L W. J. Costello For the defendant—Mr. Duke, K.C., Mr. F E. Smith, K.C., and Mr. Raymond Asquith

After consultation between Sir Edward Carson and Mr. Duke. Sir E Carson said: In this case I am glad to be able to inform your lordship that I shall not have to open the case for the plaintiff. It was an action brought by this lady, Mrs. Moss, whose stage name is Miss Markham, for breach of promise of marriage against Earl Compton, as he was at the time the engagement was made, and Marquis of Northampton as he now is. The parties met last year, and there was a promise which I understand is not denied. The defendant at a subsequent stage of the proceedings—I think at the desire of his father—broke off the engagement. It is not necessary that I should weary your lordship or anybody else, nor would it do any good should I go into any other part of the case. He broke off the engagement, though he was fond of the lady, and in every way respected her, as is made apparent by the letter he wrote breaking off the engagement.

My friend, Mr. Duke, who appears for the Marquis, has consented, so that there may be no misconception about the case, that I should read the letter:

Castle Ashby, Northampton.

My dearest Daisy—I must just write you a line as I am so wretchedly miserable. I want to assure you that I am trying to do the right thing, and though you will perhaps find it difficult now, I am going to ask you to believe that I always have, and do at the present moment, love and respect you more than anyone in this world, and that you are absolutely my ideal and perfect womanhood.

But, Daisy, the ways of the world are hard, and I want you to believe that what I am now doing I am doing from a sense of duty, genuinely believing it to be the best for both of us. Darling, I have known it all along. I have tried to smother my reason, to stifle my thoughts for your sake. But when my father talked to me on Friday he only faced me with the same thoughts that I told you of when I first loved you, and which I have ever since been trying to suppress. Daisy, you do not know how these so-called "ladies" would treat you, and I really could not bear to see you suffering, and with your sweet, sensitive nature it would be torture to you.

Oh! if only I could escape from my position. Daisy I want to beg your forgiveness for the way in which I have done it. I was so distracted between my feelings for you and my convictions of what was really best, that I am afraid I wavered in a way that was most unfair to you. I must also apologise for that hurried scrawl I sent you this morning—it seems ages ago—I am quite mad, Daisy. I feel I have nothing left to live for. Writing that note was killing the last hope of my heart of conquering my reason. I did it in a hurry for fear of changing my mind and although I can't remember what I said. I believe, after sending it, that I had said something of extremely bad taste and brutally cruel to you. Daisy, I did not mean it, old girl.

Well, darling, I really have nothing more to say. You will always be my Ideal, and you will always be my Beautiful Dream.

Darling, write me one line later on when you feel inclined, to tell me you have some respect for me left.

God bless you, darling, and give you all the pluck you will need! I can't write any more—Your broken-hearted, BIM.

THE WISEST COURSE.

Sir Edward continued: The action was subsequently brought. I myself have strongly advised this lady that, if possible, the case should not be fought out to the bitter end. I believe in the interests of all parties that is the wisest course. I have talked to my learned friend and the Marquis of Northampton has consented to make provision for this lady, as she would have been entitled to the position of marchioness if he had married her. Of course it has been a considerable disappointment and grief, this great break in her life. He has consented to settle upon her the the sum of £50,000, and give her an indemnity for all costs. I am glad the case has come to this termination, and I hope it will lead to the happiness of both, and I certainly desire to say nothing against the Marquis.

Mr. Duke: My learned friend was quite right in saying that that there was no question as to the promise of marriage. The only question was what compensation my client should make to the plaintiff in respect of his breach of that promise. My friend has read the letter in which the mutual relationship between plaintiff and defendant was broken off, and it was impossible to hear it read without recognising that there had been, and was, a very sincere attachment between these people. At the time of this relationship Lord Compton was heir-apparent to the Marquisate of Northampton, and he expected no prospect of an early succession. He felt himself bound to submit his proposed marriage to his father, the late Marquis, a man of whose character and judgment I suppose nobody who knew him had much doubt. He did all in his power to obtain his father's consent, but his father took the view referred to in the letter, and regarded it as an impossible marriage, not for reasons which would raise any question in this case, but for reasons which would appeal to many people.

He laid on his son the most absolute prohibition of this marriage, and ultimately took from him, as it happened within a very short time of his untimely and lamented death, the most solemn engagement that he would not pursue this desire to marry the plaintiff. Under these circumstances, the only question here was, having regard to the position in which the parties had stood, what compensation in a money sense the defendant ought to make to the plaintiff. His lordship had no hesitation in agreeing that the sum which my learned friend has mentioned was, so far as money was concerned, a reasonable provision to be made. I hope, as far as money can mitigate the disappointment of the plaintiff, it is not an ungenerous provision. It is made on the understanding that the defendant desires it to be understood that he had a sincere desire to marry the plaintiff, and he wrote the letter which my learned friend has read in absolute frankness and sincerity. Under those circumstances we have entered into the arrangement which my learned friend has mentioned to your lordship, and I am quite sure we have done what is best in the interests of both these parties.

JUDGE'S APPROVAL.

Mr. Justice Bucknill: I have nothing to say beyond this, that having heard Sir Edward Carson read that letter, one can have no doubt of the truth of what he and Mr. Duke both said as to the Marquis's warm, deep, and sincere affection for the plaintiff. With regard to money that is not a matter for me to express any opinion about except that, as it is accepted by the plaintiff and given in a generous spirit, a spirit which dictated to the defendant that provision should be made for her, the settlement has—if it has any value to anybody for me to say it—my fullest approval.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE NEW YOKE-EPAULETTES.

One of the many peculiar things about this peculiar season is the strange way in which we are mixing our materials, writes a London correspondent. At one time—only a few short seasons ago—it would have been considered a positive anachronism to put light and heavy materials together in the same frock, but now the more odd the mixtures the more delightful the design is said to be. Crepe de chine and velvet, linen and satin, and tulle, eponge and satin and tulle and velvet are some of the most favoured mixtures. When these are well mixed, the result is charming, but it is very much easier to make them look as if each were resenting the intrusion of the other. Tulle in particular is one of the most difficult materials to handle well; it can look the essence of all that is chic, but it can also look the essence of all that is dowdy. A morning spent in any of the fashionable shopping centres will prove that point, for there one will see quite a wonderful collection of tulle hats—home-made, shop-made, and artist-made. They are all perfectly distinct, though, of course, many of the artist-made hats are shop-made at the same time.

A BOW-TRIMMED TULLE FROCK.

When it comes to using tulle either as a complete frock or as trimming, it is an even more difficult matter to handle artistically. But when it is done well it is unparalleled for the making of a really beautiful summer frock. A simple little French frock, all covered with small flat bows, was charmingly carried out in tulle the colour of very old ivory. The two-tier skirt was accordion-pleated, and from the top of the bust-line to the edge of the top skirt came two rows of small endless bows in old ivory satin: a similar set of bows came down the back. Plain tulle was used for the corsage, but the front and the elbow sleeves were decorated with delicate floss-silk embroidery. The only touch of real colour on the frock was given by a folded sash of deep old gold chiffon velvet, which finished with one long sash end at the back.

THE NEW BROAD WAISTBELT.

The very broad corselet belt is mounting higher and higher above the waist; it can go very little farther, for the latest belt reaches almost up to the armpits. This I saw on a picturesque afternoon frock of tulle, crepe-de-chine, and velvet. The long, plain skirt, narrowing towards the ankles, and cut up in a deep wedge-shaped opening in front, was entirely of black crepe-de-chine. The Magyar corsage, of which little could be seen beyond the sleeves, was of black tulle, with a tiny edging of real lace outlining the V-shaped decolletage. The high-swathed belt of night-blue velvet was the distinctive feature of the dress. It started at the normal waist-line, and rose almost up to the armpits at the sides, and slightly higher at the centre of the front and back. A big posy of satin and gauze flowers (in pinks violet, and silver, was placed in the front of the dress at the top of the belt.

A KINDLY WARNING.

These belts, though quite charming on waists that are thin through (that is from front to back), look most amazingly clumsy on any waist that is really properly developed. Viewed from the actual front it is not so bad, but look at it sideways and the size of the waist will apparently have more than doubled itself. Fashions, it must be remembered, are generally created for particular figures, and, therefore, they cannot all be adopted or adapted by plump and slim alike. Unfortunately, it seems that the plump people invariably long for styles that suit the slim only, and long for them so much that they insist on wearing them, regardless of the disastrous effect they have on their appearances. But I have been digressing, and consequently nearly forgot to describe the tulle-trimmed hat that completed the black crepe-de-chine and tulle frock. The hat was of black crinoline, large and shady of brim; it was very simply trimmed round the crown with a deep, full ruching of black tulle and a narrow band of embroidered satin. From the back came a long black velvet string, which fell over the shoulder in front, and was then caught up and fastened under the pretty posy of flowers in the corsage.

The Inspector of Public Schools for Fort William, Ontario, Mr. Wm. J. Hamilton, B. A., has just become a member of the Duty and Discipline Movement, which already numbers in its roll-call many eminent Colonial educationists, such as the Chief Director of Education for Burma, the Organising Secretary for the Moral Education Committee, U. S. A., the Chief Inspector of Schools for New Brunswick, the Director of Education for British Columbia, the President of the South African Teachers' Association, the Railway Education Officer for Cape Colony, the Chief Lady Inspector of Schools for Madras, Colonel Loveday, Member of the Board of Education, Wellington, New Zealand, etc.

On the body of a man found in a beck, near Halifax, in mail week was £7 15s. and a note stating that the writer was ruined.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes "as bright a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

SCIENCE NOTES.

WIRELESS STATION IN THE ARCTIC.

The expedition which has just left New York to explore the Arctic continent known as Crocker Land, carries with it a powerful wireless telegraph equipment. The generators will be operated by kerosene engines and a Telefunken wireless system will be employed, having a range of 2,000 miles. The wireless apparatus will be installed on the north side of Flagler Bay. This will enable the expedition to keep in touch with civilization and it will also permit of experiments with directed Hertzian waves under the ideal climatic conditions of the Arctic. At Flagler Bay, there will also be established a seismographic station.

A NATURAL BRIDGE.

A Remarkable Natural Bridge in the Philippines recently discovered by Mr Paul R. Fanning is described in the "Philippine Journal of Science". Although only about thirty miles south of Manila it is believed never to have been visited before by white men and it is the first large natural bridge reported in the Philippines. It is on the Lucsuhim stram, a couple of miles west of Silang. The stream runs through a canon, and the space beneath the bridge forms a tunnel about 35 feet broad and some 250 feet long. The floor of the bridge now about 130 feet above the stream bears evidence of having once been the bed of the latter.

MINUTE X-RAY PICTURES.

M. Pierre Goby appears to be the first to obtain photographs of very minute specimens by the use of X-rays, such as diatoms and the like which have about the size of a grain of sand. This he does by placing the specimens directly upon a photographic plate and allowing a perfectly vertical beam of the rays to fall from a bulb above, through a special tube so as to properly direct the rays on to the object. In this way he secures a very minute photograp of the interior structure of the specimens, and this can be enlarged many times so as to obtain a large view in which the structure is clearly visible.

ELECTRIC SEARCHLIGHTS.

The New Electric Searchlight Projectors, made by the Allgemeine establishment of Berlin, are among the most powerful yet to be produced, and their candlepower, which is too high for measurement, can only be reckoned in hundreds of millions. What is striking is the new method of regulating the arc. The large carbons are now moved back and forth by small electric motors and suitable gears, current being applied to the motors by a set of relays which work according to the current taken by the arc, thus securing an automatic adjustment of the arc length in the best way. The base of the projector contains other motors for all the searchlight movements, and a distant lever control is so designed that turning the lever in all directions makes the projector also follow these same directions for pointing the beam.

CARNATION FOOD.

The mere chemical analysis of a fertilizer does not always afford the proper measure of its benefit to the plant. Nitrogenous manures of various sorts may furnish the same amount of nitrogen and yet produce widely different results with flowers. This has been clearly shown in one of the largest greenhouses in the United States where fish ghano was tried as a carnation fertilizer with astounding results. In rapidity of growth, strength of stem and beauty of bloom the plants so treated outclassed those fertilized by other manures. Fish scrap is worked up into fertilizer in large quantities along the Middle Atlantic coast and to some extent along the Great Lakes. The cost is not unreasonable. In all probability there is some active plant stimulant in the fish that accounts for the results. Methyl amine is found in fish and this may be the active element.

A COOLING MEASURE.

The Cooling Power of the Atmosphere depends upon other things than its temperature and the temperature of the body cooled. Thus, the wind is an important factor; as is the radiating power of the body in question. Dr. J. R. Milne, of Edinburgh, has described to the Scottish Meteorological Society, an instrument for measuring the rate of cooling from a standard surface maintained at a fixed temperature of 98·4 deg. Fahr. This is "blood heat," and appears to have been chosen in order that the readings of the instrument may be a measure of analogous effects upon the human body. The device consists of a cylinder of thin copper, insulated except for its hemispherical top with plaster of Paris. It is filled with paraffin oil, and the amount of electrical energy necessary to keep the oil at blood heat is continuously recorded. Hence may be deduced the loss of heat calories per square centimeter per second. Dr. Milne calls his device the "psuchrainometer." (Why not "psychrainometer"?) It is quite similar in principle to Frankenhauser's "homoeothern" as well as to the cruder "depreditometer" of A Piche and several earlier instruments.

TESTING FREQUENCY.

The Vibrating Reed Method of showing the frequency of alternating currents is meeting with much favour at present on account of its simplicity and accurate working. As will be remembered, it consists of a set of say ten small tongues of spring steel mounted in line before a long magnet carrying the current, each being tuned for a different pitch between 45 and 55 per second. Only one tongue can vibrate for any given pitch of the current, and the free and slightly upturned end of the reed expands out in an apparent broad line so as to be clearly seen when it vibrates. All the reed ends are on a dial in a line numbered in series so that when the current is at the standard rate of 50, for instance, this numbered reeds is seen to vibrate. By using the reeds to make battery contacts, we can signal any over or under frequencies to a distant point. Another use is to mount the new Hiltebrand dial or recorder device over an office desk, connected by wire to the dynamos, so that the chief engineer sees just how the machines are running.

AIR TESTING IN SUBMARINES.

In order to determine the amount of carbonic-acid gas in the air of submarines, a device has been developed in Germany known as the "aeronome." It consists of a cylinder of nutwood about 4 inches in diameter and 4 inches high. It carries a scale for the liquid in a U-shaped glass tube which indicates the carbonic-acid content of the air. The cylinder is closed by an air-tight lid. Through the lid passes a thin tube with locking wheel which transmits to the outside air the air tension produced on closing the cylinder. The nickel-plated inside wall and bottom of the cylinder are lined with moist-filter paper. The air within the cylinder which is to be tested communicates with one branch of the U-tube while the other is open to the outside air. In the lid of the cylinder is placed a cartridge for absorbing carbonic acid. This cartridge remains closed while the apparatus is opened to admit the atmosphere that is to be tested, then by screwing down the locking wheel above referred to, the cartridge is made to fall from the lid to the bottom of the chamber, and as it absorbs the carbonic-acid gas, the volume of air in the chambers is reduced by an amount which is indicated in the U-tube. A single cartridge may be used for ten ordinary air tests.

AIR RESISTANCE IN SIMPLON TUNNEL.

The question of air resistance in the Simplon Tunnel is discussed by a leading Swiss engineer, B. Kilchenmann. The energy required to run trains in the tunnel upon the electric line is 35 watt-hours per ton-kilometer, including the weight of the locomotive, and this high figure is due to air resistance within the tunnel. The tunnel is 14.7 feet wide at the rail level and 18 feet high from ties to roof, the area of section being 250 square feet. The two large electric motor-driven blast fans at the Brigue end send in 3,530 cubic feet of air per second, and there are two corresponding exhaust fans at Iselle. A train allowed to run down the road by gravity on the 7 per 1,000 maximum gradient between the tunnel end cannot exceed a speed of 60 kilometers (37 miles) an hour, even when going in the same direction as the air current, for the action here resembles that of a dash-pot. He compares the results obtained within the tunnel with those of the train when run in the open air, and finds that at a speed of 25 kilometers (15·5 miles) an hour a train running in the tunnel with the air draught encounters less resistance than in the open air, being propelled by the air current. At speeds over this amount, the resistance in the tunnel is greater than in free air. Such resistance due to air will certainly be lessened when the second and parallel tunnel comes to be built, for the pressure will then be balanced between the two ends of the train, as the tunnels will be 55 feet apart on axes and have numerous cross galleries.

METEOROLOGY.

The International Meteorological Committee met in Rome recently, and was attended by the directors of official meteorology in France, Portugal, Holland, Sweden, Switzerland, Italy, Denmark, Russia, Canada, Prussia, and Great Britain. The questions disposed of included some that have aroused much controversy throughout the meteorological world during the last two or three years. At the request of the International Institute of Agriculture the subject of agricultural meteorology was fully canvassed, and a special commission was appointed to undertake further investigation in this line Dr. Hergesell, president of the International Commission of Scientific Aeronautics, gave an intersting account of the work recently done in aerology. It is proposed to arrange for a large number of upper-air soundings at far northerly points in 1915 for comparison with those which are to be made by Amundsen during his drift across the north polar basin. In this connection the Russian government will probably carry out upper-air observations at Yakutsk and Verkhoyansk, in Siberia, and perhaps send aerological expeditions to Nova Zembla and the mouth of the Lena. The German scientific station in Spitsbergen will probably be kept open long enough to co-operate in this undertaking, and it is likely that Stefansson's Arctic expedition will contribute its part. The much-mooted question of using dynamic units of pressure in meteorology was settled provisionally by the decision to publish the results of aerological observations in both millibars and millimeters. International agreement was finally reached on the question of uniform storm signals; those recommended at the two conferences held in London were adopted, with the exception of the night hurricane signal. The next international meteorological meeting will be a "conference," to be held in 1915, probably in Holland.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 19th July, 1913.

165. Regimental Meeting.—There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at Head-Quarters on Monday 21st instant at 9-30 p.m.

(1) Business:—Rule of B. V. A. Bombay Defence Scheme.

(2) Regimental Institute.

All members of the Corps are invited to attend.

(Sd.) A. D. CURTIS. Lieut, R. G. A.,
Offg. Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E., V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 2nd July, 1913.

525. Arms—The Corps having been rearmed with the Short L E Rifle, All L Metford Rifles and equipment in possession of members to be returned to Head-Quarters at once.

526. Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class will parade every Mondays and Fridays at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

Dress.—Mufti.

527. Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range at Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, will be open for practice every Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

528. Parade.—"G" Company will parade today Monday the 21st instant, and "G" Company Recruits on Wednesday the 23rd instant, at 7-30 a.m. at the Bombay Gymkhana.

Dress.—Mufti.

Arms and Accoutrement will be issued on the parade ground.

529. Machine Gun.—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A. R. S. Payne, at Head-Quarters on Tuesday the 22nd instant at 6-45 p.m.

530. Lecture.—The Adjutant will give a lecture on Wednesday the 23rd instant at Head-Quarters at 7 p.m.

Subject.—Description of New Short Rifles. Outposts.

531. Men who are desirous of joining "F" Company are requested to be at Head-Quarters, Council Road at 6-15 p.m. on Wednesday the 23rd instant.

532. Machine Gun.—The Machine Gun Section of "F" Company will parade on Wednesday the 23rd instant at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

533. The Range is reserved for Spoon Shooting on the following dates. Distances will be notified from time to time in orders.

Tuesday 22nd July. Distances 300 yards deliberate; 300 yards Rapid at Wantage Target; 600 yards deliberate.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5.40 a.m.

July 22nd Tuesday, July 27th Sunday and July 29th Tuesday.

August 5th Tuesday, August 10th Sunday August 16th Saturday (holiday), August 24th Sunday and August 31st Sunday.

September 3rd, Wednesday (holiday).

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Capt.,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

Sir Starr Jameson has been elected to the presidency of the British South Africa Company.

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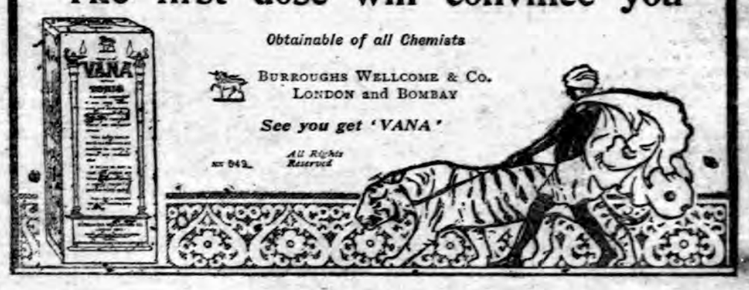

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SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

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DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

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DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

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